

SENATE ORDERS
POWER-TOBACCO
TRUST INQUIRY

Dual Resolution Provides
Investigation by Federal
Trade Commission

ANTI-PUBLIC CONTROL
PROPAGANDA ALLEGED

General Electric Company and
American Tobacco Company
Named in Resolutions

WASHINGTON, Feb. 10.—The Senate has charged the Federal Trade Commission with another investigation task in the adoption of a double-barreled resolution directing that it inquire into alleged monopolistic practices in the power and tobacco industries. Inquiry also is to be made of a national propaganda to discourage public ownership of utilities is ordered in the same resolution.

The resolution is a combination of the resolution of George W. Norris (R., Sen. from Nebraska), for an investigation of the "extent to which the General Electric Company" or subsidiaries monopolize production and distribution of electric power, and the tobacco investigation proposal of Richard P. Ernst (R., Sen. from Kentucky).

The Norris resolution, by a vote of 55 to 25, was attached as a rider to that of the Kentucky Senator providing for an inquiry into an alleged agreement between the Imperial Tobacco Company of Great Britain and the American Tobacco Company dividing between them the buying market in certain states and boycotting and controlling marketing organizations. The combined resolutions were then adopted without a record vote, the Norris proposal having previously been amended, on the author's motion, to provide for the inquiry into propaganda against public ownership of utilities.

Norris Measures a "Rider" Brought forward as a rider by its author because, he said, of repeated failures to obtain consideration for it in the routine manner, the Norris resolution was opposed by three Democrats and 22 Republicans. The Senate voted down an amendment by Pat Harrison (D., Sen. from Mississippi), to extend the power of inquiry to the entire industry, and another by James E. Watson (R., Sen. from Indiana), to eliminate individual stockholders and security owners from the scope of that inquiry.

The Norris resolution recited that during the past few years it has been alleged that "a corporation known as the General Electric Company, either directly or through subsidiary companies, has acquired a monopoly and exercised control in restraint of trade, in violation of law." It not only directed the Federal Trade Commission to investigate and report upon such charges, but requested the President, as a means of assisting in this inquiry, to have all pertinent Treasury records thrown open to the commission.

The resolution of Mr. Ernst asserted that "it has been stated openly" that an agreement existed between the American Tobacco Company and its principal foreign competitors whereby each engaged to respect the other's buying market, with the result that the Imperial Tobacco Company has "a practical monopoly of certain types of tobacco grown in Virginia, North Carolina, and South Carolina, and a special interest in certain types grown in Kentucky" while the American Tobacco Company holds "a special interest in other types grown in those states."

Further Delay Opposed Debate on the power investigation was precipitated as soon as the Senate convened by Mr. Norris, who asserted that delay in consideration of his resolution had led him to the conclusion that senators either had a tender spot "in their hearts" for the electric trust or very definitely a distinction between senators who wished to investigate that industry and those who were interested in other industries.

Mr. Watson, who on more than one occasion had objected to consideration of the Norris resolution, denied that his action had been a move to delay adoption. There was a widely held opinion that the resolution was broad in its scope, he said, and recalled that he had made several efforts "to reach a personal agreement with the Nebraska Senator," on a limiting amendment.

David S. Reed (R., Sen. from Pennsylvania), pointed out that the Department of Justice already was inquiring into the power industry, and expressed the opinion that it would be an "outrage" to order a double investigation of any concern. While not opposing the inquiry, Simeon D. Pess (R., Sen. from Ohio), said the Senate should observe Roosevelt's distinction between "good and bad trusts." He cited statistics to show that in the three decades which have passed since restrictive legislation first was enacted, the proportion of commodities produced by "corporate interests" has increased from 10 to 90 per cent of the national output with corresponding increase in per capita national wealth.

FACULTY INAUGURATED WARSAW, Feb. 10.—A faculty of Russian orthodox theology was officially inaugurated in Warsaw University yesterday, in the presence of the Premier and other high Polish officials. Archbishop Dionisius, Metropolitan of the Eastern Orthodox Church of Poland, and members of the clergy.

DAVID LLOYD GEORGE

The Future of a Remarkable Statesman



The Christian Science Monitor prints below the first of two articles on two striking representatives of the British Commonwealth of Nations—David Lloyd George and Lord Birkenhead. They are from the pen of Winston S. Churchill, a former colleague of both men, and now Chancellor of the Exchequer, although written prior to his election to that office.

By THE RT. HON. WINSTON S. CHURCHILL

What is the political future of Mr. Lloyd George? It is at once a fascinating and baffling speculation. The sense of drama in history calls for structure, proportion, and completeness in the lives of its great figures. Their struggles, their rise, their triumph, their reign, their fall—these are the chapters into which the story usually divides itself. The mass seeks at once the culminating point, the main achievement, the great period for which the hero of her tale will ever be remembered. When this is past and done with she is apt—incessantly!—to glide swiftly on to other topics. But life does not in practice yield readily to this treatment, and Mr. Lloyd George has not the slightest inclination to submit to it. Scarcely 50 years of age, with his astonishing vitality, his formidable strength, his insatiable zest for public life and interest in politics, with his gifts and incomparable experience, with his deep hold upon the sympathies and respect of millions of his fellow countrymen, he is the last man to adapt his career to the historian's convenience or to accept as final the fall of the curtain upon even the most splendid scene.

PRUSSIA ELECTS
MARX PREMIER

Former Chancellor of Reich
Gets 223 Votes Against
162 for Herr Richter

BERLIN, Feb. 10 (AP)—The Prussian Diet today elected Dr. Wilhelm Marx, former Chancellor of the Reich, as Premier of Prussia. Dr. Marx received 223 votes, as against 162 for Herr Richter, the People's Party. The new Premier will try to form a Government from the parties of the Left.

By Special Cable BERLIN, Feb. 10.—Dr. Wilhelm Marx, former Chancellor of the Reich, is expected to be elected Prime Minister of Prussia at this afternoon's meeting of the Prussian Diet. At least three coalition parties—the Social Democrats, Democrats, and Roman Catholics—decided to support him, and it is believed the small Economic Party will do the same, thus enabling him to obtain a majority. The new Government probably will consist of these four parties.

This development does not meet with the full approval of the Right parties who, in forcing the last Government to resign, strongly hoped to take the leadership of Prussia into their own hands. The present solution is regarded by them as temporary and it is believed they will recommend new elections for the Prussian Diet along with the election of a new President of the Reich next May.

In this connection it may be mentioned that the Right parties will probably unite on a member of the German People's Party as a candidate for the Presidency, while the Roman Catholics' candidate probably will be Dr. Marx.

It is not supposed that Friedrich Ebert will run for the Presidency a second time and under these circumstances the Social Democrats may support the Roman Catholic candidate.

Should Dr. Marx be elected Prussian Prime Minister, the Roman Catholic will be in leading positions in Prussia and Bavaria, two of the largest federal states in Germany with more than two-thirds of the inhabitants of the entire Reich, quite apart from having the whip hand in the Reich itself.

N. E. TELEPHONE
COMPANY HEAD
FIRST WITNESS

Relations With American
Are Described by Matt
B. Jones at Hearing

Matt B. Jones, president of the New England Telephone & Telegraph Company, the first witness to be called in the hearing before the Massachusetts Public Utilities Commission on the company's petition to increase rates today described in detail the much discussed contractual relation existing between his company and the American Telephone & Telegraph Company. This was the second day of the hearing, yesterday having been occupied with a presentation of an outline of the company's case by Ralph A. Stewart, its chief counsel.

Mr. Jones' testimony was a running story not only of the company's connection with the New York company, but of its organization, financial condition and methods of operation. He presented it in lengthy answers to occasional questions from Mr. Stewart, which were given apparently without recourse to notes or other memoranda.

WHEAT RISE LAID
TO DEMAND LAW

Stanford University Research Finds America Meeting World Shortage

STANFORD UNIVERSITY, Feb. 4. (Special Correspondence)—The wheat market in international wheat prices during the period Aug. 1-Dec. 30, 1924, is mainly attributable to the close adjustment between world supplies and requirements, concludes the third of a series of wheat studies just issued by the Stanford University Food Research Institute.

From its study of the situation in international wheat markets during the second half of the last year, the institute concludes it is reasonable to expect the stringency to be relieved with the harvesting of the next crop. This conclusion is reached after a study of the supplies of wheat available in exporting countries and the requirements of European and Oriental importers.

It is estimated in the study that during the crop year ending Aug. 1, 1925, Europe will take at least 53,000,000 bushels to supplement its stocks, which are of poor quality, while the non-European imports will probably require 39,900,000 bushels.

When the New England company was formed the American company received in stock \$4,343,000 for a perpetual license and outright ownership of the New England company's stock. The freedom of 50 cents was shown upon him. Once again, as in the past, the company's stock was sold at a profit.

By CRAWFORD PRICE By Cable from Monitor Bureau LONDON, Feb. 10.—The Yugoslav elections held Sunday belied the local forecasts in two directions. They were carried out in an atmosphere of commendable calm, there being no notable disturbances, and resulted in a clear majority for allied Radicals and disaffected Democrats.

By Special Cable BERLIN, Feb. 10.—Dr. Wilhelm Marx, former Chancellor of the Reich, is expected to be elected Prime Minister of Prussia at this afternoon's meeting of the Prussian Diet. At least three coalition parties—the Social Democrats, Democrats, and Roman Catholics—decided to support him, and it is believed the small Economic Party will do the same, thus enabling him to obtain a majority. The new Government probably will consist of these four parties.

By Special Cable BERLIN, Feb. 10.—Dr. Wilhelm Marx, former Chancellor of the Reich, is expected to be elected Prime Minister of Prussia at this afternoon's meeting of the Prussian Diet. At least three coalition parties—the Social Democrats, Democrats, and Roman Catholics—decided to support him, and it is believed the small Economic Party will do the same, thus enabling him to obtain a majority. The new Government probably will consist of these four parties.

By Special Cable BERLIN, Feb. 10.—Dr. Wilhelm Marx, former Chancellor of the Reich, is expected to be elected Prime Minister of Prussia at this afternoon's meeting of the Prussian Diet. At least three coalition parties—the Social Democrats, Democrats, and Roman Catholics—decided to support him, and it is believed the small Economic Party will do the same, thus enabling him to obtain a majority. The new Government probably will consist of these four parties.

WOMAN SUFFRAGE
IS MAIN ISSUE IN
BELGIAN ELECTIONS

BRUSSELS, Feb. 10.—The Government has decided to dissolve the Belgian Parliament at the end of the present month and to hold elections for the new body on April 6. A deadlock among the parties upon the question of woman suffrage in provincial elections is the reason for the dissolution, which will take place about a month previous to the expiration of the terms of the members.

The Roman Catholic deputies, allied with 21 dissident Socialists, favor granting the suffrage, while the Liberals and the bulk of the Socialists are opposed.

Dry Force Would Rate
Run Row Foreign Port

Special from Monitor Bureau New York, Feb. 10

SHIPPING interests here are keenly interested in the report that legal advisors of prohibition enforcement agencies of the United States Government are planning to classify "rum row" off the coast as a "foreign port" in order to check transportation of supplies to liquor-carrying ships, most of which hover off shore beyond the 12-mile limit.

WAR SEIZURES
BILL DISCUSSED

Mr. Borah Feels German
Property Taken During the
War Should Be Returned

WASHINGTON, Feb. 10.—The proposal of W. E. Borah (R.), Senator from Idaho, to restore sequestered property to Germany will not be acted upon at this session of Congress. Mr. Borah did not expect that it would. He has, however, accomplished his purpose of getting it before the country and of stirring up public sentiment.

Belgians Approve
Text of New Law

By Special Cable BRUSSELS, Feb. 10.—The Council of Ministers assembled last night and approved the text of the proposed law organizing the Government of Ruanda and Urundi territories. The territories are to become a province of the Belgian Congo in so far as its administration is concerned. Financially they are to be separated from the Congo.

San Francisco Subway

SAN FRANCISCO, Calif., Feb. 5. (Staff Correspondence)—San Francisco's subway construction is well advanced. It is for vehicles only, intersecting the Embarcadero at the foot of Market Street near the Ferry Building to relieve traffic congestion along the water front.

FRENCH ESSAY
TO LINK DEBTS
AND SECURITY

Seek Further Compensation
From England—Marin's
Views Are Popular

By SISLEY HUDDLESTON By Special Cable

PARIS, Feb. 10.—There is less optimism today over the British note and reservations are brought out more forcefully. Contrary to previous intentions an attempt is now being made to confuse the issue by connecting the debts and security problems. It is proclaimed that the conference next month in London must also devote itself to the elaboration of a pact or the endorsement of the protocol. The French indeed are not content with British generosity but are asking for another compensation from England in the shape of assurances of safety.

If these lines are pursued, it is obvious that the negotiations will be long and arduous. Doubts will arise whether any solution is immediately possible. On the note itself, which appears to attribute to America, which insists on being paid, the responsibility for the British making demands at all, the French point out that everything depends on what amount France is expected to pay apart from the receipts under the Dawes plan.

World News in Brief

New York—Reformation of the \$1,000,000 acre of over-cut and burned forests of the country is immediately necessary, according to Martin L. Davey (D.), Representative from Ohio, who, during a speech here, said the United States was using lumber four times as fast as it was growing it.

Lepale (P)—Educational statistics for German universities covering a period of 10 years show an increase of women students; a falling off in total enrollments, and a neglect of the sciences. The women today are about twice as numerous as they were in 1914; 7467 as against 4058. After the war a large number of young people rushed to the schools, many of them untrained for university work; these have now departed, and attendance is becoming normal.

Rochester, N. Y.—Marking the beginning of a concerted effort by many of the National Association of Music Departments and conservatories to raise and stabilize standards of musical education, the commission on curricula of the National Association of Schools of Music and Allied Arts will meet on Feb. 18 at the Eastman School of Music of the University of Rochester. It is announced.

Albany, N. Y.—Legislative inquiry into the whole question of crossing elimination of the State has been voted by the Senate by a vote of 48 to 4.

Rental for Small Lot
Amounts to \$7,056,000

Special from Monitor Bureau New York, Feb. 10

A PIECE of ground 50 feet wide and 125 feet deep on Fifth Avenue has just been rented for 65 years. It will pay \$7,056,000 to the landlord, his heirs or assigns. Single taxes say that although this "rental value" was created by the community, the City of New York will realize only a comparatively small amount by the transaction.

WAR SEIZURES
BILL DISCUSSED

Mr. Borah Feels German
Property Taken During the
War Should Be Returned

WASHINGTON, Feb. 10.—The proposal of W. E. Borah (R.), Senator from Idaho, to restore sequestered property to Germany will not be acted upon at this session of Congress. Mr. Borah did not expect that it would. He has, however, accomplished his purpose of getting it before the country and of stirring up public sentiment.

Considerable discussion has been aroused as to the possibility that the United States may not be able to collect the amount due from Germany, that the recent agreement reached in Paris does not afford a sufficient guaranty that the American claims will be paid. At the best the process it is said will be a long and tedious one. Several Senators expressed the opinion that property should be held until it is seen that claims will be met.

Senator Borah believes that this country is in honor bound to restore to a country with which we have made terms and established friendly relations, property seized in time of war, even if it is necessary to take the property back by force. The United States, it is recalled, issued through the State Department a statement in which it was asserted that this Government would not take advantage of a state's war to take possession of property to which international understandings and the recognized law of the land can give it no just claim or title. It was further asserted that it would scrupulously respect all private rights alike of its own citizens and of the subjects of foreign states.

Duncan U. Fletcher (D.), Senator from Florida, who is opposed to the Borah resolution, contends that it would give German citizens better treatment than American.

Bernard Baruch of New York sent the following telegram to Senator Borah: "I congratulate you upon your effort to restore to Germany private property taken during the war. In addition to this being a matter of simple justice, enlightened selfishness alone demands the return of the German property, where it is absolutely private and not governmental or quasi-governmental."

President Coolidge, it was said at the White House today, has great confidence in Mr. Borah and shares in the desire that the United States should not set a precedent of private property in time of war. This has been the established policy of the United States, and Mr. Coolidge believes it is sound. It was emphasized in the treaty which this Government made with Germany.

The difficulty about returning the seized property, the President finds in the fact that the United States is not the sole creditor of Germany and other creditors are likely to protest against the United States being paid out of money coming to them from Germany when it has property in its hands out of which it could reimburse itself.

POWER IS ADDED
TO DRY STATUTE
BY GOV. PINCHOT

Regulation of Distilleries
and Breweries Asked for
in New Measure

STOP LEAK SOURCES
IS CHIEF OBJECTIVE

Flagrant Use of Present Permit
System Is Described—
Wants Inspection Board

HARRISBURG, Feb. 10.—Philadelphia is the principal center for the manufacture of illegal drink from denatured alcohol and Pittsburgh is a center for illegal beer, Governor Pinchot told the members of the General Assembly today in a message asking enactment of a "united dry bill" for regulation of distilleries and breweries. If the bill is passed, the Governor declared, "the sources of illegal drink in Pennsylvania can be and will be cut up." If it is defeated, he predicted "flagrant" violations of the law will continue and "the law breakers will by its defeat be encouraged to still greater lawlessness."

The enemies of law enforcement will try to make it appear that to defeat this bill will bring nearer the day of light wine and beer," he said. "Even if such a day could ever come, it would do nothing of the sort. It would only mean that the law will continue and 'the law breakers will by its defeat be encouraged to still greater lawlessness.'"

POWER IS ADDED
TO DRY STATUTE
BY GOV. PINCHOT

Regulation of Distilleries
and Breweries Asked for
in New Measure

STOP LEAK SOURCES
IS CHIEF OBJECTIVE

Flagrant Use of Present Permit
System Is Described—
Wants Inspection Board

HARRISBURG, Feb. 10.—Philadelphia is the principal center for the manufacture of illegal drink from denatured alcohol and Pittsburgh is a center for illegal beer, Governor Pinchot told the members of the General Assembly today in a message asking enactment of a "united dry bill" for regulation of distilleries and breweries. If the bill is passed, the Governor declared, "the sources of illegal drink in Pennsylvania can be and will be cut up." If it is defeated, he predicted "flagrant" violations of the law will continue and "the law breakers will by its defeat be encouraged to still greater lawlessness."

The enemies of law enforcement will try to make it appear that to defeat this bill will bring nearer the day of light wine and beer," he said. "Even if such a day could ever come, it would do nothing of the sort. It would only mean that the law will continue and 'the law breakers will by its defeat be encouraged to still greater lawlessness.'"

This is not a question of light wine and beer. It is not a question of unadulterated liquor of any sort. It is a question of stopping the flood of drink poured out over this State—and a flood of crime, misfortune, disease and fatality which ruins and destroys our people. People, the thousand, and flows in an evil stream from Pennsylvania into other states as well."

Assessing his statement that Philadelphia is the principal center for manufacture of illegal drinks from denatured alcohol is borne out by testimony of official investigators, he said, by state policemen, working under the direction of the Department of Justice and paid for out of funds raised by the Woman's Christian Temperance Union for law enforcement.

How "Grift" is Worked Explaining that poison bootleg liquor is made out of denatured alcohol, either completely or specially denatured, the Governor declared that in the two years ending June 30, 1923, the amount of specially denatured alcohol produced in Philadelphia "increased from less than 100,000 gallons to more than 5,000,000 gallons."

"This enormous production and distribution of specially denatured alcohol is at the present time checked by no records which are effective in preventing its passage in huge quantities into the bootleg trade," he added.

In explaining how, he declared, "the grift is worked," the Governor said there are 17 distilleries, denaturators and bottlers in the first Philadelphia district, authorized under federal permit to sell specially denatured alcohol only to manufacturers holding federal permits. There were 151 manufacturers on Nov. 30 last, and 151 more are expected to be added.

"These 151 toilet water, hair tonic and tobacco spray makers withdrew, in the first 10 months of 1924, more than 1,100,000 gallons of specially denatured alcohol, which is probably alcohol enough to make toilet water, hair tonic and tobacco sprays for the people of the whole world," the Governor declared.

"Nine permits claimed to have used and sold more than 155,000 gallons of denatured alcohol in tobacco sprays during the first 10 months of 1924. I am informed that according to the foundation laid by the largest manufacturers of tobacco in this country, this was tobacco spray enough to have treated twice over the whole tobacco production of the United States in 1924, and half the production of the world."

"Of these 151 manufacturers, 123 were found by state officials to be engaged in violations of law or in crooked practices to cover such violations."

Purpose of Bill Asserting the business "from end to end, has the unmistakable mark of fraud and crime," the Governor said, "no such flood of strong drink as this has been poured out upon the people of Pennsylvania and the adjoining states since the Eighteenth Amendment was passed. Its existence is a disgrace, but the way to cure it is clear. If these fraudulent manufacturers and cover houses were required to demonstrate the legitimacy of their business before securing a permit from state authorities, if adequate records were required, and if the records and manufacturing plants were freely open to state inspection, this abominable traffic in Pennsylvania would promptly cease. This is the purpose of the 'united enforcement bill.'"

While the Governor said Pittsburgh is a center for illegal beer, law violators by brewers "are not concentrated in Pittsburgh as law violations through denatured alcohol are in Philadelphia."

"The difficulty of securing legal evidence of law violations by brewers known to be producing strong beer are exceedingly great," he said. "Not only are officers of the law without authority to inspect brew-

DAVID LLOYD GEORGE

(Continued from Page 1)

the days of Pitt, "it rained gold boxes." The electors returned to Parliament a gigantic majority in his support. The House of Commons rose and sang the National Anthem at his entry. The Sovereign met him at Versailles on the platform of Victoria Station.

And looking back over the years of convulsion, these tributes were not without their justification. An energy and resource that had never flagged, a courage undaunted by the cruel disappointment of Neville's offensive, by the long-drawn-out anxiety of the submarine campaign, by the surprise of Caporetto, by the awful 21st of March, had received their fitting reward. What more could there be?

Blunder in Hour of Victory

Unfortunately for the symmetry of Mr. Lloyd George's historical presentation, he did not carry out the intention he so often expressed of retiring from the leadership of the Government after the conclusion of the treaty of peace. Nor did he act in the hour of victory with a sufficient confidence in the goodness of his work and position, or a proper indifference to the rapidly contracting area of politics.

History consists, unhappily, mainly in the struggles and tribulations of mankind. She averts her eyes from the inevitable periods of exhaustion or the dull years of recovery. Few in the future will regard the tolls of the times through which we shall long be plodding. The great question at hand, Mr. Lloyd George's situation at the armistice was so magnificent that he could have afforded to give the most fearless expression to the highest promptings of his nature. He could have said: "My task is done, but if I am to continue it can only be on the basis of my giving you my best judgment upon the great issues of the peace."

Response Undoubtedly

There is no doubt that the response would have been there. There was no need for electioneering promises and programs, for the absurd reputation prospects which, though he did not proclaim, he tolerated. He stood against the unbalanced mood of the Nation. He could have struck the note of reconciliation, of magnanimity; he could have revealed the far-sighted view which he commanded of the relations of the Empire, which would have succeeded, possibly quite easily; or, had he fallen, he would have fallen so greatly that the future would have returned chastened to his hands.

But the pilot who had weathered the storm wanted too much to go on piloting, and on all sides he was pressed to do so. He became quite unwittingly the center of the storm of the Nation. He exploited the passions which he should have restrained; and from that moment the pinnacle to which he had been raised by the victory of the Empire and his own great association with that victory, began to totter.

The Most Difficult Period

The justification for the continuance of the coalition after the war can be found in the enormous difficulties of the period of demobilization and reconstruction.

The three years which followed the armistice, though mercifully bloodless, were more difficult than even the war itself. The tremors of unrest and upheaval passed through even the strongest victorious states. The hectic revival of trade in 1919 was followed by the collapse and deflation of succeeding years. Unemployment on unprecedented scales, wholesale reduction of war wages, biting arrest of enterprise, swiftly reversed the first hopes and superlative symptoms of prosperity. The threatened strike of the Triple Alliance hung like a dark cloud over public confidence. India and Egypt sloughed away in febrile agitation. The Irish problem reared its grisly head in the most hateful parody ever donned by a defeated nation.

Neither the Conservative or Liberal Party could have surmounted these trials alone and under the fire of the others. A combination was indispensable. But to such a coalition, on equal terms between the two historic parties, required a political reconciliation with Mr. Asquith and his friends. There was perhaps one way in which this could have been effected. Mr. Lloyd George might have invited Mr. Asquith as well as Mr. Bonar Law to join with him in the peace negotiations.

Dependence and Disagreement

One need not underestimate the difficulties of such a decision. But they were not beyond the power of the triumphant Prime Minister of November, 1918, had he cared to exert it to the full. The offer was not made. The breach was not healed. The general election, with its cheap rant and clatter, assuaged to the gloom of the late Duke of Devonshire, "they did not want to go the same way. Neither had the slightest intention of changing nature and character. Both were, in fact, honestly incapable of doing so."

Not a Conservative Leader

Mr. Lloyd George was in no way fitted, except by his ardent patriotism, to be a Conservative leader. His whole outlook was different and even hostile to theirs. His far-flung plans of social reconstruction en-

countered a deep and often shrill skepticism in Tory breasts. His foreign policy was even more repugnant to Conservative traditions. Mr. Lloyd George launched the Greeks in the relentless pursuit of the Turks. He labored tirelessly in the vain quest of an agreement with the Bolsheviks. Visionaries are seeking for one now. It was obvious that profound alienations of authoritative Conservative opinion must follow from both these developments. As long as the Irish conflict raged, these disagreements were held in suspense. The Conservative Party were quite

An Eminent Exponent of Britain's Outlook



Winston Churchill, 147 New Bond Street, London
Chancellor of the Exchequer, Estimates Political Future of David Lloyd George, Reviewing and Criticizing Dazzling Career of War Prime Minister.

willing to fight on indefinitely against the Irish rebels without regard to consequences in other directions. The negotiations and the way they were handled, however, were common purpose. Moreover they constituted to the most powerful elements of Conservative opinion a deadly cause of reproach. From the moment of the Irish Agreement the Conservative Party was resolved to have a Prime Minister of its own.

Release

Of the errors and confusions which led to the break-up of the Coalition Government at the Carlton Club and of the election which followed that easily avoidable disaster it is not necessary to write here. The morrow of the election of 1922 saw Mr. Lloyd George at the head of only 50 followers in the House of Commons, divided from the Government by a keen sense of ill-usage, yet compelled to act with them in the main, and separated from the Asquith Liberals and the Labor Party by the bitter hostilities of the past.

From this unpleasant situation, which might well have endured for several years, he was released by the astounding decision to hold an election in 1923. The Free Trade issue enabled—nay, compelled—all shades of Liberal opinion to make common cause. Mr. Asquith and Mr. Lloyd George came together again in political relation. Whatever reproaches they had against each other were softened by their discreditable experience of coalitions with the Conservative Party and resentments in which both could share. In this mood they resolved to put a Socialist Government into office.

His Next Spirited Enterprise

But what of the future? The Liberal Party has been engaged by its leaders to fight in mortal battle with the Conservatives on the one hand and with the Socialists on the other. It is a task which will certainly tax its energies to the full. They may expect secessions both to Socialism and to Conservatism from those who do not approve of their policy. They will be assailed with vigor by the Conservatives they have deliberately provoked and by the Socialists they have vainly wooed. They certainly cannot afford to be in a lively situation, to dispense with the prestige, the fighting energy, and the resources of Mr. Lloyd George. According to every indication, he will be received into the highest place in the hierarchy of the successors to the Liberal leadership.

The Liberal Party, though woefully shrunken in numbers in the House of Commons, will still continue to exercise a powerful influence upon British affairs. Its political machinery stretches to every part of the land, and in every constituency, in every village—almost in every street—it had institutions and devoted adherents. Such a great instrument in the hands of a leader of the commanding position and po-

B. & M. HIGHWAY PLANS OUTLINED

Vice-President of the Road Urges Passage of Bills Now Before the Legislature

SPRINGFIELD, Mass., Feb. 10.—The railroads, seeking authority to share in the business of highway transportation in Massachusetts, consider that their prospective motor transport activities, together with the operations of all other motorbuses and motortrucks using public ways for hire, should be subject to common carrier regulations. Gerrit Fort, vice-president of the Boston & Maine Railroad, said in an address before the Traffic Club here last night.

Three bills now pending in the Legislature would bring about partial regulation and adjustment of highway transport operations. Lines approved by the New England Motor Transport Conference at its meeting last December, he added. These measures, one of which would authorize railroads to enter into highway transportation, the second to bring motorbuses under the regulation of the Department of Public Utilities, and the third to bring motortrucks under similar regulation as common carriers, were declared by Mr. Fort to be a "big step in the direction of establishing the true economic range of highway and rail transportation that should be favored by every citizen who has at heart the best interests of economic and efficient transportation in the Commonwealth."

"The railroads," Mr. Fort continued, "have no illusions as to the permanence or importance of highway transportation. They know the existence of a widespread desire to 'ride on rubber,' but they know also that railways are best adapted, and will always be best adapted, to the handling of mass transportation. The common branch lines which are sparsely settled, however, call for those qualities of passenger transportation in which the motorbuses excel the railways—flexibility and economy of unit operation."

"If Massachusetts enacts these bills into law," Mr. Fort said, "it will have but partially followed the states of Arizona, California, Colorado, Illinois, Iowa, Maryland, Michigan, Montana, Nevada, North Dakota, Ohio, Oklahoma, Oregon, Pennsylvania, South Dakota, Utah, Virginia, Washington, and West Virginia, which already have upon their statute books laws requiring the issuance of certificates of public convenience and necessity to common carrier trucks and buses, and as a rule, also vest in the State the control of fares, charges, schedules, etc. Many of the other states, including our neighbors, Maine, New Hampshire, New Jersey, and Connecticut, have enacted legislation controlling the operation of passenger carriers only."

BOSTON FIRE CHIEF HONORED AT DINNER

Entertained by approximately 500 of his friends at a dinner at the Copple-Plaza Hotel last night, Daniel P. Sennott, chief of the Boston Fire Department, received many tributes for his service and leadership from the several speakers. Judge Timothy J. Aherne of the Roxbury Court; George E. Curran, Governor's Counsel; Daniel J. Kane, exalted ruler of the Boston Lodge of Elks; Joseph Glancy, patrolman from station 1, and Theodore A. Glynn, fire commissioner, all spoke highly of Chief Sennott.

Mr. Glynn presented to Mr. Sen-

BOSTON ATHENAEUM RE-ELECTS OFFICIALS

Howard Stockton was re-elected president of the Boston Athenaeum at the annual meeting of the organization held yesterday at the headquarters on Beacon Street. The other officers were re-elected as follows: Russell Gray, vice-president; Albert Thorndike, treasurer; Charles K. Bolton, secretary, and Charles F. Adams, Joseph R. Coolidge, Jr., James F. Rhodes, Alexander W. Longfellow, John T. Coolidge, Albert Matthews, George E. Cabot, Mark A. DeWolfe Howe, Robert Grant, Arthur Lyman, Gamaliel Bradford, Charles P. Curtis Jr., and Morris Gray, trustees.

Frederick H. Curtis and Edward M. Pickman were elected trustees to fill vacancies.

For Three Generations
Quality Furniture
Rugs and Draperies
at Popular Prices

Goldsmith's
On the Square
HARRISBURG, PA.

Cummings' Coal Service
Our Service is at your command in selecting the right sizes to be used in heating equipment. We want, on our part, to insure both efficiency and economy to our customers.

Final Clearance
Gross
Garments for Matron and Maid of Generous Figure
Dresses 19.75—Coats 29.75
All garments marked at exceptional reductions during this clearance.
Thirtieth and Sanson
PHILADELPHIA

E. J. CUMMINGS, INC.
Main Office, 217 N. 10th St.
PHILADELPHIA, PA.

Corona Photograph Obtained in Colors

Exhibited at Astronomical Club Meeting Held at Harvard Observatory

A colored photograph of the sun's corona during the recent total eclipse, said to be the first photograph of the kind ever taken, was projected on a screen at a meeting of the Bond Astronomical Club in the Harvard Observatory last night. Members of the club who had viewed the eclipse said the original color-photograph was accurately reproduced.

The photograph was taken at Easthampton, L. I., by E. R. Hewitt, New York engineer, on a negative three thirty-seconds of an inch in size. The slide used for projection was a 50-diameter enlargement of the original. Mr. Hewitt is now attempting to adapt his process to larger cameras which he plans to use next year in Sumatra when the next total eclipse occurs.

Another interesting photograph of the corona was one taken by Prof. E. S. King of the astronomical department at Harvard. The lens used was made of quartz and silvered heavily so that only the invisible ultraviolet rays could reach the sensitized plate. It gave a sharp image of the contrasting black disc and the flaming streamers of the corona.

DR. HOPKINS TO BE RALLY DAY SPEAKER

NORTHAMPTON, Mass., Feb. 10 (Special).—Dr. Ernest Martin Hopkins, president of Dartmouth College, will be the speaker for Smith College Rally Day on Feb. 22. Rally Day is considered one of the most important events in the undergraduate calendar.

There are four gatherings of practically the entire student body: one a formal patriotic exercise at which the Rally Day ode, written by a member of the junior class, is read, and the invited speaker delivers his address; a student rally in the gymnasium, at which the classes sing topical songs; the Odd-Even basketball game and social in the afternoon, and the Rally Day Show in the evening.

BOSTON "FREE PORT" SOUGHT

Immediate State legislation to establish a "free port" in Boston harbor in order to increase shipping from this city was advocated yesterday before the joint legislative committee on Rules at the State House. Luke D. Mullen of Charlestown, author of the latest "free port" bill for Boston, was supported in his arguments for the measure by Frank Davis, head of the maritime department of the Boston Chamber of Commerce; Edward J. Cox of East Boston, State Senator; Joseph Smith, representing Mayor Curley; Ralph R. Stratton of Cambridge, State Representative, and others.

Lawell & Conl
MASTERPIECES
AMERICA'S FINEST CHOCOLATES
ASK YOUR DEALER

Attention, Trustees
Authority on Church Insurance. Your Present Policies Examined, Compared with Requirements, and Written Report Furnished. Free of Charge. Value Appraisals Arranged. Have the Chairman of Your Board Write Us Today. Associates in Principal Cities.

D. L. PRAGER & CO.
(In Corp.)
141 Broadway, New York, N. Y.
Telephone: RECTOR 5964, 5965, 5966

Washington Heights Jeweler
Diamonds, Watches, Jewelry and Silverware
Expert Watch, Clock and Jewelry Repairing
M. ABRAMSON
1400 St. Nicholas Ave., Near 180th St.
NEW YORK CITY

Cake Box Tea Room
111 Centre Avenue (Near Main)
NEW ROCHELLE, N. Y.
Luncheon, Tea, Dinner
Table d'Hôte Luncheon, \$5.00
Sunday Dinner 12:30-3; Supper 5-7:30
N. R. 7549 Mary A. Nash

New Rochelle Trust Company
54254 Main Street
"The Home Bank"
NEW ROCHELLE NEW YORK
TELEPHONE 1000
For "The Best of Everything to Build Your Home and Keep It Warm"

NEW ROCHELLE COAL AND LUMBER COMPANY
"FOUNDED ON INTEGRITY"
NEW ROCHELLE, N. Y.

A Picture Contest for Grade School Girls and Boys
50 Pictures to Be Colored Will Be Given Out
\$75.00 in Prizes
For further particulars, inquire on our form.

John A. Roberts & Co.
"UTICA'S GREATEST STORE"
UTICA, N. Y.

Have you renewed your subscription to the Monitor? Prompt renewal insures your receiving every issue, and is a courtesy greatly appreciated by The Christian Science Publishing Society.

LEGISLATURE TO BE ASKED TO SANCTION WORLD COURT

Hearings to Be Held on Proposed Memorials to Congress on Adherence to Permanent Court of International Justice and on Universal Conscription

For the third successive year John Calder Gordon of Somerville appears before the Massachusetts Legislature with a petition for the passage of a memorial to Congress advocating participation by the United States in the Permanent Court of International Justice. This petition proposed by Mr. Gordon this year comes for a public hearing before the joint legislative committee on constitutional law tomorrow morning at 10:30, in Room 431, in the State House. Gaspar G. Bacon, Senator from the Jamaica Plain district, is the chairman for the committee.

Following the hearing of Mr. Gordon's petition which will be supported by Roland W. Boyden, chairman of the Massachusetts citizens committee on the furtherance of adherence to the World Court, and others, Robert J. White will argue for his petition that the Congress be memorialized to enact legislation to provide for the universal drafting of capital, labor and service in time of war.

For two years, Mr. Gordon has had "leave to withdraw" this same measure, which he again presents this year to the Legislature for favorable action. Each previous year the bill got no farther than the Committee on Constitutional Law where, after interesting yet brief public hearings had been held, the measure was handed back.

Last year's hearing was significant. Other speakers than Mr. Gordon were present to advocate participation in the jurisdiction of the World Court by the United States. It was reiterated that President Harding had proposed the very measure which a Republican committee and Legislature had seen fit to pass by the previous year.

Once more the arguments were unavailing, but several of the committee men took unusual interest in the measure, and the chairman, William S. Youngman, then a state Senator and now Treasurer and Receiver-General of Massachusetts, spoke in favor of the memorial, and later voted for the petition but was in the minority.

It developed that last year several Republican members of the joint committee on constitutional law did not desire to interject into the presidential campaign any political element of problem that had not been

TEA MAKE MONEY
ROOMS
In connection with the School daily demonstrates the value of our method. Resident and correspondence courses.
Write for Booklet M.
Ware School of Tea Room Management,
32 West 30th St., N. Y. C.

THIRTY DAYS' FREE TRIAL
FOUR-IN-HAND
NECKWEAR
TAILORED
Guaranteed to retain their original GENTLE, wearing appearance five times as long as ready-made ties.
We will mail to any subscriber a complete set of four ties, one of which will be returned to us on Thirty Days' Free Trial. State color or combination of colors desired. Samples submitted for largest selection.

THE BETTER-MADE CRAVAT CO.
2745 North High St., Columbus, Ohio
AGENTS WANTED EVERYWHERE

Oliver A. Olson COMPANY
A complete store for Women
Broadway at 79th Street
New York
Last Three Weeks!
Furniture Sale
Saving of 10% to 50%

At R. Louis
Free Consultation
No Obligation
on
PERMANENT WAVES
MARCEL WAVES
HAIR CUTTING
MANICURING, ETC.
A Parisian establishment in the heart of New York offering expert service in refined surroundings at reasonable prices.
TEL. PLAZA 5175-7059
26 West 58th Street
Opposite Plaza Hotel
New York City

DUDLEY FREEMAN COMPANY
80 Boylston Street, Boston, Mass.

James
\$2.00 Each Postpaid
Specify type when ordering.

Two new shops for ensembles
A TRIBUTE to the growing importance of the ensemble idea—two shops specializing in ensembles, for women, fifth floor—for misses, fourth floor.

Marshall & Snelgrove
NEW Spring Clothes
At Special Prices
With a view to keeping our workers fully employed during the last few weeks we have made up a number of Coats, Coats and Skirts, and Gowns, which have been specially designed for the forthcoming season. These garments are made from our usual high-grade materials, and we feel confident that in offering new and fashionable spring clothes at these exceptional prices, we are taking a step which will meet with the approval of our customers.

Marshall & Snelgrove
NEW Spring Clothes
At Special Prices
With a view to keeping our workers fully employed during the last few weeks we have made up a number of Coats, Coats and Skirts, and Gowns, which have been specially designed for the forthcoming season. These garments are made from our usual high-grade materials, and we feel confident that in offering new and fashionable spring clothes at these exceptional prices, we are taking a step which will meet with the approval of our customers.

Marshall & Snelgrove
NEW Spring Clothes
At Special Prices
With a view to keeping our workers fully employed during the last few weeks we have made up a number of Coats, Coats and Skirts, and Gowns, which have been specially designed for the forthcoming season. These garments are made from our usual high-grade materials, and we feel confident that in offering new and fashionable spring clothes at these exceptional prices, we are taking a step which will meet with the approval of our customers.

Marshall & Snelgrove
NEW Spring Clothes
At Special Prices
With a view to keeping our workers fully employed during the last few weeks we have made up a number of Coats, Coats and Skirts, and Gowns, which have been specially designed for the forthcoming season. These garments are made from our usual high-grade materials, and we feel confident that in offering new and fashionable spring clothes at these exceptional prices, we are taking a step which will meet with the approval of our customers.

Marshall & Snelgrove
NEW Spring Clothes
At Special Prices
With a view to keeping our workers fully employed during the last few weeks we have made up a number of Coats, Coats and Skirts, and Gowns, which have been specially designed for the forthcoming season. These garments are made from our usual high-grade materials, and we feel confident that in offering new and fashionable spring clothes at these exceptional prices, we are taking a step which will meet with the approval of our customers.

Marshall & Snelgrove
NEW Spring Clothes
At Special Prices
With a view to keeping our workers fully employed during the last few weeks we have made up a number of Coats, Coats and Skirts, and Gowns, which have been specially designed for the forthcoming season. These garments are made from our usual high-grade materials, and we feel confident that in offering new and fashionable spring clothes at these exceptional prices, we are taking a step which will meet with the approval of our customers.

Marshall & Snelgrove
NEW Spring Clothes
At Special Prices
With a view to keeping our workers fully employed during the last few weeks we have made up a number of Coats, Coats and Skirts, and Gowns, which have been specially designed for the forthcoming season. These garments are made from our usual high-grade materials, and we feel confident that in offering new and fashionable spring clothes at these exceptional prices, we are taking a step which will meet with the approval of our customers.

MARSHALL SNELGROVE

NEW Spring Clothes
At Special Prices
With a view to keeping our workers fully employed during the last few weeks we have made up a number of Coats, Coats and Skirts, and Gowns, which have been specially designed for the forthcoming season. These garments are made from our usual high-grade materials, and we feel confident that in offering new and fashionable spring clothes at these exceptional prices, we are taking a step which will meet with the approval of our customers.

NEW Spring Clothes
At Special Prices
With a view to keeping our workers fully employed during the last few weeks we have made up a number of Coats, Coats and Skirts, and Gowns, which have been specially designed for the forthcoming season. These garments are made from our usual high-grade materials, and we feel confident that in offering new and fashionable spring clothes at these exceptional prices, we are taking a step which will meet with the approval of our customers.

NEW Spring Clothes
At Special Prices
With a view to keeping our workers fully employed during the last few weeks we have made up a number of Coats, Coats and Skirts, and Gowns, which have been specially designed for the forthcoming season. These garments are made from our usual high-grade materials, and we feel confident that in offering new and fashionable spring clothes at these exceptional prices, we are taking a step which will meet with the approval of our customers.

NEW Spring Clothes
At Special Prices
With a view to keeping our workers fully employed during the last few weeks we have made up a number of Coats, Coats and Skirts, and Gowns, which have been specially designed for the forthcoming season. These garments are made from our usual high-grade materials, and we feel confident that in offering new and fashionable spring clothes at these exceptional prices, we are taking a step which will meet with the approval of our customers.

NEW Spring Clothes
At Special Prices
With a view to keeping our workers fully employed during the last few weeks we have made up a number of Coats, Coats and Skirts, and Gowns, which have been specially designed for the forthcoming season. These garments are made from our usual high-grade materials, and we feel confident that in offering new and fashionable spring clothes at these exceptional prices, we are taking a step which will meet with the approval of our customers.

NEW Spring Clothes
At Special Prices
With a view to keeping our workers fully employed during the last few weeks we have made up a number of Coats, Coats and Skirts, and Gowns, which have been specially designed for the forthcoming season. These garments are made from our usual high-grade materials, and we feel confident that in offering new and fashionable spring clothes at these exceptional prices, we are taking a step which will meet with the approval of our customers.

NEW Spring Clothes
At Special Prices
With a view to keeping our workers fully employed during the last few weeks we have made up a number of Coats, Coats and Skirts, and Gowns, which have been specially designed for the forthcoming season. These garments are made from our usual high-grade materials, and we feel confident that in offering new and fashionable spring clothes at these exceptional prices, we are taking a step which will meet with the approval of our customers.

NEW Spring Clothes
At Special Prices
With a view to keeping our workers fully employed during the last few weeks we have made up a number of Coats, Coats and Skirts, and Gowns, which have been specially designed for the forthcoming season. These garments are made from our usual high-grade materials, and we feel confident that in offering new and fashionable spring clothes at these exceptional prices, we are taking a step which will meet with the approval of our customers.

NEW Spring Clothes
At Special Prices
With a view to keeping our workers fully employed during the last few weeks we have made up a number of Coats, Coats and Skirts, and Gowns, which have been specially designed for the forthcoming season. These garments are made from our usual high-grade materials, and we feel confident that in offering new and fashionable spring clothes at these exceptional prices, we are taking a step which will meet with the approval of our customers.

NEW Spring Clothes
At Special Prices
With a view to keeping our workers fully employed during the last few weeks we have made up a number of Coats, Coats and Skirts, and Gowns, which have been specially designed for the forthcoming season. These garments are made from our usual high-grade materials, and we feel confident that in offering new and fashionable spring clothes at these exceptional prices, we are taking a step which will meet with the approval of our customers.

NEW Spring Clothes
At Special Prices
With a view to keeping our workers fully employed during the last few weeks we have made up a number of Coats, Coats and Skirts, and Gowns, which have been specially designed for the forthcoming season. These garments are made from our usual high-grade materials, and we feel confident that in offering new and fashionable spring clothes at these exceptional prices, we are taking a step which will meet with the approval of our customers.

NEW Spring Clothes
At Special Prices
With a view to keeping our workers fully employed during the last few weeks we have made up a number of Coats, Coats and Skirts, and Gowns, which have been specially designed for the forthcoming season. These garments are made from our usual high-grade materials, and we feel confident that in offering new and fashionable spring clothes at these exceptional prices, we are taking a step which will meet with the approval of our customers.

NEW Spring Clothes
At Special Prices
With a view to keeping our workers fully employed during the last few weeks we have made up a number of Coats, Coats and Skirts, and Gowns, which have been specially designed for the forthcoming season. These garments are made from our usual high-grade materials, and we feel confident that in offering new and fashionable spring clothes at these exceptional prices, we are taking a step which will meet with the approval of our customers.

NEW Spring Clothes
At Special Prices
With a view to keeping our workers fully employed during the last few weeks we have made up a number of Coats, Coats and Skirts, and Gowns, which have been specially designed for the forthcoming season. These garments are made from our usual high-grade materials, and we feel confident that in offering new and fashionable spring clothes at these exceptional prices, we are taking a step which will meet with the approval of our customers.

NEW Spring Clothes
At Special Prices
With a view to keeping our workers fully employed during the last few weeks we have made up a number of Coats, Coats and Skirts, and Gowns, which have been specially designed for the forthcoming season. These garments are made from our usual high-grade materials, and we feel confident that in offering new and fashionable spring clothes at these exceptional prices, we are taking a step which will meet with the approval of our customers.

NEW Spring Clothes
At Special Prices
With a view to keeping our workers fully employed during the last few weeks we have made up a number of Coats, Coats and Skirts, and Gowns, which have been specially designed for the forthcoming season. These garments are made from our usual high-grade materials, and we feel confident that in offering new and fashionable spring clothes at these exceptional prices, we are taking a step which will meet with the approval of our customers.

NEW Spring Clothes
At Special Prices
With a view to keeping our workers fully employed during the last few weeks we have made up a number of Coats, Coats and Skirts, and Gowns, which have been specially designed for the forthcoming season. These garments are made from our usual high-grade materials, and we feel confident that in offering new and fashionable spring clothes at these exceptional prices, we are taking a step which will meet with the approval of our customers.

NEW Spring Clothes
At Special Prices
With a view to keeping our workers fully employed during the last few weeks we have made up a number of Coats, Coats and Skirts, and Gowns, which have been specially designed for the forthcoming season. These garments are made from our usual high-grade materials, and we feel confident that in offering new and fashionable spring clothes at these exceptional prices, we are taking a step which will meet with the approval of our customers.

NEW Spring Clothes
At Special Prices
With a view to keeping our workers fully employed during the last few weeks we have made up a number of Coats, Coats and Skirts, and Gowns, which have been specially designed for the forthcoming season. These garments are made from our usual high-grade materials, and we feel confident that in offering new and fashionable spring clothes at these exceptional prices, we are taking a step which will meet with the approval of our customers.

NEW Spring Clothes
At Special Prices
With a view to keeping our workers fully employed during the last few weeks we have made up a number of Coats, Coats and Skirts, and Gowns, which have been specially designed for the forthcoming season. These garments are made from our usual high-grade materials, and we feel confident that in offering new and fashionable spring clothes at these exceptional prices, we are taking a step which will meet with the approval of our customers.

NEW Spring Clothes
At Special Prices
With a view to keeping our workers fully employed during the last few weeks we have made up a number of Coats, Coats and Skirts, and Gowns, which have been specially designed for the forthcoming season. These garments are made from our usual high-grade materials, and we feel confident that in offering new and fashionable spring clothes at these exceptional prices, we are taking a step which will meet with the approval of our customers.

NEW Spring Clothes
At Special Prices
With a view to keeping our workers fully employed during the last few weeks we have made up a number of Coats, Coats and Skirts, and Gowns, which have been specially designed for the forthcoming season. These garments are made from our usual high-grade materials, and we feel confident that in offering new and fashionable spring clothes at these exceptional prices, we are taking a step which will meet with the approval of our customers.

NEW Spring Clothes
At Special Prices
With a view to keeping our workers fully employed during the last few weeks we have made up a number of Coats, Coats and Skirts, and Gowns, which have been specially designed for the forthcoming season. These garments are made from our usual high-grade materials, and we feel confident that in offering new and fashionable spring clothes at these exceptional prices, we are taking a step which will meet with the approval of our customers.

NEW Spring Clothes
At Special Prices
With a view to keeping our workers fully employed during the last few weeks we have made up a number of Coats, Coats and Skirts, and Gowns, which have been specially designed for the forthcoming season. These garments are made from our usual high-grade materials, and we feel confident that in offering new and fashionable spring clothes at these exceptional prices, we are taking a step which will meet with the approval of our customers.

MUSICAL FRATERNITY PLANS BENEFIT SHOW

For the benefit of its scholarship fund, Alpha Chapter of Sinfonia, musical fraternity at the New England Conservatory of Music, is to present two performances of "The Pirate's Daughter," a musical comedy legend of old Holland, next Friday and Saturday evenings, in Jordan Hall.

While the object of the fraternity is the brotherhood of music students and the advancement of American composers and musical standards in America, the scholarship fund, which now enjoys the income of \$1000, is a prize cherished by every member of this chapter. This scholarship may be used only in payment for courses to be taken at the New England Conservatory of Music.

Since its organization in 1898 at the conservatory, Phi Mu Alpha, commonly called Sinfonia, has extended into 32 of the leading musical institutions and colleges, and lists as honorary members many eminent musicians. Officers of Alpha chapter are: Benjamin H. Russell, president; Donald Sellow, recording secretary; Norman Moon, corresponding secretary; Charles Ferguson, treasurer; Harold Clark, historian.

A GOOD GOLF SCORE
Best Obtained Under Balmy Skies
Try Augusta, Aiken, Atlanta or New Orleans. Write us for booklet, train schedules and fares and how to get there. SOUTHERN RAILWAY, R. H. De Butts, E. P. A., 152 West 42nd Street, New York.

DEQUOT SHEETS AND FILM CASES
Rex. U. S. Pat. Off.
Manufactured by
The Naumkeag Steam Cotton Co., Salem, Mass.

BROOKLINE ELECTION CENTERS ON LENGTH OF SCHOOL SESSION

School Association and Citizens' Committee Indorse Separate Candidates—Only Other Contest Is for Nomination to Water Board

Shall the Brookline school committee be upheld in its decision to add another half-hour to the school day session at Brookline High School? is the question at issue at the Brookline citizens' caucus today. Voting will continue from 3 to 8 p. m. Members of the school committee who seek re-election are Henry Ware, Ann C. Hoag, and Michael Driscoll. Candidates sponsored by the Brookline Public School Association, which has gone on record as opposing the re-election of Mr. Ware and Miss Hoag, are Francis A. Nicolls and Mrs. William A. Schick Jr.

The only other contest for town office is for nomination to the water board. Timothy J. Burke, who has served eight terms of three years each, is opposed by Alexander Sutherland Jr., who was one of the town assessors.

Association Formed

The controversy with the school committee started last November when the closing hour at the high school was changed from 1:30 to 2 o'clock. Many parents protested and when the committee adhered to its decision the Brookline Public School Association was formed and at a public mass meeting indorsed the candidacy of Mrs. Schick and Mr. Nicolls.

Reasons advanced by parents for their opposition to the time extension were that lunch-room facilities at the high school were inadequate; that the lunch period of high school and grammar school pupils did not coincide, thereby disarranging the mid-day meal schedule in homes where there were pupils in both schools; and that it handicapped boys and girls who worked in the afternoon. The decision of the school committee was made in "too autocratic a manner," they said.

Held Question of Administration
The school committee contends that the change was made in the interest of efficient administration at the school; that only one student had a job through the change and that another job was obtained for him, and that the greatest inconvenience resulted from causing students to be late at their afternoon motion picture show.

In support of the school committee the citizens' committee was formed, with Gorman Dana, Philip S. Parker, town moderator, and Frederick P. Fish, formerly chairman of the State Board of Education, at its head. The position of this organization is that the school committee must have full responsibility for the schools and should receive a vote of confidence by the people of Brookline for loyal and efficient service.

Herbert Cescinsky of London Lectures at Boston Art Museum

Discusses "Tudor Furniture Before and After the Dissolution of Monasteries"—Advises Americans to First Collect Their Own Antiques

In the opinion of Herbert Cescinsky of London, collector and world authority on old English furniture, who discussed "Tudor Furniture Before and After the Dissolution of Monasteries" this afternoon at the Museum of Fine Arts, those engaged in the acquisition of old furniture and fine pieces in the United States at the present time lay a more genuine claim to the important title "collector" than Englishmen, similarly engaged, do as yet.

"The American collector is, believe me, more truly the connoisseur," said Mr. Cescinsky. "He is more than a man interested in merely accumulating. He values the object he buys for what it is intrinsically, for what it represents of tradition and background, of relation to the social and historic world of which it has been a part. Our English collectors tend, I believe, to a more elemental and, if I may say so, more shallow appreciation of these possessions at present. This does not suggest to me any final flaw in their artistic appreciation. It is rather a question of development of the acquisitive instinct."

Got the Type Little Known
Mr. Cescinsky pointed out that whereas the better American period furniture came relatively later in the development of the country, it was the very early period furniture of England that has attained a greater renown. He cited the fact that the English Gothic furniture is scarcely known in the United States at all. There has been a tendency, he said, to date English pieces too early. For instance, the Stuart pieces have been commonly referred to as Tudor, whereas, in reality outside of one or two pieces of great rarity in the Metropolitan Museum of Art in New York, there is probably no Tudor furniture in the United States.

"There are plenty of reproductions of English period furniture here, but it has never been sold under the classification of originals, so far as I know," said Mr. Cescinsky, in reply to a question concerning the presence of "forgeries" here. "A reproduction is all right in itself, and does not become a forgery until an attempt is made to sell it as a genuine piece. It is really to reason that the greater part of English antiques sold in this country are reproductions. Old English pieces are very popular here. There would never be enough originals to go around."

In Buying Furniture

"The safest way in buying fine pieces of furniture is to make sure of their pedigree," he continued. "All genuine pieces have pedigrees. In the days when the old pieces were made it is a well established fact that the great families had ample funds wherewith to buy fine furniture and

there is thus no reason at all why such fine antique pieces as can be found should not have attached also perfectly clear pedigrees.

"I urge people in the United States to go methodically about collecting the antique furniture of their country. Rare woodwork from other parts of the world can never be so valuable to Americans as their own. There seems, too, to be a more widespread and erudite common knowledge in the United States concerning antique furniture, a greater common facility in distinguishing the genuinely antique at a glance.

"I am very impressed with your museum here in Boston and with the care taken of its collections. The problem of how best to care for such old treasures is not always a simple one, but it seems to me that a rather higher degree of skill in such matters may be observed here than in many museums I have visited in other cities."

TAXICAB STRIKE AVERTED
A strike of more than 400 union taxicab drivers for three Boston companies, planned for today, was averted at a conference last night when the companies involved agreed to meet the demands of the drivers for a renewal of last year's wage contract stipulating \$4. for nine hours' work, 55 cents an hour for overtime, and an overriding commission. A large measure of credit for the settlement is being given to Fred M. Knight of the state Board of Conciliation and Arbitration, who acted as conciliator at the final conference.

Registered at The Christian Science Publishing House
Among the visitors from various parts of the world who registered at The Christian Science Publishing House yesterday were the following: Mr. Paul K. Flood, Groton, Mass.; Harry R. Templeton, Buffalo, N. Y.; Alex R. Petrie, Buffalo, N. Y.

FREE 10-Day Tube

THE SAFEST WAY IN BUYING FINE PIECES OF FURNITURE IS TO MAKE SURE OF THEIR PEDIGREE. All genuine pieces have pedigrees. In the days when the old pieces were made it is a well established fact that the great families had ample funds wherewith to buy fine furniture and

Her Wonderful Teeth

Remove the dingy film that's clouding yours and you'll be surprised that your teeth are just as white and charming as any one's—make this unique test.

HERE is a simple test that proves the truth that most of us have pretty teeth without ever knowing we have, or ever revealing it. This is the reason: Run your tongue across your teeth, and you will feel a film. A film which absorbs discolorations and hides the natural color of your teeth.

Remove it and your teeth take on a new beauty. Maybe you have really beautiful teeth without realizing it. Old-time dentifrices were unable to remove the film successfully.

FREE Mail this for 10-day Tube to: THE PERSOL CO., 110 N. 11th St., Chicago, Ill., U. S. A.

Symbolic Panels at Masonic Temple



The Date "1733" Indicates the Founding of St. John's Lodge, Ancient Free and Accepted Masons, the First Lodge in America. The Date "1899" Denotes the Completion of the Present Building.

BATES READY FOR ANNUAL CARNIVAL

Intercollegiate Winter Sport Meet on Last Day

LEWISTON, Me., Feb. 10 (Special).—The Bates College annual carnival will take place on the campus, Thursday, Friday, and Saturday of this week, the last day being set aside for the program of the Maine intercollegiate winter sport meet.

Preliminary to the sports on the campus, the Bates Outing Club, under the auspices of which they are held, will dedicate their cabin on Baboits Mountain, in the neighboring town of Wales. The exercises will include addresses by Edwin D. Canham, president of the club, Dr. George F. Finkle, a Lewiston clergyman, and Chester A. Jenkins, coach. Thursday afternoon the program calls for hockey and skating events for both men and women, followed by "Open House" at Rand Hall in the evening. Friday afternoon snowshoe and ski races of many kinds, for both men and women, will be enjoyed, followed by an ice carnival in the evening with burlesque hockey, general skating and awarding of prizes.

Saturday, in the intercollegiate program, championship matches will take place on the ski jump on David Mountain. There will be cross-country skiing, fancy skating, and hockey between Bates and M. I. T. from Boston.

GEORGIAN CAFETERIAS START PUBLICITY PLAN

Managers of Georgian cafeterias and their assistants were guests of the officers at a get-together luncheon at the Quincy House yesterday afternoon. The purpose of the publicity campaign expected to carry word of the cafeterias to all parts of Metropolitan Boston.

Verne Philbrook, president, and L. B. Hawes, of the "Gouldston Company, Inc., advertising counsel for the Georgian Cafeterias, spoke briefly on the proposed campaign which Mr. Philbrook characterized as "the most unique campaign ever adopted by any restaurant organization."

Mr. Hawes explained that if any lasting success was to be made, advertising must be backed by good service to patrons and that every member of the organization should be an advertiser for the company. It is the policy of the company to hold similar luncheons at regular intervals.

DAWKINS from Veitch's SEEDS
The Perfection of Quality at a Reasonable Price
408 King's Rd., Chelsea, London, Eng.
EVANS & SONS—CONFECTIONERS
will send post free in U. K. a "Royal" Balmoral Cake as supplied by them to H. R. H. the Duke of York, for \$4/6 or 5/6.

PAIGNTON, ENGLAND
ARCHITECTURAL DECORATOR
F. W. CLIFFORD
TUDOR HOUSE
Dorset Place, Vauxhall Bridge Road, London, S. W. 1, England.

"The Home of the Renovation Trade"
Furs cleaned, altered & repaired by best of skilled workmen at lowest charges. Ladies' & Men's. Makers of the linen union mothproof Bag.
ARTHUR PERRY
Furrier, 18 Great Marlborough St., London, W. 1, England. Phone GERRARD 5007

Madame Olga Hope
specializes in Sports Wear, Evening Gowns and Hats. Latest Models from Paris.
25 Ebury Street, Belgrave London, W. 1, England. Telephone VICTORIA 5553

ADVERTISING
Counsel and Service based on analytical and constructive methods which have made clients' products known and wanted throughout the world.
BRITISH EMPIRE
Roy Valkenburg
Derrière 110 St. Martins Lane TRAFALGAR SQ. LONDON ENGLAND

NOTE THE CURVE
A Corset that really fits you is a valuable asset to your comfort. The "Curve" Corset, which follows the natural curve of the body, gives you the most perfect support. It will have no trouble in adjusting itself as there is ample room for the body to expand.
11d. each, 10/6. per doz. Made in U. S. A.
EDWARD KENT LTD.
SHIRT AND COLLAR SPECIALISTS
70, CANAL STREET, LONDON, E. C. 2, ENGLAND. Phone CITY 5009

MASONS SELL BOSTON TEMPLE

Will Use Present Quarters Until New Home Is Built

An agreement has been signed by the officers of the Massachusetts Grand Lodge of Masons with Fred Holdsworth and Robert D. Farrington for the sale of the Masonic Temple at Boylston and Tremont streets, but a site for a new temple has not been selected, according to Dudley H. Ferrell, Grand Master.

According to the terms of the agreement the fraternity will retain the present quarters until the new temple is ready for occupancy. The agreement must be approved by the Grand Lodge at its March meeting.

The present Masonic Temple is a two-story brick and granite building, used for stores, halls, lodge rooms, and offices of the various Boston Masonic lodges. There is a total assessment of \$1,800,000 on the property, of which \$1,725,000 is on the 10,148 square feet of land.

Erected during the years of 1838 and 1839 in the administration of Charles G. Hutchinson, the Temple was formally dedicated Dec. 27 of the latter year. The occasion marking a significant step in the development of Massachusetts Masonry. The cornerstone was laid June 8 of the year previous.

The two dates, 1733 and 1899, cut into a panel of stone on either side of the Boylston Street entrance to the building, indicate the story of the growth of Masonry in the Commonwealth.

It was in 1733 that the first regularly constituted body of Masons, the St. John's Lodge, was organized in Massachusetts, it likewise being the first in America. Henry Price was appointed Provincial Grand Master of the latter year. The Grand Master of Masonry in England. The year 1899 notes the completion of the present Masonic Temple.

Members of the building committee who supervised the construction of the edifice included Mr. Hutchinson, Edwin B. Holmes and Frank T. Dwinell. John Carr was Grand Treasurer at the time, and Sereno D. Nickerson Grand Secretary. Loring & Phipps were the architects.

W. B. SKELTON NAMED DIRECTOR ON B. & M.

William B. Skelton of Lewiston, Me., was elected a director of the Boston & Maine Railroad at a meeting of the board of directors today. He succeeds Charles Sumner Cook of Portland, Me., resigned.

Mr. Skelton, who is an attorney, is vice-president and director of the Maine State Chamber of Commerce and Agricultural League; president of the First National Bank of Lewiston, of the Lewiston Loan and Building Association, Androscoggin and Kennebec Railroad Company, and of the Lewiston Gas Light Company; vice-president and director of the Central Maine Power Company and Androscoggin Electric Company, and treasurer of the Union Water Power Company and the Androscoggin Reservoir Company. From 1914 to 1919, Mr. Skelton was a member of the Maine Public Utilities Commission. He was graduated from Bates College in 1882.

SACO DEMOCRATS NOMINATE
SACO, Me., Feb. 10.—Wallace Harmon, formerly judge in the Saco Municipal Court and long identified with city government and politics, was last night nominated Democratic candidate for Mayor in the election which takes place the first Monday in March. The Republicans will nominate next Wednesday.

LADIES' & CHILDREN'S OUTFITTER
Louisa
Children's knitted goods a specialty (Facing New St.) Tel. C 433
215 Broadway, New York, N. Y.

THE "EVEDAY" HARD TENNIS COURT CO.
NON-REMOUNTED
10 ELMHURST ROAD, LONDON, W. 10, ENGL.
Telephone: Hammersmith 894
Specialists in the construction of Hard Tennis Courts, Clubhouse, and Bowling Green and Sports Grounds, also Landscaping, Lawns, etc. Write for particulars. Estimates given.

Nearly a Century Ago
JACKSON'S of PICCADILLY
were the pioneers in introducing American Fancy Groceries into England. Now both British & American residents visit our shops here to find all they associate with "Home." A feature of our business is the famous "Hampshire of Choice Desert Fruits for "Bon Voyage."

Rt. Jackson & Co., Ltd.
111, 113 Piccadilly, London, W. 1, Eng.
Telephone: Regent 2000
Belgrave Branch: 21, Belgrave Square, London, W. 1, Eng.
St. James's Branch: 111, St. James's, London, W. 1, Eng.

"Express" Vacuum Cleaner
Weight only 14 lb. Well made. Powerful suction. A Room in Every House. Fully guaranteed. A complete service. J. RATCLIFFE & CO., Corn Market, Derby, England. Phone DERBY 2918

Rough & Sons LINEN SPECIALISTS
Importers of Handkerchiefs, etc. 56-57 HIGH ST. BROMLEY

WINTER UNDERWEAR
Kindly write or pay us a visit 215-217 High Holborn LONDON

John Dyer's Famous Fabrics
Write for Patterns. Any length. Post Free in United Kingdom.

"UNDELAWN"
for daily lingerie. A durable cambric of fine texture, with full 40 in. wide. Suitable for morning and sports; also for girls' and boys' school clothing, etc. "Undelawn" may be had in plain, patterned, striped, and checked. Write for Patterns. Range B. 22. 1/- per yard

"GLENNMOOR" TWEED
A fine quality, durable cloth of full 40 in. wide. Suitable for morning and sports; also for girls' and boys' school clothing, etc. "Glennmoor" may be had in plain, patterned, striped, and checked. Write for Patterns. Range B. 22. 2/- per yard

John Dyer
SOUTHERN ENGLAND

PRIMARY ACT REPEAL WORKERS SEE OBSTACLE IN GOV. WINANT

New Hampshire Executive Said to Be Against Abolition of Law and Likely to Veto Measure in Legislature if It Reaches Him

CONCORD, N. H., Feb. 10 (Special).—Supporters of the movement to obtain repeal of the direct primary law have struck a snag in the prospect that Gov. John G. Winant would veto any measure designed to abolish the present system and return to the caucus and convention method.

Sentiment in the lower house is sharply divided over the repeal measure in the Legislature, the Democratic Party being opposed to it and the Republican majority being split on the issue.

New Hampshire adopted the primary in 1908, blazing the way in this direction among the eastern states. The arguments for its abolition are that the primary has limited the field of candidates for important offices to men of means or those who can finance campaigns at both the primary and election; that the

primary attracts less than a majority of the voters; and that the candidates nominated as a general rule are not as strong as was the case before the primary.

The arguments in favor of retaining the primary are that it is a more democratic institution than the old-fashioned convention; that under its operation all the people who wish have a direct voice in the selection of candidates; and that the restoration of the caucus and convention system would throw control back into the hands of party bosses and professional politicians.

The question as it stands today is not a partisan one, although the record in the past has been that the Democrats have stood generally by the primary system and the Republicans have not been so unitedly in its support.

\$1,000,000 SEWERAGE APPROPRIATION STAYED

John A. Donaghy, city councilman, prevented a vote by the Boston City Council in favor of Mayor Curley's measure for an appropriation of \$1,000,000 for sewerage construction in Boston yesterday at City Hall on the ground that municipal laborers should be substituted for the employees of private contractors who have ordinarily done this work.

Mr. Donaghy opposed construction by private contractors when the city is equipped, he said, with public works forces which should be used for such undertakings and new employees hired by the city if needed.

Joseph A. Rourke, commissioner of the Department of Public Works, said the city could not now do such work as his forces were not large enough. He said the city lacked the equipment for such work and that besides, the men in the service were not adapted to such employment.

Mr. Donaghy cited that World War veterans had done much of the East Boston tunnel extension and declared that the corporation counsel should decide whether such a plan could be tried again.

MAINE CENTRAL PLEA FOR WRITS DISMISSED

AUGUSTA, Me., Feb. 10.—Petitions of the Maine Central Railroad and the Portland Terminal Company for writs of mandamus against the Public Utilities Commission in the pulpwood rates case were dismissed yesterday by Chief Justice Leslie C. Corbush of the Supreme Court.

The petitioners asked the court to compel the commissioners to make certain, specified and additional findings of facts in connection with their decision in establishing a schedule of rates for the transportation of pulpwood, and to have the chairman, Charles E. Gurney, allow a certain bill of exceptions in the case.

"LUSK'S"
California Canned Fruits and Delicious Fruit Salad
Ask your Grocer for "LUSK'S"
25 Monument St., London, E. C. 3, Eng.

BRADLEY & FERRIS LTD.
General, Fancy & Furnishing Drapers
Reliable Goods at Moderate Prices
251, 253, 255, 257, 259, 261, 263, 265, 267, 269, 271, 273, 275, 277, 279, 281, 283, 285, 287, 289, 291, 293, 295, 297, 299, 301, 303, 305, 307, 309, 311, 313, 315, 317, 319, 321, 323, 325, 327, 329, 331, 333, 335, 337, 339, 341, 343, 345, 347, 349, 351, 353, 355, 357, 359, 361, 363, 365, 367, 369, 371, 373, 375, 377, 379, 381, 383, 385, 387, 389, 391, 393, 395, 397, 399, 401, 403, 405, 407, 409, 411, 413, 415, 417, 419, 421, 423, 425, 427, 429, 431, 433, 435, 437, 439, 441, 443, 445, 447, 449, 451, 453, 455, 457, 459, 461, 463, 465, 467, 469, 471, 473, 475, 477, 479, 481, 483, 485, 487, 489, 491, 493, 495, 497, 499, 501, 503, 505, 507, 509, 511, 513, 515, 517, 519, 521, 523, 525, 527, 529, 531, 533, 535, 537, 539, 541, 543, 545, 547, 549, 551, 553, 555, 557, 559, 561, 563, 565, 567, 569, 571, 573, 575, 577, 579, 581, 583, 585, 587, 589, 591, 593, 595, 597, 599, 601, 603, 605, 607, 609, 611, 613, 615, 617, 619, 621, 623, 625, 627, 629, 631, 633, 635, 637, 639, 641, 643, 645, 647, 649, 651, 653, 655, 657, 659, 661, 663, 665, 667, 669, 671, 673, 675, 677, 679, 681, 683, 685, 687, 689, 691, 693, 695, 697, 699, 701, 703, 705, 707, 709, 711, 713, 715, 717, 719, 721, 723, 725, 727, 729, 731, 733, 735, 737, 739, 741, 743, 745, 747, 749, 751, 753, 755, 757, 759, 761, 763, 765, 767, 769, 771, 773, 775, 777, 779, 781, 783, 785, 787, 789, 791, 793, 795, 797, 799, 801, 803, 805, 807, 809, 811, 813, 815, 817, 819, 821, 823, 825, 827, 829, 831, 833, 835, 837, 839, 841, 843, 845, 847, 849, 851, 853, 855, 857, 859, 861, 863, 865, 867, 869, 871, 873, 875, 877, 879, 881, 883, 885, 887, 889, 891, 893, 895, 897, 899, 901, 903, 905, 907, 909, 911, 913, 915, 917, 919, 921, 923, 925, 927, 929, 931, 933, 935, 937, 939, 941, 943, 945, 947, 949, 951, 953, 955, 957, 959, 961, 963, 965, 967, 969, 971, 973, 975, 977, 979, 981, 983, 985, 987, 989, 991, 993, 995, 997, 999, 1001, 1003, 1005, 1007, 1009, 1011, 1013, 1015, 1017, 1019, 1021, 1023, 1025, 1027, 1029, 1031, 1033, 1035, 1037, 1039, 1041, 1043, 1045, 1047, 1049, 1051, 1053, 1055, 1057, 1059, 1061, 1063, 1065, 1067, 1069, 1071, 1073, 1075, 1077, 1079, 1081, 1083, 1085, 1087, 1089, 1091, 1093, 1095, 1097, 1099, 1101, 1103, 1105, 1107, 1109, 1111, 1113, 1115, 1117, 1119, 1121, 1123, 1125, 1127, 1129, 1131, 1133, 1135, 1137, 1139, 1141, 1143, 1145, 1147, 1149, 1151, 1153, 1155, 1157, 1159, 1161, 1163, 1165, 1167, 1169, 1171, 1173, 1175, 1177, 1179, 1181, 1183, 1185, 1187, 1189, 1191, 1193, 1195, 1197, 1199, 1201, 1203, 1205, 1207, 1209, 1211, 1213, 1215, 1217, 1219, 1221, 1223, 1225, 1227, 1229, 1231, 1233, 1235, 1237, 1239, 1241, 1243, 1245, 1247, 1249, 1251, 1253, 1255, 1257, 1259, 1261, 1263, 1265, 1267, 1269, 1271, 1273, 1275, 1277, 1279, 1281, 1283, 1285, 1287, 1289, 1291, 1293, 1295, 1297, 1299, 1301, 1303, 1305, 1307, 1309, 1311, 1313, 1315, 1317, 1319, 1321, 1323, 1325, 1327, 1329, 1331, 1333, 1335, 1337, 1339, 1341, 1343, 1345, 1347, 1349, 1351, 1353, 1355, 1357, 1359, 1361, 1363, 1365, 1367, 1369, 1371, 1373, 1375, 1377, 1379, 1381, 1383, 1385, 1387, 1389, 1391, 1393, 1395, 1397, 1399, 1401, 1403, 1405, 1407, 1409, 1411, 1413, 1415, 1417, 1419, 1421, 1423, 1425, 1427, 1429, 1431, 1433, 1435, 1437, 1439, 1441, 1443, 1445, 1447, 1449, 1451, 1453, 1455, 1457, 1459, 1461, 1463, 1465, 1467, 1469, 1471, 1473, 1475, 1477, 1479, 1481, 1483, 1485, 1487, 1489, 1491, 1493, 1495, 1497, 1499, 1501, 1503, 1505, 1507, 1509, 1511, 1513, 1515, 1517, 1519, 1521, 1523, 1525, 1527, 1529, 1531, 1533, 1535, 1537, 1539, 1541, 1543, 1545, 1547, 1549, 1551, 1553, 1555, 1557, 1559, 1561, 1563, 1565, 1567, 1569, 1571, 1573, 1575, 1577, 1579, 1581, 1583, 1585, 1587, 1589, 1591, 1593, 1595, 1597, 1599, 1601, 1603, 1605, 1607, 1609, 1611, 1613, 1615, 1617, 1619, 1621, 1623, 1625, 1627, 1629, 1631, 1633, 1635, 1637, 1639, 1641, 1643, 1645, 1647, 1649, 1651, 1653, 1655, 1657, 1659, 1661, 1663, 1665, 1667, 1669, 1671, 1673, 1675, 1677, 1679, 1681, 1683, 1685, 1687, 1689, 1691, 1693, 1695, 1697, 1699, 1701, 1703, 1705, 1707, 1709, 1711, 1713, 1715, 1717, 1719, 1721, 1723, 1725, 1727, 1729, 1731, 1733, 1735, 17

HOTELS • RESORTS • TRAVEL

TRAVEL

ENGLAND

Two London Hotels

Rubens

Rembrandt

Superior Hotel Buildings with Private Bathrooms

These hotels, named after the great painters, are situated in the most desirable positions, may be reached from all parts of London. They are under one management and highly recommended, offering the maximum of luxurious comfort combined with the latest hotel improvements at very reasonable rates.

RUBENS, RIVERVIEW, Buckingham Palace Road, Victoria 9090, facing Buckingham Palace, Rembrandt at 11, St. James's Park, London, W. 1, the King of England.

HOTEL REMBRANDT, South Kensington, S. W., Rembrandt 9100, (10 lines), facing the Victoria and Albert Museum, LITTON ON APPLICATION TO MANAGER.

CENTRAL LONDON

Hotel Gwalia

Upper Woburn Place, LONDON, W. C. 1

COMFORT & REFINEMENT

Beautiful Restaurant

Orchestra plays daily during Luncheon & Dinner

Telephone on all floors

Central Heating

Near Euston, St. James's & Kings Cross Stations. Centrally situated for West End, City & Theatreland. Reasonable terms and also exceptionally attractive, inclusive rates.

Telephone: Museum 5104 & 5105.

Telegram: GWALLATHE, LONDON.

Two popular and well appointed Temperance Hotels

CENTRAL LONDON

Opposite the British Museum

THACKERAY HOTEL

Great Russell Street, London

Near the British Museum

KINGSLEY HOTEL

St. Mark's, Bloomsbury Sq., London

Bedrooms, breakfast, bath, 8/6 per night & attendance from 8 to 12

Full tariff & testimonials on application.

Telephone: Kingsley Hotel, "Booker's", London.

Thackeray Hotel, "Thackeray", London.

FRANCE

NICE

O'Connor-Giraudy's Hotel

Open the whole year round

Near Sea

Own Garden

200 Rooms

ROTARY HEADQUARTERS

A. GIRAUDY, Prop.

IRELAND

HOTEL RUSSELL

Comfort

St. Stephen's Green

Moderate

DUBLIN

Prices

Phone 1204

CANADA

Hotel Strathcona

VICTORIA, B. C.

FIREPROOF & MODERN, REFINED & HOMELIKE

European Plan Cafe a la carte

Rates \$1.50 per day up.

BERMUDA

HAMILTON HOTEL

BERMUDA

Wonderfully located in the very heart of Bermuda's activities. Every guest of the hotel has a full and complete service.

The Hotel de Luxe of Bermuda

J. A. GIBBARD, General Manager

N. Y. Office: New Travel Bureau, 425 Fifth Avenue, New York

Phone: "Hotel Bermuda," all calls.

GREEKS CHANGE WATER SUPPLY

American Firms Tender for Task of Conveying It From Lake Marathon

ATHENS, Jan. 19 (Special Correspondence)—The difficult question of providing an adequate water supply to Athens and the Piræus has greatly occupied the Greek authorities ever since the Greek capital was removed from Nauplion to Athens in 1834.

After much negotiation it became possible to sign a contract recently between the Government and the well-known firm of Ulen & Co. of New York, under which this firm undertakes, within five years, to supply the two towns with the required quantity of water from Lake Marathon, which is 40 kilometers distant from Athens on the north, at the foot of Pentelion, where the Piræus was defeated by Minilades in 490 B. C.

Prime Minister Pleased

The Prime Minister, Mr. Michalakopoulos, in an interview with the representative of The Christian Science Monitor, expressed his pleasure at the result of these negotiations as he felt it would greatly contribute to the welfare and prosperity of the people.

The final settlement, however, is awaiting the ratification of the National Assembly and their objections are further complicated by certain

NEW YORK CITY

The Touraine

39th Street at 5th Avenue

NEW YORK

A quiet hotel where one reads and sleeps in peace and quietness. An atmosphere at once refined and cultured.

Superior Dining Service at Most Attractive Rates.

Two and three room suites with bath, beautifully furnished, from \$6 up. A nice home for nice people.

A. R. SMITH

Formerly of St. Regis.

The Claridge

Cor. Broadway & 44 St.

A HOSPITALITY HOTEL

At Times Sq., New York

No taxicab expense to 48 theatres, best shops, 3 subways.

800 outside, general-outside rooms, baths, moderately priced at \$3.50

Catering to women traveling alone. Packed, Swift and Reservations Add.

EDWARD ARLINGTON

A MANGER HOTEL

Wolcott Hotel

4 W. 31ST, OFF 5TH AVE.

NEW YORK CITY

Quiet and comfortable. Most advantageously located near shops, theaters, 5th Ave. buses, all surface and subway lines.

Rates Per Day

Room, running water, etc. \$2.50 \$2.00

Double, running water, etc. 5.00 4.00

Rooms with private bath, etc. 6.00 5.00

Double room, private bath, etc. 7.00 6.00

Paid, bedroom and bath, etc. 7.00 6.00

NO HIGHER RATES

HOTEL ST. JAMES

100-112 West 44th Street, Times Square

NEW YORK

An hotel of great dignity, having the atmosphere and appointments of a well conditioned hotel.

Most favored by women

Reasonable rates and excellent service.

W. JOHNSON QUINN

Hotel Continental

Broadway and 41st St., New York

Center of New York's Activities

Room with bath, \$3 and \$3.50

JOHN A. STROMBERG, Manager

Formerly of Parker House, Boston

RALEIGH HALL

100 W. 47th St., New York

A few seconds to everywhere.

Attractively furnished, light, airy, rooms, with and without private bath or shower.

Excellent accommodations for business and traveling.

With hotel service. Rates from \$10 weekly. Excellent accommodations for transients.

Herald Square Hotel

34th Street, Just West of Broadway

NEW YORK

One block from P. R. R. Station

FIREPROOF, ELEVATOR, ROOM HAS ELECTRIC LIGHTS, HOT AND COLD WATER

Rates \$2.00 per day and up.

ATLANTIC CITY

ITS far-famed features, comfort and service, make it a resort hotel noted throughout two continents.

"World's Greatest Hotel Success"

TRAYMORE

Atlantic City

parliamentary circles by fresh proposals which have just been tendered by another American concern, MacArthur Bros. of New York, whose terms appear more advantageous and attractive. This unexpected offer has placed the Government in a rather difficult position.

An Economist's View

Mr. Charles Vasilakakis, an expert economist and former deputy to the Greek Parliament, talking to your correspondent, explained the question as follows:

It should be noted at the outset that this is an old issue dating back to the early days of Greek independence. The population of the two towns has greatly increased and today they number 850,000. It can be seen that this is a very serious question in this one of water supply. But as it was found impossible to solve it by the initiative of our own people, it was considered necessary to have recourse to foreign capital. The result was that among the American firms, MacArthur Bros. were the first to propose a loan interest in 1914, and during the Venizelos Administration, in 1919, they were invited by the Hellenic Government to submit proposals for the construction of water works.

It is affirmed that the MacArthur proposition, owing to a misunderstanding, was rejected at a time when the firm's representative was personally absent from Athens. Mr. MacArthur hurried back to Athens and recently renewed his proposition, whereupon the Greek Government promised to submit it to Parliament along with the settlement concluded with Ulen & Co. Mr. MacArthur's proposition, however, is not a loan but a concession, and it is considered a very advantageous one for Greece.

The expected cost of the work will be approximately \$10,000,000, against the official estimate of \$10,000,000.

MISSOURI

Your Kansas City Hotel Home

In the selection of the Muehlebach, Kansas City's finest hotel, you are assured of a thoughtful service which means much to the hotel guest. You think of the Muehlebach as a "hotel home."

THREE DINING ROOMS

The Café Trionon, the Plantation Grill and the Coffee Shop give a variety of dining rooms and prices. You'll be pleased with each one of them.

AMUSEMENT

The Trionon and the Grill both offer excellent orchestral music. The dinner and supper dancing of the Grill proves a real attraction, for the music is furnished by the official Nighthawk Radio Orchestra of the Kansas City Star, W.D.A.F.

500 Rooms

12th Street and Baltimore Avenue

Hotel Muehlebach

KANSAS CITY, MO.

STATE OF WASHINGTON

Seattle, Washington

New Washington Hotel

With its superb location overlooking Harbor and Puget Sound, should appeal to discriminating readers of The Christian Science Monitor.

All rooms equipped with private bath.

European Plan, \$2.00 up.

Operated by J. C. MARMADUKE

MASSACHUSETTS

The Bancroft

Worcester, Mass.

The Rendezvous of the Connoisseur and Discriminating Traveler

CHAR. S. AVERILL, Mgr.

HOTEL PURITAN

300 Commonwealth Ave., Boston

The Distinctive Boston House

One of the most homelike hotels in the world.

C. S. ANDREWS, Mgr.

Send for Our Booklet with Guide to Historic Boston.

THE ARKAYEN

On King's Beach at 20 Humphrey St.

Swampscott, Massachusetts

ONLY 30 MINUTES FROM BOSTON

A pleasant place to live, stop awhile, or dine.

ROOMS WITH BATH. SEND FOR BOOKLET

Telephone: Swampscott 2001 or 12000

PENNSYLVANIA

The Not-Morris Hotel

117 West 30th Street, New York

Every room an outside room, equipped with bed lamp, bridge lamp, writing desk, telephone, circulating ice water, Saturday morning breakfast, morning paper free to every room. Ultra breakfast.

Suite: Single, \$2 to \$4; Double, \$4 to \$6. Send for our New Philadelphia Map

OHIO

Hotel Elyria

ELYRIA, OHIO

K. M. MURPHY, Manager

60 Rooms, 23 Baths, \$1.50 and up.

Special Attention to Tourist Business.

WASHINGTON, D. C.

Burlington Hotel

Five Minutes' Walk to Everything

WASHINGTON, D. C.

350 Rooms—With Bath, \$2.50 to \$4.00

Table d'Hôte, \$1.00 and \$1.50

VIRGINIA

The Jefferson

Richmond, Va.

The Aristocrat of Hotels in the Southland. On direct route of Dixie and Capitol Roads. See beautiful Richmond—the City of "Romance and History."

Free booklet.

O. F. WEINBERG, Mgr.

LOUISIANA

The St. Charles

NEW ORLEANS

"THE PARIS OF AMERICA"

One of America's Good Hotels

ALFRED S. AMER & CO., LTD., Props.

TEXAS

Sam Houston Hotel

HOUSTON'S NEWEST

OPENED OCTOBER 1ST

200 Rooms, 200 Baths. Rates \$2 to \$2.50

Fireproof

HOUSTON, TEXAS

FLORIDA

Security Hotel

MIAMI, FLA.

MAKE IT YOUR HOME

Rates \$1.00 up

HOTEL WASHINGTON

CULVER CITY

CALIFORNIA

MODERATE RATES

CALIFORNIA

HOTEL St. Francis

UNION SQUARE

SAN FRANCISCO

Typically Californian in its scenic setting, thoroughly San Franciscan in its atmosphere, modern in every detail of equipment, the Hotel St. Francis is "home" for the world traveler.

Management—Thos. J. Coleman

HOTEL PARK VISTA

LOS ANGELES

CALIFORNIA

NOW OPEN

622 South Alvarado Street

Facing Westlake Park

100 Outside Rooms with Bath

New and Luxuriously Furnished

Attractive Rates

St. Ann's Inn

Santa Ana, California

IN the heart of Orange County—eight miles from the sea. A three-story hostelry, set among a profusion of semi-tropical trees, shrubs and flowers. All the elegance, simplicity and homelike tone of the English Inns. Beautifully furnished; all conveniences. One-half hour over perfect roads to bathing beaches and golf links. Guests are assured every comfort and courtesy.

Hotel KUPPER

11th & McAllister Sts.

SAN FRANCISCO, CALIF.

European Plan \$1.50 to \$4.00 per day

Particularly desirable for ladies.

HOTEL VAN NUYS

FOURTH AT MAIN

LOS ANGELES

REFINEMENT

the atmosphere of quiet homelike refinement is the charm that appeals to travelers who appreciate the finer things of life...

New Furnishings & Baths

HOTEL RAMONA

J. L. Murphy

San Francisco

174 Ellis St. near Powell

Luxurious accommodations in a really fine hotel at rates distinctly reasonable

all rooms are outside

all rooms have private bath

all rooms the same rate

1 person 2/5 per

2 persons 3/5 per

Two beds 4/5 per

In center of the shopping and business district

Room open to the public.

LOYD

SHRINERS

A number of Shriners with their families are going to travel first-class in Europe in a congenial party this summer. Accommodations for a few more are available. Investigation by Shriners or members of their families is invited. For complete information address:

CHARLES RUDOLPH

Shriners' Bank Building, St. Louis, Mo.

Clift Hotel

SAN FRANCISCO

Every room an outside room with bath. Service thoughtful and distinctive. Convenient to shopping, shops, boats and trains. San Francisco's newest fine hotel.

Write for folder and rates.

FREDERICK C. CLIFT

President

H. S. WARD

Resident Mgr.

SAN FRANCISCO

You'll find delightful accommodations with all modern conveniences at very low rates. Write.

COLUMBIA

441 O'Farrell St.

SAN FRANCISCO

WILTSHIRE HOTEL

STOCKTON STREET NEAR FOOT AT UNION SQUARE

SAN FRANCISCO

LEO LEBENBAUM, Manager

HOTEL SOMERTON

A comfortable place to relax between the enjoyment of the City's attractions. A block from a Christian Science Church.

440 GRAY ST., SAN FRANCISCO

THE TOUR UNIQUE

A select group enjoying the summer with the Tour Unique and correspondence is invited.

MRS. W. H. GILBERT, HOSTESS

6 Cleveland St., Orange, N. J.

You Can Plan Your TRIPS AND TOURS from the Hotel and Travel Advantages in The Christian Science Monitor

WEST INDIES

CRUISE

Megantic

Feb. 25

From New York stopping ample time for sightseeing at Havana, Santiago, Haiti, Kingston, Panama Canal, Cartagena, Caracas, La Guaira, Port of Spain, Barbados, Fort de France, St. Thomas, San Juan, Nassau.

MEDITERRANEAN

Adriatic

Feb. 26

Lapland

Mar. 7

Cruises from New York stopping ample time for sightseeing at Madeira, Gibraltar, (Algeiras), Algiers, Monaco, Naples, Athens, Constantinople, Haifa (for Holy Land), Alexandria (for Cairo and the Nile Country). Naples and Monaco on return trip.

WHITESTARLINE REDSTARLINE

84 State Street, Boston, or any authorized steamship agent.

SOUTH AMERICA

The Preferred Route

EXPERIENCED tourists choose the E. Amos Santa Barbara for their luxury—business men, for their speed. Regular fortnightly sailings from New York thru the Panama Canal to Peru, Chile, Bolivia, etc. Special reduced rates around South America Tours are:

R. R. Santa Luisa Feb. 19

R. R. Santa Teresa Mar. 5

R. R. Santa Ana Mar. 19

R. R. Santa Elia Apr. 2

Full particulars at local agents or write for booklet.

GRACE LINE

10 Hanover Square, New York

To New York

Fall River Line

Daily Service All the Year 'Round

Lv. So. Sta. (Boat Train) 6:00 P.M.

Lv. Fall River (Steamer) 7:30 P.M.

THE finest passenger ships in coastwise service. Steel construction embodies every known feature designed to insure safety in water transportation. Beautiful lounging salons, orchestral concerts, unsurpassed dining and saloon service, comfortable berths and staterooms.

Fare \$6.28

Tickets at 67 Franklin Street

South Station and Back Bay Station

Descriptive booklet on request

Address: Passenger Traffic Department, Room 552, South Station, Boston

To the Orient

From San Francisco

On U. S. "President" Ships

New American-built oil-burning vessels, 335 feet long, 21,000 displacement tons.

PRES. WILSON Feb. 21 Mar. 2

PRES. LINCOLN Mar. 7 May 16

PRES. CLEVELAND Mar. 21 May 30

PRES. PIERCE Apr. 4 June 12

PRES. TAFT Apr. 18 June 27

Stopping at Honolulu enroute to Yokohama, Kobe, Shanghai, Hong Kong and Manila. These sister ships offer the utmost in American comforts, food and service to trans-Pacific travelers. All rooms are outside, extra large and the majority have private baths. The route along the "Sunshine Belt to the Orient" is ideal.

California Orient Line

Operated by

U. S. Shipping Board

by Pacific Mail S. S. Co.

Managing Operators

10 Hanover Square, New York City

or local railroad and ticket agencies

AMERICAN SHIPS to Europe

THE ships of the United States Lines give the same American comforts, food and service that he expects in his club or metropolitan hotel. There is a passage for every purse on the first class ships Leviathan, George Washington, President Harding, President Roosevelt and the "one class" ships America and Rep. bic.

For information on sailing rates, etc., apply to your local agent.

United States Lines

25 STATE ST., BOSTON

Managing Operators for U. S. SHIPPING BOARD

ORIENT

from Seattle

on U. S. "President" Ships

via Victoria, B. C. to Yokohama, Kobe, Shanghai, Hong Kong and Manila.

PRES. GRANT Mar. 21 May 21

PRES. MADISON Mar. 4 May 3

PRES. JACKSON Mar. 16 May 15

PRES. MONROE Mar. 28 May 27

PRES. JEFFERSON Apr. 9 June 8

and every 12 days thereafter.

These six sister ships are American-built oil-burners, 335 feet long, 21,000 displacement tons. Sailing over the Short Route through the warm Japanese currents, they make the fastest time from the United States to the Orient reaching Yokohama in only eleven sailing days. Accommodations, cuisine and service conform to the highest standards.

American Oriental Mail Line

Operated by

United States Shipping Board

by Admiral Oriental Line

Managing Operators

177 State St., Boston

or local railroad and ticket agencies

EUROPE and AMERICA

Our 1925 fully illustrated booklet on travel in Europe and America gives comprehensive and delightful tours in detail. Send for booklet "25."

Europe—By Motor!

Offers new ideas in European Travel—De Luxe at a nominal cost. Booklet "25" sent upon request.

LIFSEY TOURS, Inc.

1475 Broadway, or 412 Broadway

London NEW YORK, N. Y. Paris

HAWAII

Direct from Los Angeles

via The Southern Route of Smooth Seas and Sunshine

as GIANT LUXURY LINERS

LOS ANGELES STEAMSHIP CO.

Los Angeles Steamship Co., 517 South Spring Street

Los Angeles, California

Local Traveler or Ticket Agent

EUROPE

Attractive tours, leaving June and July, visiting Scotland, England, Belgium, France, the Rhine, Switzerland, Italy, 9500 and up, 34 to 78 days.

Wonderful sightseeing programs with best guides.

STUDOLPH TRAVEL BUREAU

Metropolitan Bank Bldg., St. Louis

Grand Summer Cruise July 1, 1925

Norway—Western Mediterranean

Specialty chartered new "Lancasteria," 53 days, \$550 up, including hotels, guides, drives, fees. Fascinating trip, 1926 World Cruise, Jan. 20, includes packing \$1250 to \$1500. Mediterranean, Jan. 30, including Lisbon, Tunis, and 15 days Palestine and Egypt, \$600 to \$1700.

F. C. CLARK, Times Bldg., New York

Women's Enterprises, Fashions and Activities

Mother and Daughter Unite in an Outdoor Enterprise

With a mother and daughter team driving from the old Saw Mill Road in Westchester County, New York, any time last year between the end of May and the first of November, they might have seen the wretched little shack, a few miles this side of Tarrytown, standing in a meadow between two small elms. Her eye would have been caught first by its fresh green and white paint with orange trimmings, its gay window boxes filled with nasturtiums and the decorative twines with ambitious vines mounting window-ward upon them. Then something familiar about its lines would have struck her and she would have exclaimed "Why it looks as if it had started out in life as a lunch wagon." That indeed was the humble origin of the Meadow Tea Wagon. And any investigator who mounted the steps would have seen the proprietors, Mrs. Isabel Jennings and her daughter Florence, the former pleasantly known to the latter's friends as "Aunt Belle."

The Luck of an Independent Business

These two agreeable gentlemen of old Connecticut stock look rather like two sisters than mother and daughter. Both are kind, friendly, and have hair, bright eyes, rosy cheeks, and a general air of efficiency. It was a very interesting account which the writer heard from their lips with regard to the inception and working out of this novel venture.

Some years ago, finding themselves alone in the world, but happy that they were able to be together in their own home in New York City, the two women sought and found positions in the business world, the elder in an advertising concern and the younger in secretarial work.

Finally, however, Miss Jennings grew restless and suggested to her mother going together into some business enterprise. They talked the matter over from various standpoints and finally the conclusion was reached that the running of a tea room offered the greatest scope for their housewifely and business abilities, especially as Mrs. Jennings has a decided talent for cooking. Then, too, the way has been blazed along this line by the hundreds of women who have found therein a means of self-support and a career.

But we must get about it in a business-like way, Florence said, the sensible and practical Mrs. Jennings. We must make the fullest possible inquiries, not only as to the best manner of conducting such an enterprise, but with respect to desirable locations, to necessary equipment, and, above all, as to the minimum amount of capital required.

"We considered this matter. The two women set to work with gusto to investigate all these matters. But the last item that of capital proved a stumbling-block.

"What is the least amount necessary," the writer inquired, "for the opening of an unpretentious place of refreshment in an advantageous locality?"

"Several thousand dollars are necessary," answered Miss Jennings, "even for the most modest sort of a place. For those on a more elaborate scale, \$10,000 is none too much to cover rental, fixtures and other equipment, light, heat, service, etc."

"Since our funds were quite inadequate for the opening of even a small place in town," she continued, "we had to give up this idea. Our next thought was that we might be able to find a little roadside on one of the main highways leading into New York. So in pleasant days last spring, when we could get off, we traveled far and wide in our dependable little car, hunting for such a place.

They Took the Hint

"We traveled hundreds of miles in various directions without finding a single house that was at once suitable and within our means. Then one day as we were driving over one of the fine roads in Westchester County, my attention was caught by an abandoned lunch wagon, tipped

over on its side to be out of the way of traffic. We both exclaimed like a flash, 'There's our business.' We stopped the car, got out and went over to look at the find. To tell the truth, it was a pretty dismal sight. It was the most forlorn old wreck you could imagine, battered, dirty and almost paintless; while inside it was practically indescribable, walls



By Refurbishing an Abandoned Lunch Wagon Mrs. and Miss Jennings Were Able One Summer to Run a Tea Room Which Gave Them Both Enjoyment and Income.

floor and counter bearing unmistakable and depressing evidence of months or perhaps years of strictly masculine cooking and cleaning."

"But were you able simply to annex this, without reference to its former owner?"

"Not at all; we drove into the nearest town, Elmsford, and after some inquiry discovered the owner and struck a bargain with him. 'Since we found it impossible to get help we set to work ourselves scrubbing and cleaning until our wagon was fairly respectable. But the next step was to find a suitable location. This offered unexpected difficulties, since most of the land in the neighborhood was either part and parcel of one of the great estates belonging to wealthy residents, or else belonged to the Park Commission. After traveling weary miles to find a place to plant our new-bought property, we did what we should have done at first and consulted a real estate man. We were fortunate in finding one who was not only competent but friendly and kind, taking a personal interest in the enterprise. Through him we were able to rent from a farmer near Elmsford a plot in a great meadow at the foot of a hill, and we then engaged a truck to haul the lunch wagon to the new location, placing it about 20 feet back from the Old Saw Mill Road, along which there is a good deal of limousine traffic which, of course, was admirable for our purpose."

Preparing for Success

"Did you remodel the interior?"

"Oh, yes, our wagon formed a room about 9 by 13 feet. We had the counter and stools taken out, and ran a partition across one end so as to make a small kitchen. The old buffet looked rather hopeless at first, but was improved when thoroughly cleaned and painted lemon yellow with a blue trim. By the way I did most of the painting myself, both inside and out. The three tables and 12 chairs which the remodeled room accommodated, were also finished in lemon yellow, blue and black, forming an harmonious color scheme with the window boxes of gay nasturtiums and the curtains of orange net which

Ladies' Buckram and Wire Hat Frames
Hat Trimmings in Flowers and Feathers
Remodeling of All Kinds of Ladies' Capital Hat Shop
208-1112 St. N. W.
WASHINGTON, D. C.

Swan's
THE ARCADE
5325 Fourteenth Street, Northwest
WASHINGTON, D. C.
Make our store your headquarters for Spring Wearing Apparel and Novelties. Haberdashery that men appreciate. We appreciate your inspection of our values.

Mayer Bros. & Co.
92 and 93 F Street, N. W.
WASHINGTON, D. C.
Ladies', Misses' and Children's Apparel
Such as Coats, Dresses, Suits, Millinery and Hosiery. You will always find the latest styles moderately priced. Your visit is appreciated.

Morrison's
1110 F St. N. W., Washington, D. C.
Millinery
Moderately Priced
Spring Showing
of Individual
Gowns, Wraps and Hats
New York Store, 514 Madison Ave.

Sale of Silks, Dress Goods
and Notions Prevails During February
KING PALACE
510-512
7th Street N. W.
Washington, D. C.

we ran onto small branches cut from our elm trees. But I must tell you, the speaker added, 'that while we did the bulk of the work ourselves we had all sorts of help from interested friends and neighbors. For example, one friend made the screens and another gave us the trellises and another painted very artistic signs for us, and, perhaps



By Refurbishing an Abandoned Lunch Wagon Mrs. and Miss Jennings Were Able One Summer to Run a Tea Room Which Gave Them Both Enjoyment and Income.

the cost of running the car which took us back and forth each day. We did not quite cover the original outlay in addition, but on the other hand we doubled the value of our investment, so that we could sell the wagon as it stands for more than twice what it cost us."

"And what about the positions you each held, were they held open?"

"Oh, no, we resigned as a matter of course, but both of us readily obtained new work when we returned to town in the autumn."

Most important of all, the friendly realtor lent us some iron pipe, by means of which we led water from a spring, luckily situated at the foot of a hill, right into our kitchen! "Hot water," we echoed, puzzled.

"Yes, since the pipe was laid on the top of the ground, the sun heated it and kept it hot, almost all day. Then, since there was an electric conduit at the side of the road, it was an easy matter to lead a wire above the great elm and down into our lunch room. Since we stayed open until 10 o'clock at night, serving many motor parties in the late afternoon and evening, this was a very important feature."

"I mustn't forget to tell you that some of our steady customers were the cadets from a nearby 'sold course.' For their benefit—not to mention our own convenience—we had a small lean-to, open at the side, erected at one end of our shack. Here we did a brisk trade in hot dogs and ice cream cones."

Counter and Stools

"The counter and stools taken out of the wagon were utilized in furnishing this lean-to, and gave great joy to many of our limousine customers. To perch on the stools of the ex-lunch wagon was a new experience for them."

"What did you serve your more exacting customers?"

"Various kinds of hot drinks and 'soft drinks' with sandwiches, salads and desserts, including ice cream and pastry. On some days, too, we had special dishes, such as home-made baked beans and brown bread."

"And what were the results financially speaking?"

"Very satisfactory. We had a delightful summer in the country which we could not otherwise have afforded, and paid all expenses, both those involved in the enterprise itself and our own maintenance, including food, clothes, and the rental of our city apartment, as well as"

CANTILEVERS FOR COMFORT LOVERS
Cantilever Shoe
Second Floor, 1315 F Street, N. W.
WASHINGTON, D. C.

THE LOTUS LANTERN
129-131 Seventh Street, N. W.
WASHINGTON, D. C.

Tea House & Gift Shop
Luncheon
Afternoon Tea

Cafeteria
Luncheon
Dinner

J. H. SMALL and SONS
FLORISTS and LANDSCAPE CONTRACTORS
DUPOINT CIRCLE
WASHINGTON, D. C.

"Exclusively Different"
Apparel for the Southland and Advance Spring Modes
Erlebacher
EXCLUSIVELY DIFFERENT
WASHINGTON, D. C.
1210-1212 F St. N. W. 64 Rue de Havillville

Palais Royal
Established 1877
Service and Courtesy
A department store, whose aim is to provide the latest in style and quality in wearing apparel for Misses, Women and Children—smart accessories—silks and household goods and furnishings—at reasonable prices—believing that the store thus conducted can best render real service to the general public.

Cities Appreciate Women on Their Police Forces

The career of policewoman is beginning to attract college graduates. The News Bulletin of the Bureau of Vocational Information, in its issue of Dec. 15, tells us that three assistants to Miss Victoria M. Murray, director of the Woman's Division of the Detroit Police Department, have taken academic degrees. Miss Louise Alexander, head of the Bureau of Identification in Greensboro, N. C., is an attorney.

The News Bulletin says further that in 1920 56 states had women police. Mary E. Hamilton, the first woman to hold such a position in New York, is at the head of 100 female officers, 20 of whom are patrol women. Mrs. Oscar Sealhorn has retired recently after 25 years in the New York Police Department. She is the only woman who has become a first-grade detective and a member of the Police Honor Legion.

Mrs. Millicent Cooper, an expert in finger prints, fills an important position in the Identification Department of the Woman's Bureau, Metropolitan Police, Washington, D. C. Mrs. Mina C. van Winkle, director of that bureau, two years ago was invited to London by Lord and Lady Astor, to build up the British women police force.

Training for this profession is supplied by the University of California, the Training School for Public Service in Boston, and the New York School of Social Work.

Northwest Savings Bank
Columbia Road and 16th Street
Washington, D. C.
First Trust Notes Netting 5 1/2% to buyer.
Safe Deposit Boxes, Checking and Savings accounts invited.

The Wayfarers' Book Shop
Fiction and Non-Fiction
Books for Children
8 Jackson Place, Lafayette Square
WASHINGTON, D. C.

LATCH STRING
In out for you for LUNCHEON and DINNER
Paramount Consideration, Cleanliness and Service.
515 15th St. N. W. Between 14th and 16th
WASHINGTON, D. C.

Phillipsborn
602 to 614 Eleventh Street
WASHINGTON, D. C.
Largest Ladies' Exclusive Apparel Shop in Washington

Always "Different"
Hahn
Six Stores in Washington Baltimore

"Exclusively Different"
Apparel for the Southland and Advance Spring Modes
Erlebacher
EXCLUSIVELY DIFFERENT
WASHINGTON, D. C.
1210-1212 F St. N. W. 64 Rue de Havillville

Palais Royal
Established 1877
Service and Courtesy
A department store, whose aim is to provide the latest in style and quality in wearing apparel for Misses, Women and Children—smart accessories—silks and household goods and furnishings—at reasonable prices—believing that the store thus conducted can best render real service to the general public.

For All Women Who Are Interested in Theatricals

As a career for women that of costuming plays is of increasing interest. If many of its particular applications in strictly professional work for the great theaters of the world, or in community drama, school representations, recreational societies, or religious pageants. "Costuming Play, Inter-Theater Arts Handbook," by Elizabeth B. Grimball and Rhys Wells (New York and London: Century Co. 48) concerns itself with historic periods from the beginning up to the American Civil War epoch, not with contemporary modes. By quick and definite analysis it manifests the elements of which dress has been composed in different civilizations and shows the modifications of these elements expressed in the prevailing garbs in succeeding periods for the several castes or classes. The materials and colors in use in different localities at specific periods are also set forth. "The book is a most recent historic costume illustrations and text are a guide for actors and needle."

Artistic effects which can be wrought out of this data are not capable of an equal simplification, for these are not a matter of formula alone or chiefly. So far, however, as formula can supply the necessary basis for imaginative development the volume is efficient. It is clear in its exposition of the effects of light on various textures and colors, and on the interplay of colors, and on the emotional influence of color.

The elements of dress everywhere and from the beginning till the present time are tunic, loin cloth, and cloak. The north employed these elements first for warmth, the south for adornment. The tunic developed first in Egypt and another in Assyria, and another in Greece, but it is always a garment hanging from the shoulders. From the loin cloth developed the skirt, the trousers, and all garments hanging from the waist. The cloak has manifested itself as the Greek peplos, the Roman toga and stola, the ecclesiastical surplice, and the modern shawl, coat, cape, and wrap.

All garments originally were loose, but when they became fitted to the contours of the body drastic changes in the silhouette occurred. Headgear and foot gear, fans, jewelry, and nail decorations, as a distinctive of place and time as are the basic garments.

Such facts form the grammar of historic costuming, but obviously they are only that. The rich, imaginative language by means of which clothes are made expressive of individuals and of dramatic situations is created out of the intelligence and fervor of the costumer. For, however, must not be ungrammatical, and the facts and theories laid down in this book will help it toward artistic expression, and will save it from the wastefulness of blundering. No one interested in theatricals can afford to do without the volume.

Designed on the Wheel

One of the sons, W. Howson Taylor, in accordance with his father's wish, became a potter and is the owner of the pottery in West Smithwick. Here, unlike the ordinary pottery, in comparatively few of which there is a thrower, every piece is not only thrown but designed in the first place on the wheel. Each shape is evolved while Mr. Taylor sits beside the thrower, stopping him if he does a good shape coming other than the one he had in view and having that removed for use and a fresh start.

Headgear and foot gear, fans, jewelry, and nail decorations, as a distinctive of place and time as are the basic garments.

Such facts form the grammar of historic costuming, but obviously they are only that. The rich, imaginative language by means of which clothes are made expressive of individuals and of dramatic situations is created out of the intelligence and fervor of the costumer. For, however, must not be ungrammatical, and the facts and theories laid down in this book will help it toward artistic expression, and will save it from the wastefulness of blundering. No one interested in theatricals can afford to do without the volume.

Antiques—Reproductions
Furniture, Jewelry, Mirrors, Caskets, Old China, Art Objects, Pipecases
A. F. ARNOLD
1202 E. N. W. WASHINGTON, D. C.

The Hob-Nob
1767 Columbia Road, Washington, D. C.
CAFETERIA SERVICE
Luncheon 12 to 2—Dinner 5:15 to 7:15
Sunday Dinner 12:15 to 2:15—\$1.15 to \$1.75
J. R. Douglas, Inc., 1215 F Street, N. W.

REAL ESTATE
LOANS—BUILDERS—INSURANCE
DOUGLASS
PHILLIPS
1407 NEW YORK AVE., WASHINGTON, D. C.
Special Attention to Out of Town Clients

Grosner's
1215 F STREET
WASHINGTON, D. C.
Half Yearly Reductions
Take advantage of the Semi-Annual Reductions Now Prevailing Throughout Our Stock.
KUPPENHEIMER and GROSNER
SUITS and OVERCOATS

For Women and Misses
Parker-Bridget Co.
Washington, D. C.

LANSBURGH & BRO.
430-30 7th Street, N. W., THROUGH TO 8th, WASHINGTON
February Sale of China, Glass, Lamps and Housewares
Paves the Way to Exceptional Savings on Home Needs

Woodward & Lothrop
10th, 11th, F and G Streets
WASHINGTON, D. C.
The New Printed Silks Are Beautiful
Designers of Printed Silks have drawn upon the work of modern artists and artisans, as well as the ancient. The result brings many unique and strangely beautiful colors and designs.
Priced \$2 yard and upward

VERMONT MAPLE SYRUP
Gallon this \$2.50
Half Gallon this \$1.25
Quart this \$1.00
Sample 1 lb. jar50
To orders beyond the 3rd Parcel Post zone the additional cost of freight will be charged, except that the 1 lb. jar will be sent express free of charge.

VERMONT APPLES
Carton of 24 Washington Apples \$2.00
Carton of 24 McIntosh Apples 1.50
Carton of 24 Golden Apples 1.50
The Apple, Transportation Extra.

SCOTT FARM
Bridleboro, Vermont

Beauty in Ruskin Pottery

Special Correspondence

WILL it last, or is it only a passing fad? "It is a question that one often puts to oneself when examining the handicrafts of today, for is there not a tendency to assume that enthusiasm can take the place of the hard work by which alone excellence is achieved?" Looking at a display of Ruskin pottery shown at a recent exhibition of arts and crafts, one becomes conscious of the permanent interest possessed by conscientious design.

This pottery, which is now known all over the world, was first fired about 25 years ago in a kiln in a coach house of Edward Taylor, the headmaster of the Birmingham School of Art. The whole family joined in making designs and experimenting. As they were the first to use leadless glaze, it was necessary to find a body that would go with the glaze so that the pots should not fly to pieces in the kiln as they did in the preliminary experiments.

All the color is in the glaze as in the old Chinese pottery; and the real flame colors, "sang de boeuf," peach bloom, crushed strawberry, are produced in pieces which being individual are sought after by collectors. A Japanese expert has vouchsafed the opinion that they are equal to some of the best work of the Ming Dynasty.

One of the sons, W. Howson Taylor, in accordance with his father's wish, became a potter and is the owner of the pottery in West Smithwick. Here, unlike the ordinary pottery, in comparatively few of which there is a thrower, every piece is not only thrown but designed in the first place on the wheel. Each shape is evolved while Mr. Taylor sits beside the thrower, stopping him if he does a good shape coming other than the one he had in view and having that removed for use and a fresh start.

Headgear and foot gear, fans, jewelry, and nail decorations, as a distinctive of place and time as are the basic garments.

Such facts form the grammar of historic costuming, but obviously they are only that. The rich, imaginative language by means of which clothes are made expressive of individuals and of dramatic situations is created out of the intelligence and fervor of the costumer. For, however, must not be ungrammatical, and the facts and theories laid down in this book will help it toward artistic expression, and will save it from the wastefulness of blundering. No one interested in theatricals can afford to do without the volume.

SOL HERZOG, INC.
A CORNER IN MEN'S WEAR
NINTH AND F STREET
WASHINGTON, D. C.

Marmick Lodge
SPORTS APPAREL

Copying Old Photographs
Fading Prints
Old Daguerotypes
Kodak Prints
Any Photograph
Copied and Enlarged
Restoring Likeness and Expression
With Remarkable Results
Price as low as possible for
The O. A. Toepfer Studio
6-11 West Fourth St., Cincinnati, O.
Portrait and Party Miniatures

NUYENS GRENADINE
Made and bottled in France since 1802.
The Supreme Flavoring for Beverages and Cooking.
B.B. DORF & CO.
247 Park Ave., N.Y.C. Sole Agents.

AUNT MARY'S PIE CRUST
MADE IN A MINUTE
SIMPLY ADD WATER
MAKES PERFECT PIE CRUST EVERY TIME
EVANSTON, ILLINOIS
Delivered Anywhere in United States

AUNT MARY'S PIE CRUST
MADE IN A MINUTE
SIMPLY ADD WATER
MAKES PERFECT PIE CRUST EVERY TIME
EVANSTON, ILLINOIS
Delivered Anywhere in United States

AUNT MARY'S PIE CRUST
MADE IN A MINUTE
SIMPLY ADD WATER
MAKES PERFECT PIE CRUST EVERY TIME
EVANSTON, ILLINOIS
Delivered Anywhere in United States

AUNT MARY'S PIE CRUST
MADE IN A MINUTE
SIMPLY ADD WATER
MAKES PERFECT PIE CRUST EVERY TIME
EVANSTON, ILLINOIS
Delivered Anywhere in United States

AUNT MARY'S PIE CRUST
MADE IN A MINUTE
SIMPLY ADD WATER
MAKES PERFECT PIE CRUST EVERY TIME
EVANSTON, ILLINOIS
Delivered Anywhere in United States

AUNT MARY'S PIE CRUST
MADE IN A MINUTE
SIMPLY ADD WATER
MAKES PERFECT PIE CRUST EVERY TIME
EVANSTON, ILLINOIS
Delivered Anywhere in United States

AUNT MARY'S PIE CRUST
MADE IN A MINUTE
SIMPLY ADD WATER
MAKES PERFECT PIE CRUST EVERY TIME
EVANSTON, ILLINOIS
Delivered Anywhere in United States

No Need for Monotony in Hosiery

The compilation of simple hosiery colors made by the National Association of Hosiery and Knitwear Manufacturers proclaims the astounding number of 46 colors in constant demand for stockings. Greater there will be opportunities for them and their pomegranates in the official standard hosiery color card which is to be issued by the Hosiery Color Card Association of the United States, Inc.

Nine browns, 10 grays and 10 shades of the nude, beige, fawn and tan scale are predominant. Black, tawny and tortoise shall also be classified together in six tints. Ten shades for sports wear are qualified to make the out-of-doors gay.

The names of colors are more descriptive this year than they have been in some baffling seasons. It is reported that they are being accepted contentedly by manufacturers. When spring white is special times and overtones to the same theme will be, perhaps, a new note of the familiar mystery in nomenclature.

Color and shape are useless without good fitting, and in order that the work may not be hurried no piece work is done in the pottery, the potters and other workers being paid a high weekly wage so that they are not only able to live, but to enjoy life.

All the color is in the glaze as in the old Chinese pottery; and the real flame colors, "sang de boeuf," peach bloom, crushed strawberry, are produced in pieces which being individual are sought after by collectors. A Japanese expert has vouchsafed the opinion that they are equal to some of the best work of the Ming Dynasty.

One of the sons, W. Howson Taylor, in accordance with his father's wish, became a potter and is the owner of the pottery in West Smithwick. Here, unlike the ordinary pottery, in comparatively few of which there is a thrower, every piece is not only thrown but designed in the first place on the wheel. Each shape is evolved while Mr. Taylor sits beside the thrower, stopping him if he does a good shape coming other than the one he had in view and having that removed for use and a fresh start.

Headgear and foot gear, fans, jewelry, and nail decorations, as a distinctive of place and time as are the basic garments.

Such facts form the grammar of historic costuming, but obviously they are only that. The rich, imaginative language by means of which clothes are made expressive of individuals and of dramatic situations is created out of the intelligence and fervor of the costumer. For, however, must not be ungrammatical, and the facts and theories laid down in this book will help it toward artistic expression, and will save it from the wastefulness of blundering. No one interested in theatricals can afford to do without the volume.

Supreme Silk Hosiery
Gently Colored
"For those who enjoy nice things"
\$1.75 per pair (Box 3 pairs) \$4.50
Postage Prepaid Anywhere
All leading shades. State color desired or send sample for color card.
Representatives Wanted Everywhere
J. GORDON
300 5th Ave., New York City

C. M. Bridget Co.
The only authentic
Hosiery
34 East 30th Street, New York

Copying Old Photographs
Fading Prints
Old Daguerotypes
Kodak Prints
Any Photograph
Copied and Enlarged
Restoring Likeness and Expression
With Remarkable Results
Price as low as possible for
The O. A. Toepfer Studio
6-11 West Fourth St., Cincinnati, O.
Portrait and Party Miniatures

NUYENS GRENADINE
Made and bottled in France since 1802.
The Supreme Flavoring for Beverages and Cooking.
B.B. DORF & CO.
247 Park Ave., N.Y.C. Sole Agents.

AUNT MARY'S PIE CRUST
MADE IN A MINUTE
SIMPLY ADD WATER
MAKES PERFECT PIE CRUST EVERY TIME
EVANSTON, ILLINOIS
Delivered Anywhere in United States

AUNT MARY'S PIE CRUST
MADE IN A MINUTE
SIMPLY ADD WATER
MAKES PERFECT PIE CRUST EVERY TIME
EVANSTON, ILLINOIS
Delivered Anywhere in United States

AUNT MARY'S PIE CRUST
MADE IN A MINUTE
SIMPLY ADD WATER
MAKES PERFECT PIE CRUST EVERY TIME
EVANSTON, ILLINOIS
Delivered Anywhere in United States

AUNT MARY'S PIE CRUST
MADE IN A MINUTE
SIMPLY ADD WATER
MAKES PERFECT PIE CRUST EVERY TIME
EVANSTON, ILLINOIS
Delivered Anywhere in United States

AUNT MARY'S PIE CRUST
MADE IN A MINUTE
SIMPLY ADD WATER
MAKES PERFECT PIE CRUST EVERY TIME
EVANSTON, ILLINOIS
Delivered Anywhere in United States

AUNT MARY'S PIE CRUST
MADE IN A MINUTE
SIMPLY ADD WATER
MAKES PERFECT PIE CRUST EVERY TIME
EVANSTON, ILLINOIS
Delivered Anywhere in United States

AUNT MARY'S PIE CRUST
MADE IN A MINUTE
SIMPLY ADD WATER
MAKES PERFECT PIE CRUST EVERY TIME
EVANSTON, ILLINOIS
Delivered Anywhere in United States

Women Like Post Office Work

Twenty-five thousand seven hundred and fifteen women are in the postal service of the United States outside of the District of Columbia. Many are assistants but some are chiefs, and a few are chiefs in large towns. Recently 13 women have been appointed to first-class offices and their salaries range from \$360 to \$6000. In Tampa, Fla., Mrs. Elizabeth Barnard is postmaster, having risen from the position of assistant superintendent of the mails.

HOME-MADE CANDIES
Net Price, 10c per lb. in 50 lb. Cans
Peach, Raspberry, Chocolate, Strawberry, Lemon, Orange, Vanilla, etc.
J. GORDON
300 5th Ave., New York City

HAIR NETS
30 for \$1
Over 100 styles in stock. Best quality. We guarantee our work. If not satisfied, we will refund your money.
J. GORDON
300 5th Ave., New York City

NEW BOOK
WORTH READING
BOSTON MASSACHUSETTS
375 MILK ST. BOSTON

SCARFS, HEAD BANDS
The new spring effects
Swiss or Saxon Weave
Your dealer can supply you
ask for the genuine made by
Hessie Loring Silk Mfg. Co.
Box 4, Winchester Ave., Chicago

WANT TO EARN MONEY?
Then send 50¢ to get practical ways
to make money. No money out
up front, no risk, no loss.
"Money for the Women"
Who Want It!
All from this great variety of something
new, new, new, new, new, new, new, new,
Postpaid on receipt of 50¢. Or it
will send you to tell you about it.
J. GORDON
300 5th Ave., New York City

Loose Chair Rungs
Fastened For All Time
with
HOLDERS
J. GORDON
300 5th Ave., New York City

AUNT MARY'S PIE CRUST
MADE IN A MINUTE
SIMPLY ADD WATER
MAKES PERFECT PIE CRUST EVERY TIME
EVANSTON, ILLINOIS
Delivered Anywhere in United States

AUNT MARY'S PIE CRUST
MADE IN A MINUTE
SIMPLY ADD WATER
MAKES PERFECT PIE CRUST EVERY TIME
EVANSTON, ILLINOIS
Delivered Anywhere in United States

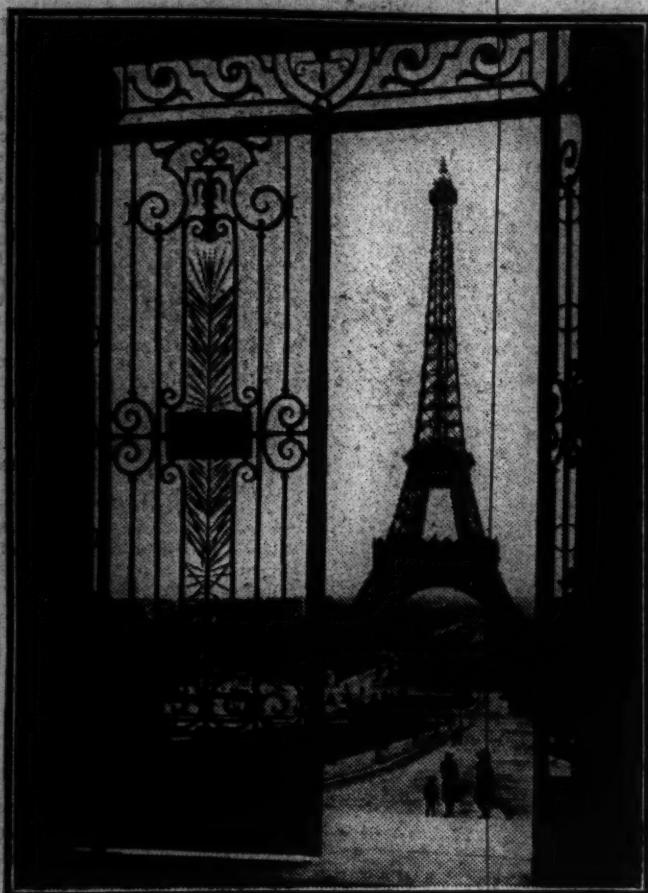
AUNT MARY'S PIE CRUST
MADE IN A MINUTE
SIMPLY ADD WATER
MAKES PERFECT PIE CRUST EVERY TIME
EVANSTON, ILLINOIS
Delivered Anywhere in United States

AUNT MARY'S PIE CRUST
MADE IN A MINUTE
SIMPLY ADD WATER
MAKES PERFECT PIE CRUST EVERY TIME
EVANSTON, ILLINOIS
Delivered Anywhere in United States

AUNT MARY'S PIE CRUST
MADE IN A MINUTE
SIMPLY ADD WATER
MAKES PERFECT PIE CRUST EVERY TIME
EVANSTON, ILLINOIS
Delivered Anywhere in United States

AUNT MARY'S PIE CRUST
MADE IN A MINUTE
SIMPLY ADD WATER
MAKES PERFECT PIE CRUST EVERY TIME
EVANSTON, ILLINOIS
Delivered Anywhere in United States

Two Towers Fitly Framed—Korean Shoe Styles—Where a President Prepared



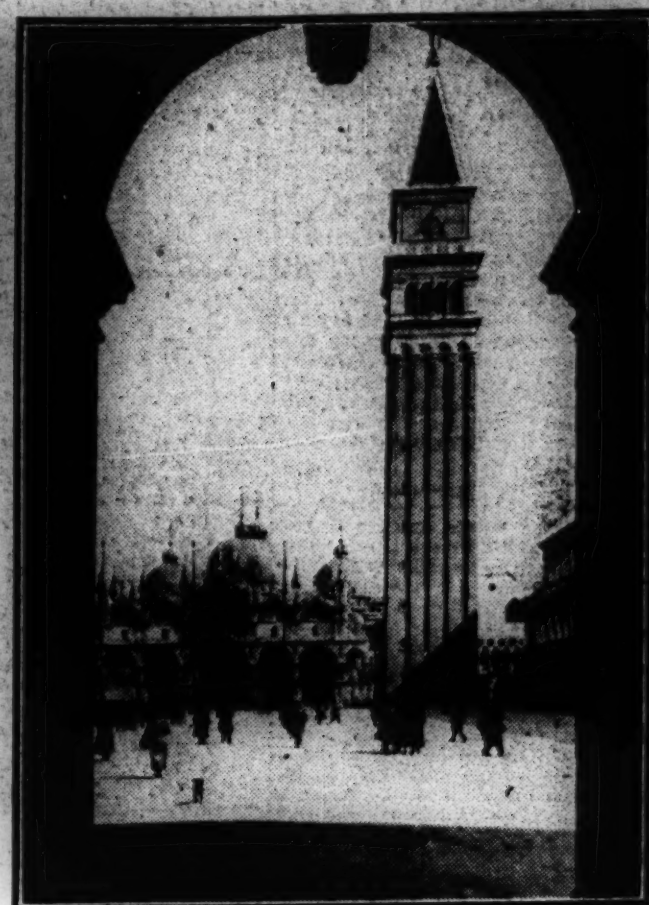
How high the inhabitants of Babel built before confusion became worse confounded, or the mythical altitude attained by the ancients in piling Pelion on Ossa, we do not know. But the Eiffel Tower in Paris (984 feet) remains the loftiest structure erected by man.

© by Ewing Galloway, N. Y.



Along in May millions of little friends here will cease their winter-long close embrace, and part. Two snowflakes here which have been intimate since first they fell, when the thaw time comes, will melt, and one may go east and the other west. For this is the Grand Continental Divide which redistributes precipitation equably between the Atlantic and Pacific. The scene is along the Ocean-to-Ocean Highway near Tennessee Pass, Colo.

Wide World Photos



The Campanile, crushed to earth, rose again! When the famous tower of St. Mark's collapsed in 1902, not only Venice, but the world, demanded that it be restored. Ten years later it again stood reverent guard over the cathedral Ruskin saw as "a vision out of the earth."

Photograph by Ewing Galloway, N. Y.



The "Low-Backed Car" of old Erin's song. And as we hum the rollicking tune, juncy lifts us aboard one of these picturesque vehicles, and off we go over the rocky road to Dublin.

© Keystone View Co.



First showing of spring footwear in Korea. So far as styles go, the people of this Oriental land have been very much of a law unto themselves. Judged by Western standards, their shoes—resembling toy canoes—are oversize, their hats compensating by being undersize. After a somewhat hectic political career Korea was annexed to Japan by the treaty of Aug. 23, 1910. It is still called Chosun by many natives. It means "morning freshness."

© Burton Holmes from Ewing Galloway, N. Y.



The boy who lived in this log house near Farmington, Ill., wrote: "I will study and prepare myself, and it may be my turn will come." And down the ages all will know Lincoln's turn came.

Wide World Photos



Start the Day the Right Way!

All children are fond of sweet, delicious foods. This is the reason for the tremendous popularity of Karo, the Great American Syrup.

Spread on bread or hot biscuits for "tween meal" hunger—served with steaming hot gridle cakes and waffles—made up into delicious candy and cookies—Karo affords a real treat for the entire family.

Tomorrow morning—delight the family with a breakfast of Karo on pancakes.

Your grocer sells three kinds of Karo—Blue, Red and Orange Label—each has a delicious flavor.

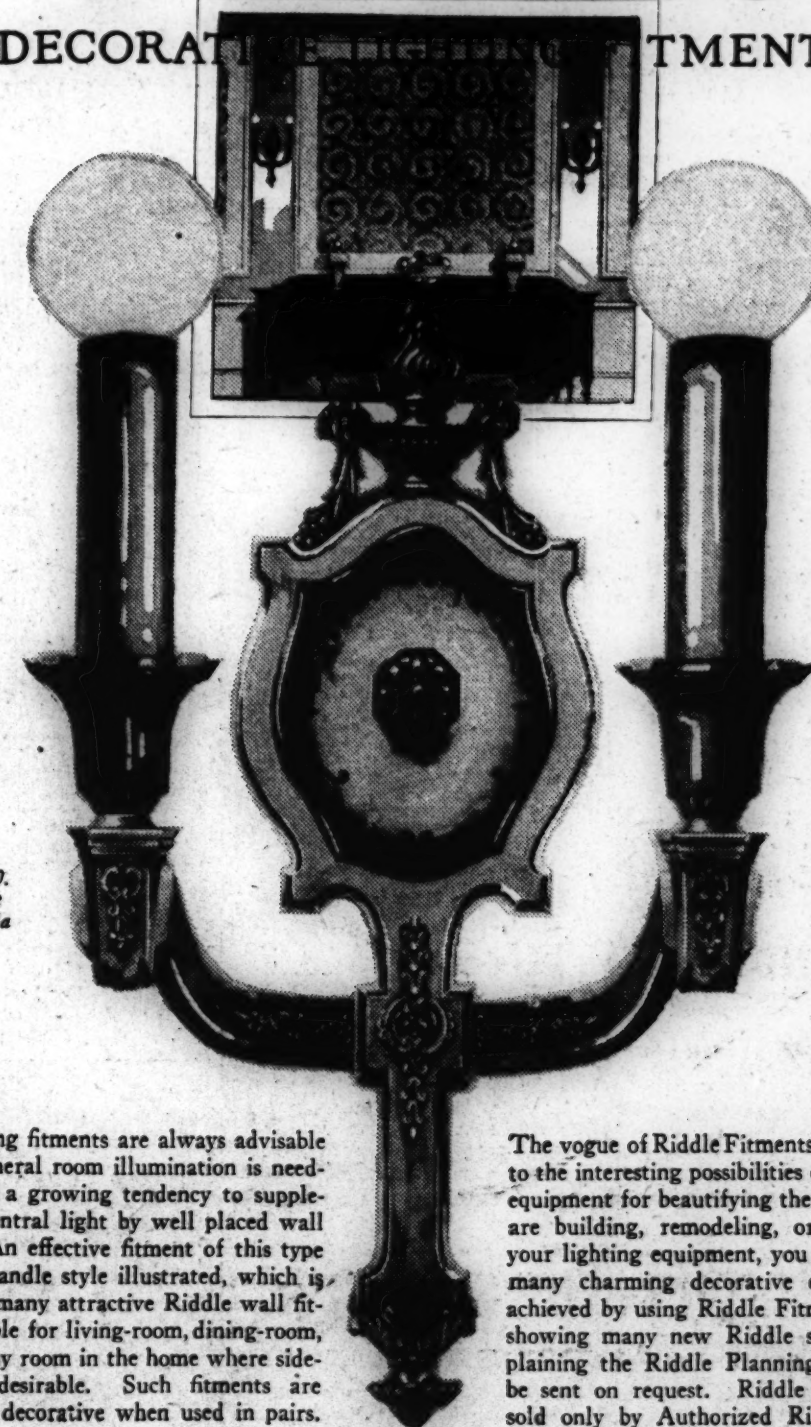
free Send for the new Corn Products Cook Book, containing over 100 valuable recipes for preparing delightful foods. Write Corn Products Refining Company, Department 41, Argo, Illinois.



Kilns in which your Wedgwood ware was fired. The two on the right date back to 1759 when Josiah Wedgwood established his now world famous potteries in Burslem, Staffordshire, England.

Keystone View Co.

Riddle DECORATIVE FITMENTS



Fitment illustrated, No. 2409, \$17.50. One-candle style, No. 2408, \$15.00. Five-candle fitment \$47.50. (Prices do not include Manda lamps.)

While ceiling fitments are always advisable where a general room illumination is needed, there is a growing tendency to supplement the central light by well placed wall fitments. An effective fitment of this type is the two-candle style illustrated, which is just one of many attractive Riddle wall fitments suitable for living-room, dining-room, or in fact any room in the home where side-lights are desirable. Such fitments are particularly decorative when used in pairs.

The vogue of Riddle Fitments calls attention to the interesting possibilities of the lighting equipment for beautifying the home. If you are building, remodeling, or modernizing your lighting equipment, you will find that many charming decorative effects can be achieved by using Riddle Fitments. Folder showing many new Riddle styles and explaining the Riddle Planning Service will be sent on request. Riddle Fitments are sold only by Authorized Riddle Dealers.

THE EDWARD N. RIDDLE COMPANY
TOLEDO, OHIO

THE HOME FORUM

A National Psalm by a Southern Singer

SWAYED unconsciously by one of those unspoken but all-powerful sentiments which shape our instinctive reticences, men have almost invariably refused to adopt for secular use, no matter how justified, the English title of that supreme collection of religious lyrics given to the world by the ancient Hebrews. There is nothing inherently inviolable or sacrosanct about the name "Psalm"; it is merely our form of the Greek psalmos which translates the Hebrew word for a song with accompaniment of the harp or other stringed instruments. But so hallowed is this name by association with those poems of the Scriptures which voice all the deepest emotions of all peoples, that our poets have with almost negligible exception refrained from appropriating, as they naturally would, this term for their own use. The most exhaustive indices of poems in the English language record a bare half-dozen poems entitled "Psalms of—" and of these but two merit attention, both written on American soil, one in the north, the other in the south.

Longfellow's "Psalm of Life," our cherished childhood friend, bearing its title with entire naturance and propriety, is of course the first. The other, far too little known and yet a most original and sustained national poem, is the tribute to a reunited people fashioned in the significant centennial year of 1876 by the great-hearted poet laureate of our south. One recalls with grateful memory that on the occasion of that celebration in Philadelphia the most distinguished honor ever paid to a southern writer was accorded to Sidney Lanier, when he was asked to compose the words for the musical setting of Dudley Buck's cantata. The success of this "Centennial Meditation of Columbia," as performed by a choir of eight hundred voices, was the grand artistic climax of the centennial exercises. But in the same year Lanier gave the country a far more impressive poem, which has suffered an unfortunate eclipse.

"Psalm of the West" he named this ode-like symphony of more than seven hundred lines of intricately beautiful—yet too involved—structure. And a psalm it is in the spirit of devout and often expressly religious faith in America's destiny which exalts the whole poem. The new nation is conceived even in the Biblical imagery of the first chapter of Genesis, the figure dominating the poem being boldly projected in the opening lines.

Tell Adam of lands, new-made of the dust of the West;
Thou wast the first to plant in the Garden of Eden the seed;
Till he fashioned like Freedom to be for thine Eve on thy breast.

With daring originality this analogy is developed in a long introduction.

Freedom, thy wife, hath uplifted thy life and clean shaven thee!

THE CHRISTIAN SCIENCE MONITOR
Founded 1893 by MARY BAKER EDDY
An International Daily Newspaper

Published daily, except Sundays and holidays, by The Christian Science Publishing Society, 107 Falmouth Street, Boston, U.S.A. Subscription price, payable in advance, \$5.00 per annum, \$1.50 per quarter, \$1.00 per month, \$1.25 per month, 75 cents per month, 50 cents per month, 25 cents per month.

WILLIAM J. ABBOTT, Editor. Communications regarding the conduct of this newspaper, articles and illustrations for publication should be addressed to the Editor. If the return of manuscripts is desired they must be accompanied by a stamped and addressed envelope, but the Editor does not hold himself responsible for such communications.

Member of The Associated Press. The Associated Press is exclusively entitled to the use for republication of all telegraph and local news credited to this paper. All rights of republication of special dispatches herein are reserved to The Christian Science Publishing Society.

The Christian Science Monitor is in sale in Christian Science Reading Rooms throughout the world. Those who may desire to purchase the Monitor in any of these rooms should apply to the Christian Science Reading Room nearest to them. If they are requested to notify the Christian Science Publishing Society.

Cost of remitting to The Christian Science Publishing Society is as follows:

NEWS OFFICES
European: 2 Adelphi Terrace, London.
Washington: 212 Colorado Building, Washington, D.C.
Eastern: 270 Madison Ave., New York City.
Western: Suite 1405, McCormick Bldg., 322 So. Michigan Avenue, Chicago.
Northern California: Room 205, 425 Market Street, San Francisco.
Southern California: 630 Van Nuys Building, Los Angeles.
Australia: Perpetual Trustee Buildings, 105-4 Queen Street, Melbourne, Victoria, Australia.

BRANCH ADVERTISING—
New York: 270 Madison Ave., Philadelphia: 303 Fox Bldg., Cleveland: 1415 Union Trust Bldg., Detroit: 435 Book Bldg., Chicago: 178 Commerce Bldg., San Francisco: 632 Market Street, Los Angeles: 743 Empire Bldg., Seattle: 743 Empire Bldg., London: 2 Adelphi Terrace, Paris: 145 Falmouth St. Honore.

Advertising rates given on application. The right to decline any advertisement is reserved.

THE CHRISTIAN SCIENCE PUBLISHING SOCIETY
BOSTON, MASS., U.S.A.
Publishers of
The Christian Science Journal
Christian Science Sentinel
The Herald of Christian Science
Christian Science Quarterly

For as every reader of Lanier knows, he builds his poems out of the materials of music. That is his unique contribution to poetic theory and practice. To a degree I believe unknown in any other writer his poems are actually symphonies.

For these reasons the "Psalm of the West" can never reach a wide audience. Although Lanier's most sustained work, it is a tour de force, a splendid study. But for the earnest reader it rewards prolonged and loving study. To him it will reveal itself as the noble vision of a loyal son of the south who had been a participant in the civil conflict but who rose far above all sectional rancor to an actually religious faith in his country. It is great in its intent, great in the loftiness of its ideal. In its conception of America's role as the torch-bearer of civilization it is the most inspired poem of our literature. P. K.

West African Journey

There is a Bulu proverb that says: "Don't flatter the day in the morning." But, oh, you flatter the day, and the little caravan, and yourself on the first morning of a journey, if you start in time! You flatter the starry dark and the pallor that is dawn and the path that begins to show white in the shadows and the carded mists that hang in shreds among the trees of the forest—as you may see when you come to the clearing of a village that lies on the slope of a hill. In all the little villages the roofs release a veil of smoke to the dawn.

In many a village on this first morning of your journey and when the air begins to have the color of day, there will be a drummer at the village drum, drumming to the Christians the call to prayer. And in the first of these you stop at the palaver house, where it is still dark under the thatch. You sit by an ember of last night's fire, planning what you will be saying to the village folk when the sun is up—which presently they do, stooping one by one at the low entrance, thrusting their right legs over the high sill, bringing their brown bodies and their bright headresses into the gloom of that place. Because you are still among neighbors you speak to the circumference of the village—its known and its degree of villainy. . . . How well you know these things! It is terrible! Your audience fidgets and sighs, looking at you without resentment. The law is terrible in that little hut between the two walls of the forest. And presently from somewhere in your pack of treasures new and old you produce the homely and the immediate things of the love of God for that one whose name is Trouble—as many a one is named in that village.

You mean, as I suppose all ministers mean, that your service shall be shot with but what is the use of God and the things of Friendship, there is a high enchanting ray of sunlight before you leave the village. The name of that high enchanting ray of sunlight is "the flow of monkeys." Your carriers have told you this, and that the monkeys come to the roof of the forest to bathe in the first ray of morning and the last ray of evening light. You believe it. You think when you see the light, so golden, that the monkeys are every inducement—it is their portion. There is no sunlight where you walk in the forest. Upon the floor of that forest, brown even with a fall of forest leaves and with a trickle of streams that are brown, or a flock of stones of a water gray as glass, there is a little way that men have made. It is the portion of man under that vast roof where there is a place for every creature after its kind. You are among the least of these; you and your little caravan know your place; you are very, very small on the floor of the forest; with an instinct of obedience you walk in the way that is the law. In that place of silence, and of the cry of birds you do not see, and of the gray drift of light among the crowding bodies of trees, and of the never-to-be-forgotten odor of an immemorial mould, you are drowned in a solitude ineffable and thrilling, you are caught in the strong excitement that is the vice of the lovers of the wilderness.

All your way in the forest is measured by the rivers that are there to be crossed. There is no other measure of distance known to your carriers. And the sun, your measure of time, does not set in that shadow. You cross the rivers in canoes that are sleeping on the farther bank; you shout to a hypothetical ferryman who is asleep or on a journey, and you wait while you wait, to think that ferryman who always is living on a farther bank. Whether you approach a river from the path of the setting sun, or from the sun that rises, or from those nameless directions that are the right hand and on the left hand of these, always you must sit on your heels and wait for the ferryman who crosses the river. Your voice is the only voice above that dreaming water, and when at last the ferryman, as still as dreaming, points his canoe and steals upon you, you do wait. You obey the silence above the river. The wall of the forest hangs like a dream above the farther bank. The water slides and slides under shadows that are always there. Jean Kenyon Mackenzie, in "African Clearings."

Go back, go back! they prayed: our hearts are lead.
Friends, we are bound into the West, I said.
Then passed the wreck of a mast upon our side.
See (so they wept) God's Warning! Admiral, turn!

Steersman, I said, hold straight into the West.
Then down the night we saw the meteor burn.
So do the very heavens in fire protest:
Good Admiral, put about! O Spain, dear Spain!

Hold straight into the West, I said again.
Next drive we o'er the slimy-weeded sea.
Lo! herebeneath (another coward cries)
The cursed land of sunk Atlantis lies:

This slime will suck us down—turn while thou'rt free!
But no! I said, Freedom bears West for me!

At last, after the superhuman victory over the mutiny of three crews—
Why, look, 'tis dawn, the land is clear: 'tis done!

And at that moment the beginning of a new era dawns on the world.
On through our history, from epoch to epoch, swings the flame-like imagination of the poet, from the arrival of those other discoverers of 1620 to the Declaration of '76; on through the throes of the Revolution to Yorktown—to that moment finally

When Freedom lies unarmed and unafraid.
From this actual beginning of the free and separate nation Lanier rhapsodizes through the following century, lighting with lambent touch in his swift suggestive fashion the principal stages and crises of our dramatic history, and closing with the inspiring apostrophe:

Come, thou whole Self of Latter Map!
Come, O'er thy realm of Good-and-Il,
And do, thou Self that say'st I can And love, thou Self that say'st I will: And prove and know Time's worst and best,
Thou tall young Adam of the West!

More rhapsody, perhaps, than psalm, is this strange vision of America's history and destiny, rhapsodic in its incoherence, in its intensity of tumultuous emotion, in the profusion of imagery often half-mystic. Of all this characteristic quality it is difficult to give due intelligible impression by mere quotation; difficult, also, to represent fairly in short illustrations the pervading imaginative power of the poet. It is difficult enough to grasp the poem as a whole at all, and some of the passages demand closest attention, so involved is the thought.

Not only the ideas but the whole style and structure are bafflingly intricate. Within the compass of the seven hundred lines I count no less than seventeen movements, the transitions usually marked by a change of meter. Within each movement, too, within each stanza or poetic paragraph, nay, within many lines, are woven those peculiar involutions and convolutions of sound which make Lanier the most complex artificer of melodies. As example of unparalleled internal rhyme and of alliteration this one couplet will serve:

And the Time in that ultimate Prime shall forget old regretting and scorn,
Yea, the stream of the light shall give off in a shimmer the dream of the night forlorn.

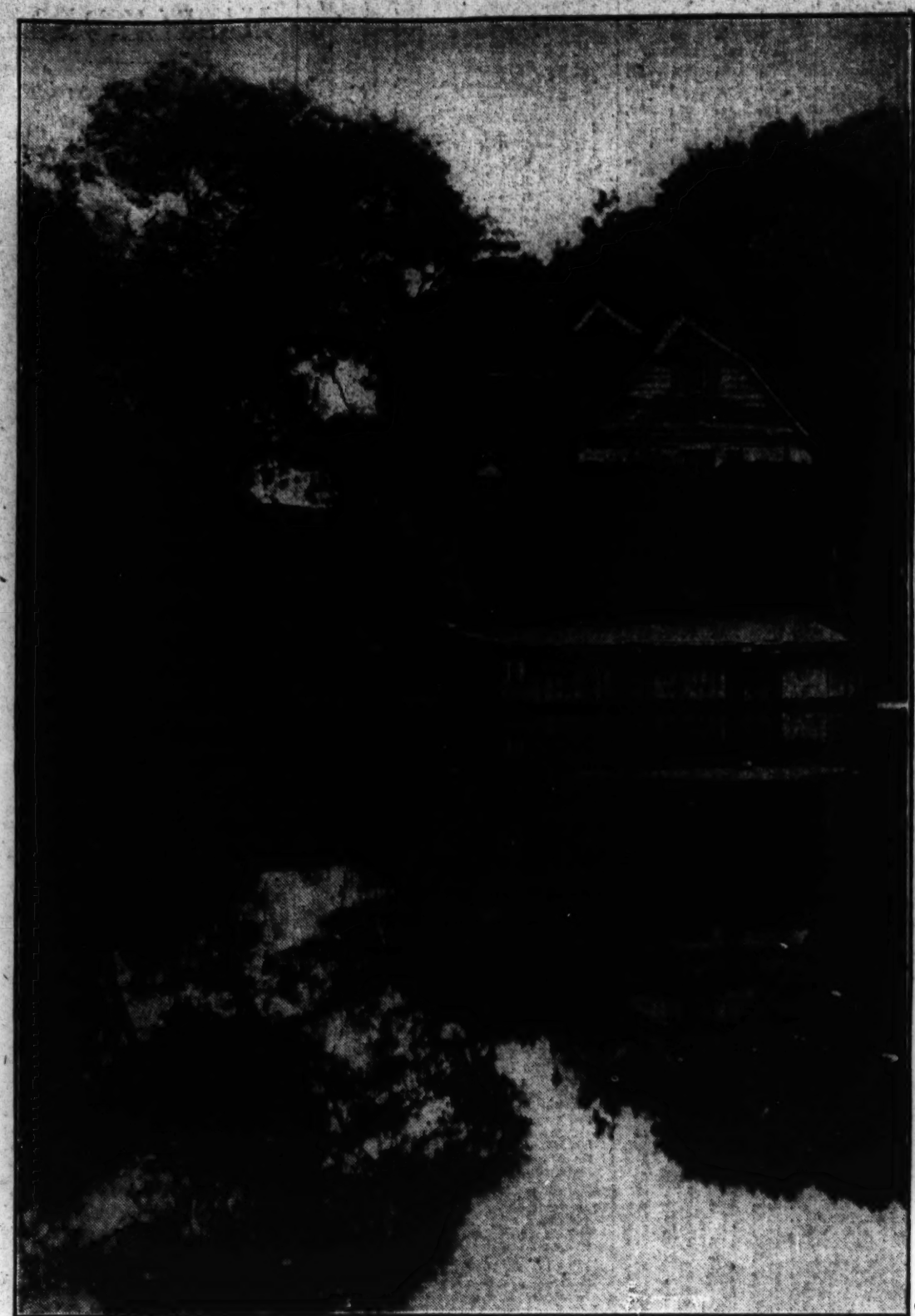
On a larger scale such embodiment of sheer melodic pattern is carried out through the whole work;

There must be a sign of spring Underneath the frost and snow: I will walk until I hear Water running far below;

Water that will be a brook By the sorrel after March. I will listen hard to hear, Little twigs move on the larch.

Violets are bright beneath Frost, astringes are in bloom, Underneath the casual snow, I will make myself a room

In the cold and keep me warm With the sun that comes in May; I will not hide in a house, For the spring is burst today. Harold Vinall.



Mapledurham Mill, on the Thames

Mapledurham Peace

THE swiftly-rushing river brings you to Mapledurham, and comes to rest. The waters beyond flow softly, and round the little old mill is peace. It is a busy little mill, too, and works still for its living, and there is no older laborer on the river. The poplars and the willows grow thickly on the banks beside it, and shade the little mill, and make the water seem cool and deep. Yet there have been livelier days for it once, the little busybody. Charles I. played bowls in an old house close by, and not so very far away is the Manor, besieged by Essex in the English Civil wars. Was it not to this place that the lively sisters Martha and Teresa Blount fled from town, bringing it may be surmised, their gayest company with them. But that is long ago, and today the Manor House is left to muse upon its ancient history and the little mill to its own reflections.

Mapledurham Peace

Mapledurham Peace

Mapledurham Peace

Mapledurham Peace

Mapledurham Peace

Mapledurham Peace

Mapledurham Peace

Mapledurham Peace

Mapledurham Peace

Mapledurham Peace

Mapledurham Peace

Mapledurham Peace

Mapledurham Peace

Mapledurham Peace

Mapledurham Peace

Hablando la verdad en amor

Traducción del artículo sobre la Ciencia Cristiana publicado en inglés en esta página

CUANDO el apóstol Pablo escribió a los Cristianos de Efezo acerca de hablar la verdad, tenía en el pensamiento algo muy diferente de la sencilla veracidad en nuestra vida y conversación cotidianas. "Que ya no seamos niños fluctuantes, y llevados por doquiera de todo viento de doctrina, por estratagemas de hombres que, para engañar, emplean con astucia los artificios del error: antes, hablando la verdad en amor, crezcamos en todas cosas en aquel que es la cabeza, el Señor, Cristo." Estas palabras se refieren seguramente a los grandes hechos espirituales de la existencia, a aquella misma verdad de la cual Jesús dijo, "conoceréis la verdad, y la verdad os libertará." Hablando esta verdad día por día, sin permitirle ser fácilmente dominada y hechos víctimas por enseñanzas falsas, ganarán constantemente entendimiento, despojándose gradualmente del hombre antiguo o falso sentido material, y revelándose progresivamente del hombre nuevo o sentido espiritual, hasta que por fin alcanzan el estado de plenitud del hombre espiritual en Cristo Jesús.

Esta verdad enseña que Dios no es un ser corpóreo, un mortal magnífico, propenso a la ira, a la venganza y a la volubilidad humana, y que manifiesta otras frágiles calidades humanas ni el autor del dolor, del pesar y de la muerte; sino, por el contrario, es infinitamente tierno, misericordioso y compasivo. Mary Baker Eddy, la autora del libro de texto de la Ciencia Cristiana: "Science and Health with Key to the Scriptures," dice en la página 140 de esa obra: "El Dios de la Ciencia Cristiana es Amor universal, eterno y divino, que no cambia ni causa el mal. La enfermedad o la muerte."

Esta verdad enseña además, que el Dios que es infinitamente misericordioso, es el Padre de todos los hombres, según las palabras de Job: "El espíritu de Dios me hizo." Enseña, que Dios hizo al hombre a Su propia imagen y conforme a Su semejanza, como se relata en el primer capítulo del Génesis, perfecto e inmutable como el mismo, no material, sino espiritual; puesto que Dios es Espíritu. El hombre espiritual, por lo tanto, ha sido siempre como se ahora, perfecto; y el hombre espiritual es el único hombre que existe realmente. El hombre, pues, nunca cae, porque es imposible que la imagen y semejanza de Dios pueda caer. Esto es la verdad respecto al hombre, aunque los engañosos sentidos físicos atestigüen de otro modo, lo mismo que afirman que los rielez palacios de una vía se encuentran en la lejania.

Ahora bien, esta verdad acerca de Dios y el hombre, cuando se comprende y aplica fielmente, libera a los mortales de la esclavitud de los sentidos. Los apetitos y las pasiones se vencen y destruyen a medida que el individuo reclama su derecho de nacimiento como la imagen y semejanza de Dios. Las creencias de enfermedad

se desvanecen y la salud se recupera. Según la traducción inglesa de la Biblia.

Mapledurham Peace

Mapledurham Peace

Mapledurham Peace

Mapledurham Peace

Mapledurham Peace

Mapledurham Peace

Mapledurham Peace

Mapledurham Peace

"Speaking the truth in love"

Written for The Christian Science Monitor

WHEN the Apostle Paul wrote to the Christians at Ephesus about "speaking the truth," he had something very different in thought from simply being truthful in one's daily walk and conversation. "That we henceforth be no more children, tossed to and fro, and carried about with every wind of doctrine, by the sleight of men, and cunning craftiness, whereby they lie in wait to deceive; but speaking the truth in love, may grow up into him in all things, which is the head, even Christ,"—these words surely refer to the great spiritual facts of being, that same truth concerning which Jesus said, "Ye shall know the truth, and the truth shall make you free." If they spoke this truth from day to day, not allowing themselves to be easily swayed and victimized by false teachings, they would steadily increase in understanding and would gradually put off the old man, or false material sense, and by degrees would put on the new man, or spiritual sense, until they should finally attain to the full stature of spiritual manhood in Christ Jesus.

This truth teaches that God is not a corporeal being, a magnified mortal, liable to wrath, vengeance, and human changeableness, and manifesting other frail human qualities, nor the author of pain, sorrow, and death; but, on the contrary, He is infinitely tender, merciful, and compassionate. Mary Baker Eddy, the author of the Christian Science textbook, "Science and Health with Key to the Scriptures," says on page 140 of that volume, "The Christian Science God is universal, eternal, divine Love, which changeth not and causeth no evil, disease, nor death."

This truth further teaches that the infinitely merciful God is the Father of all men, in accordance with Job's words, "The Spirit of God hath made me." It teaches that God made man in His own image and likeness, as recorded in the first chapter of Genesis, perfect and unchangeable like Himself, not material but spiritual, for God is Spirit. Spiritual man, therefore, has always been as he now is,—perfect; and spiritual man is the only man that really exists. Man, then, never fell, because it is impossible that the image and likeness of God could fall. This is the truth about man, although the deceptive physical senses testify otherwise, just as they testify that the parallel rails of a railroad track meet in the distance.

Now this truth about God and man, when understood and faithfully applied, liberates mortals from the thralldom of the senses. Appetites and passions are overcome and destroyed as the individual claims man's birthright as the image and likeness of God. Beliefs of sickness and disability, of lack and limitation, are likewise overcome, and replaced by health, strength, and plenty. Selfishness gives way to unselfishness, harshness and severity to kindness, and unforgiveness to charity and forgiveness. Sorrow gives way to joy, and despair to sunshine and hope. Thus mortality is gradually put off, and immortality is brought to light.

As these definite and positive changes are wrought in human experience by the application of the truth, as taught by Christian Science, they are seen to be practical proofs of the correctness of its teaching, in strict accord with Jesus' own statement, "Ye shall know them by their fruits." Christian Science is not content with words only; it is always ready to satisfy every reasonable demand for tangible and practical evidence as to the truth of what it proclaims to mankind. Moreover, it speaks the truth in love, as the apostle admonishes. Its healing and redemptive message is never delivered with aught of bitterness, or criticism of another's religion, but always in a spirit of kindness and good-will; and though the message may be received with indifference, disdain, or ridicule, or even flatly rejected, no harsh words of censure or condemnation on the part of the Christian Scientist follow.

When, as sometimes happens, the opponents of Christian Science stubbornly resist its saving truths, and twist and distort them in the columns of the public press, even then the Christian Scientist is found "speaking the truth in love." On page 41 of the Manual of The Mother Church, Mrs. Eddy has laid down a By-law for the guidance of Christian Scientists everywhere: "However despitely used and misrepresented by the churches or the press, in return employ no violent invective, and do good unto your enemies when the opportunity occurs." This By-law is certainly in strict conformity with Jesus' teaching, "Bless them that curse you, do good to them that hate you, and pray for them which despitefully use you, and persecute you." Thus, the true Christian Scientist is always found "speaking the truth in love."

[In another column will be found a translation of this article into Spanish]

SCIENCE AND HEALTH

With Key to the Scriptures

By MARY BAKER EDDY

Published by THE CHRISTIAN SCIENCE MONITOR, 107 FALMOUTH STREET, BOSTON, U.S.A.

The original, standard and only Textbook on Christian Science Mind-healing, in one volume of 700 pages, may be read or purchased at Christian Science Reading Rooms throughout the world.

It is published in the following styles and bindings:

Cloth \$3.00
Cotton sheep, vest pocket edition, India Bible paper 2.00
Morocco vest pocket edition, India Bible paper 2.50
Full leather, stiff cover, same paper and size as cloth edition 4.00
Morocco, pocket edition, Oxford India Bible paper 5.00
Levant, heavy Oxford India Bible paper 5.50
Leather, heavy India Bible paper 11.00

FOR THE BLIND
In Revised Edition, One and a Half Volumes \$12.50
FRENCH TRANSLATION, alternate pages of English and French
Cloth \$3.50
Pocket Edition, cloth 4.50
Pocket Edition, morocco 7.50

GERMAN TRANSLATION
Alternate pages of English and German
Cloth \$3.50
Pocket Edition, cloth 4.50
Pocket Edition, morocco 7.50

Where no Christian Science Reading Room is available the book will be sent at the above prices, express or postage prepaid, on either domestic or foreign shipments.

The other works of Mrs. Eddy may also be read or purchased at Christian Science Reading Rooms, or a complete list with descriptions and prices will be sent upon application.

Remittance by money order or by draft on New York or Boston should accompany all orders and be made payable to HARRY I. HUNT, Publishers' Agent, 107 Falmouth St., Back Bay Station, BOSTON, U.S.A.

On the Limited at Dusk

Framed in my window is a panorama of wondrous beauty. Soft hills are shrouded in deep blue robes by coming dusk. The leafless oaks along these hilltops trace a pattern of rare lace upon the pale blue sky. Swung low in the vast blue above, the light of night appears, a flaming torch to guide the wanderer.

Suddenly those gently rolling hills diminish, and sink low into a deeply shadowed lowland, dotted here and there by a twinkling light that lends a spell of witchery to the gloom. A tiny gray cloud is hovering over the last low sweeping curve that marks the merging point of hill and vale, and it seems to be a guardian angel hovering above the land in silent watchfulness.

Then, as suddenly as came the dusk, it is night, and the day, dark blue above and softer blue below, gives the appearance of sky and water merging into an indefinite horizon. The lowland now is velvety in darkness and the almost-even line between earth and sky is dotted only by an occasional pine tree lifting shaggy arms. There is a stream touched to silver in that soft blackness by the light of the moon.

OTTAWA, Feb. 19 (Special) — It may be taken for granted that rev-

... 2300 ...

gen 50 52 000000000000 1953, corresponding period of the previous year.

Orders for spring footwear have been dropping off despite the fact Easter

change value of one share of new for
two of old.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 16—Revenue freight loaded on American railroads in the first two weeks of this year

**SOUTHERN RAILWAY
PAYS MEN BONUS**

This month Southern Railway will pay a bonus of 1½ per cent of 1924 salary to each of its 11,836 trainmen.

January Construction Work

reports of the Chicago Title & Trust Company for January. These show 10,157 orders received for abstracts and guarantee title policies, compared with 9068 for the corresponding month

Unusual Activity
These boom developments follow

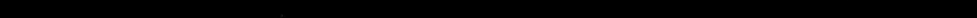
Earns \$9.80 Share on Com-

	1924	1923
Gross earnings . . .	\$56,301,843	\$90,180,176
Mfg exp, dep, etc.	48,866,232	75,892,612
Interest	28,004	48,225

Com. divs.	3,000,000	2,500,000
Res. add and bett.	875,000	4,500,000
Surplus	1,024,507	3,626,565

Current assets Dec. 31 were \$51-

WITH the purpose of emphasizing the importance of Home Making, and bringing together the mother, the club-woman, and the teacher in intelligent effort looking toward better modes of living, the General Federation of Women's Clubs at its Los Angeles session created the Department of the American Home.



An International Daily Newspaper

SOFT DETECTOR TUBES ARE APPROACHING OBSCOLESCENCE

Popularity Lost Through Critical Adjustment and Heavy Current Drain

"Soft" detector tubes, such as the UV200 or C300, are rapidly becoming obsolete because of the delicate adjustment of filament and plate voltage which is required to make them operate most efficiently. Prior to the development of satisfactory methods of radio-frequency amplification, it was necessary to take advantage of every lot of sensitivity in the detector to secure the best long-distance results. But with constantly increasing technical knowledge and experience of radio engineers, it is now possible to make receivers capable of the utmost long-distance reception, equipped without using soft-detector tubes.

A "soft" detector tube is slightly more sensitive than a hard one for very weak impulses, provided its filament and plate potential are adjusted to precisely the correct points. This requires a specially tapped B battery and a vernier filament rheostat.

However, hard tubes have accustomed listeners to tubes which are not critical. Such tubes work satisfactorily with any plate voltage between 225 and 45, while a few turns more or less of filament rheostat resistance make little or no difference in signal strength.

On the other hand, with the "soft" detector tube, the correct plate and filament voltage are so difficult to determine that most users never do operate the tube at its most sensitive point. To find the sensitive point, it is necessary to tune in a distant station, then to reduce the plate voltage to 165. By increasing filament voltage, a point of maximum signal strength is found. The signal strength at that adjustment is carefully observed. Then the plate voltage is increased to the next tap of the battery; that is, the 180 volt tap. The filament voltage is again readjusted and the signal strength noted. This process of finding the most sensitive point is repeated for each tap of the B battery up to 225 volts. The combination of filament and plate voltage which gives the loudest signal is used as long as good reception is secured with it.

This process cannot be successfully carried out with the receiver tuned to a local station, because the adjustment which gives the loudest signal from a near-by station is not likely to be the one which is most sensitive for distant reception.

The situation is further complicated by the fact that the correct adjustment does not remain constant. The proportion of gases in the tube and, in consequence, its operating characteristics, are affected by temperature changes and age. Sometimes, while listening to a single program, the process of finding the correct filament and plate voltages

the disappearance of the "soft" detector tube in its heavy filament current drain of one ampere. This compared with but a quarter of an ampere for the best hard tubes, is a heavy drain on the storage battery supplying the filament current.

Considerations of simplicity in wiring, economy in current drain, and ease of adjustment and the lesser importance of detector sensitivity because of radio frequency amplifier development, have led to the rapid disappearance of the once popular and highly valued soft detector tube.

Another factor which has hastened

must be repeated, because the signal fades out as the most sensitive operating point changes.

Alarm Radio-Phonograph Shown

COMBINING radio with a phonograph has now slipped into the realm of the commonplace, but building these two units around a real clock so that the clock will control their operation is decidedly novel. This has been accomplished by Vincent Pinto of Philadelphia, who is shown in the accompanying photograph with his "musical clock."

Below this horn is the radio receiving set, which is connected by a loud speaker unit attached to it as well as the regular sound box. The arm leads around the back of the clock to the horn, which starts to grow larger until it reaches the edge of its "bell" at the front of the set just below the face of the clock.

At the top may be seen the regular tone arm of a phonograph with a loud speaker unit attached to it as well as the regular sound box. The arm leads around the back of the clock to the horn, which starts to grow larger until it reaches the edge of its "bell" at the front of the set just below the face of the clock.

Below this horn is the radio receiving set, which is connected by a loud speaker unit attached to it as well as the regular sound box. The arm leads around the back of the clock to the horn, which starts to grow larger until it reaches the edge of its "bell" at the front of the set just below the face of the clock.

At the top may be seen the regular tone arm of a phonograph with a loud speaker unit attached to it as well as the regular sound box.

The arm leads around the back of the clock to the horn, which starts to grow larger until it reaches the edge of its "bell" at the front of the set just below the face of the clock.

Below this horn is the radio receiving set, which is connected by a loud speaker unit attached to it as well as the regular sound box.

The arm leads around the back of the clock to the horn, which starts to grow larger until it reaches the edge of its "bell" at the front of the set just below the face of the clock.

Below this horn is the radio receiving set, which is connected by a loud speaker unit attached to it as well as the regular sound box.

The arm leads around the back of the clock to the horn, which starts to grow larger until it reaches the edge of its "bell" at the front of the set just below the face of the clock.

Below this horn is the radio receiving set, which is connected by a loud speaker unit attached to it as well as the regular sound box.

The arm leads around the back of the clock to the horn, which starts to grow larger until it reaches the edge of its "bell" at the front of the set just below the face of the clock.

Below this horn is the radio receiving set, which is connected by a loud speaker unit attached to it as well as the regular sound box.

The arm leads around the back of the clock to the horn, which starts to grow larger until it reaches the edge of its "bell" at the front of the set just below the face of the clock.

Below this horn is the radio receiving set, which is connected by a loud speaker unit attached to it as well as the regular sound box.

The arm leads around the back of the clock to the horn, which starts to grow larger until it reaches the edge of its "bell" at the front of the set just below the face of the clock.

Below this horn is the radio receiving set, which is connected by a loud speaker unit attached to it as well as the regular sound box.

The arm leads around the back of the clock to the horn, which starts to grow larger until it reaches the edge of its "bell" at the front of the set just below the face of the clock.

Below this horn is the radio receiving set, which is connected by a loud speaker unit attached to it as well as the regular sound box.

The arm leads around the back of the clock to the horn, which starts to grow larger until it reaches the edge of its "bell" at the front of the set just below the face of the clock.

Below this horn is the radio receiving set, which is connected by a loud speaker unit attached to it as well as the regular sound box.

The arm leads around the back of the clock to the horn, which starts to grow larger until it reaches the edge of its "bell" at the front of the set just below the face of the clock.

Below this horn is the radio receiving set, which is connected by a loud speaker unit attached to it as well as the regular sound box.

The arm leads around the back of the clock to the horn, which starts to grow larger until it reaches the edge of its "bell" at the front of the set just below the face of the clock.

Below this horn is the radio receiving set, which is connected by a loud speaker unit attached to it as well as the regular sound box.

The arm leads around the back of the clock to the horn, which starts to grow larger until it reaches the edge of its "bell" at the front of the set just below the face of the clock.

Below this horn is the radio receiving set, which is connected by a loud speaker unit attached to it as well as the regular sound box.

The arm leads around the back of the clock to the horn, which starts to grow larger until it reaches the edge of its "bell" at the front of the set just below the face of the clock.

Below this horn is the radio receiving set, which is connected by a loud speaker unit attached to it as well as the regular sound box.

The arm leads around the back of the clock to the horn, which starts to grow larger until it reaches the edge of its "bell" at the front of the set just below the face of the clock.

Below this horn is the radio receiving set, which is connected by a loud speaker unit attached to it as well as the regular sound box.

The arm leads around the back of the clock to the horn, which starts to grow larger until it reaches the edge of its "bell" at the front of the set just below the face of the clock.

Below this horn is the radio receiving set, which is connected by a loud speaker unit attached to it as well as the regular sound box.

The arm leads around the back of the clock to the horn, which starts to grow larger until it reaches the edge of its "bell" at the front of the set just below the face of the clock.

Below this horn is the radio receiving set, which is connected by a loud speaker unit attached to it as well as the regular sound box.

The arm leads around the back of the clock to the horn, which starts to grow larger until it reaches the edge of its "bell" at the front of the set just below the face of the clock.

Below this horn is the radio receiving set, which is connected by a loud speaker unit attached to it as well as the regular sound box.

The arm leads around the back of the clock to the horn, which starts to grow larger until it reaches the edge of its "bell" at the front of the set just below the face of the clock.

Below this horn is the radio receiving set, which is connected by a loud speaker unit attached to it as well as the regular sound box.

The arm leads around the back of the clock to the horn, which starts to grow larger until it reaches the edge of its "bell" at the front of the set just below the face of the clock.

Below this horn is the radio receiving set, which is connected by a loud speaker unit attached to it as well as the regular sound box.

The arm leads around the back of the clock to the horn, which starts to grow larger until it reaches the edge of its "bell" at the front of the set just below the face of the clock.

Below this horn is the radio receiving set, which is connected by a loud speaker unit attached to it as well as the regular sound box.

The arm leads around the back of the clock to the horn, which starts to grow larger until it reaches the edge of its "bell" at the front of the set just below the face of the clock.

Below this horn is the radio receiving set, which is connected by a loud speaker unit attached to it as well as the regular sound box.

The arm leads around the back of the clock to the horn, which starts to grow larger until it reaches the edge of its "bell" at the front of the set just below the face of the clock.

Below this horn is the radio receiving set, which is connected by a loud speaker unit attached to it as well as the regular sound box.

The arm leads around the back of the clock to the horn, which starts to grow larger until it reaches the edge of its "bell" at the front of the set just below the face of the clock.

Below this horn is the radio receiving set, which is connected by a loud speaker unit attached to it as well as the regular sound box.

The arm leads around the back of the clock to the horn, which starts to grow larger until it reaches the edge of its "bell" at the front of the set just below the face of the clock.

Below this horn is the radio receiving set, which is connected by a loud speaker unit attached to it as well as the regular sound box.

The arm leads around the back of the clock to the horn, which starts to grow larger until it reaches the edge of its "bell" at the front of the set just below the face of the clock.

Below this horn is the radio receiving set, which is connected by a loud speaker unit attached to it as well as the regular sound box.

The arm leads around the back of the clock to the horn, which starts to grow larger until it reaches the edge of its "bell" at the front of the set just below the face of the clock.

Below this horn is the radio receiving set, which is connected by a loud speaker unit attached to it as well as the regular sound box.

The arm leads around the back of the clock to the horn, which starts to grow larger until it reaches the edge of its "bell" at the front of the set just below the face of the clock.

RADIO SECTION EXPANSION IS RECOMMENDED

Additional Appropriation to Meet Unexpected Demands Asked

WASHINGTON, Feb. 10.—President Coolidge has sent to Congress a recommendation for an additional appropriation of \$125,000 for the use of the radio section of the Department of Commerce. In sending this recommendation the director of the budget says:

"This estimate is necessary to enable the department to meet rapidly increasing and unforeseen demands upon this appropriation. Not only are the uses of radio receiving and radio-casting apparatus growing beyond all anticipations, but innumerable and unexpected problems in connection with their use are arising daily. Every receiving and radio-casting set is a possible source of demand upon the department for investigations and correction of disturbances. The past few weeks have brought in complaints and requests from the country that are far beyond the capacity of the department to handle with its present organization and equipment. These complaints and requests come from all sections of the country, and each one is a separate problem requiring special inquiry on the part of the department. More men of training and experience are required to handle the increasing number of complaints and requests. The requirements arising from this most rapidly growing industry could not be fully anticipated at the time the budget for the fiscal years 1925 and 1926 was submitted."

INJUNCTIONS ISSUED IN NEUTRODYNE CASE

New York Concern Restrained From Making Patented Set

NEW YORK, Feb. 10 (Special).—Two injunctions restraining the Rova Radio Products Corporation of New York from making or selling apparatus or infringing the inventions of Prof. L. A. Hazeltine as covered by his Neutrodyne patents, were signed yesterday by Judge Augustus N. Hand in the Southern District Federal Court and Judge Marcus D. Campbell in the Eastern District Court. The injunctions followed consent decrees.

The actions were brought last year by the Hazeltine Corporation, owners of patents and trade marks, independent Radio Manufacturers, Inc., and its exclusive licensee, and the 14 manufacturing companies licensed under the patents.

The complaint charged the defendant with infringing the neutrodyne patents, as well as with having "aided and abetted" in the infringement against the invention.

The decree carries the agreement that the defendant will either turn over to plaintiff or destroy all of the infringing apparatus within its possession.

EUROPEAN TOUR PLANNED TO AID RADIO BUSINESS

For those interested in the development of foreign trade in radio and other allied industries, a business tour abroad is being organized in New York City under the management of the O'Donnell-Murray-Bush Development Trips.

The party will sail on the United States, President Harding March 7, arriving in France March 15. Five days will be spent in Paris, where the leading French radio factories, as well as the famous Eiffel Tower radio-casting station, will be visited. The director of this station will explain the French method of radio-casting, while a representative of the radio industry in France will be given by the leading editors of French radio journals.

From Paris the party will proceed to Prague, thence to Berlin, and to London, where similar programs as the one arranged for in Paris have been arranged. The International Fair will be in progress during the visit of the Americans at this point.

From London the party will proceed to the United States, arriving in New York April 19.

NEW HIGH WAVE MAY ELIMINATE INTERFERENCE

NEW LONDON, Conn., Feb. 10.—Ship-to-shore tests were being made here today which may eventually result in elimination of much commercial interference hampering radio reception along the North Atlantic coast.

Three radio inspectors and representatives of commercial radio concerns aboard the lighthouse tender Tulp have been conducting experiments with a local commercial station. The regular wavelength of 600 meters was boosted to 920. It tests show that the 920 wavelength can be used without interference with radio compass and beacon signals. The Department of Commerce will be asked to approve the raising of the wavelength of commercial stations all along the coast.

NEW STATION FOR MEXICALI, B. C., MEXICO, FEB. 10

(Special Correspondence).—Reconstruction of the Mexican Government's radio station here, which will be converted into the continuous wave type, has been started with the receipt of apparatus from Mexico City. This station will be equipped to relay messages to and from the isolated peninsula of Lower California without the assistance of American stations.

TOWN AND COUNTRY PROPERTY

OF INTEREST TO AMERICANS AND OTHERS

TO LET for one year with option of longer term. A large, modern, detached house of 12 rooms, with 10 acres of land, situated in the heart of the country, near the coast, with a beautiful view of the sea. The house is built of brick and has a large garden with many fruit trees. The price is £10,000. Apply to Mr. J. H. Smith, 10, Pall Mall, London, W. 1.

HOUSES WANTED

WANTED in Kent or Surrey, by the end of March, small house or bungalow with garden, near the coast, with a beautiful view of the sea. The house should be built of brick and have a large garden with many fruit trees. The price is £10,000. Apply to Mr. J. H. Smith, 10, Pall Mall, London, W. 1.

TO LET—FURNISHED

WANTED in Kent or Surrey, by the end of March, small house or bungalow with garden, near the coast, with a beautiful view of the sea. The house should be built of brick and have a large garden with many fruit trees. The price is £10,000. Apply to Mr. J. H. Smith, 10, Pall Mall, London, W. 1.

ROOMS TO LET

LONDON, BEDFORD PARK.—Bedroom, bathroom, kitchen, and living room, with a beautiful view of the sea. The house is built of brick and has a large garden with many fruit trees. The price is £10,000. Apply to Mr. J. H. Smith, 10, Pall Mall, London, W. 1.

PAYING GUESTS RECEIVED

MR. & MRS. W. H. BRIGHTON receive a few paying guests. The house is built of brick and has a large garden with many fruit trees. The price is £10,000. Apply to Mr. J. H. Smith, 10, Pall Mall, London, W. 1.

THE HOUSE BUREAU

(N. A. REAN) HOUSES & FLATS FURNISHED AND UNFURNISHED. 251 Fulham Road, London, S. W. 2.

TEACHERS

WITNESS MOCKROGUE, 3 Wigmore Hall, London, W. 1. Apply to Mr. J. H. Smith, 10, Pall Mall, London, W. 1.

AMY WINTER

ELUCIDATION AND DRAMATIC PRIVATE LESSONS — COACHING. 129 St. Mark's Road, London, W. 10.

MADAME HELENE KLEIN

GARCIA-HERMAN KLEIN METHOD. 50 Avenue Road, London, N. W. 8. Tel. Hamp. 47.

TEACHERS' POST WANTED

YOUNG LADY, graduate, desires post, preferably teaching. Subject: History, English, French, mathematics. 2 years' teaching experience. Apply to Mr. J. H. Smith, 10, Pall Mall, London, W. 1.

POST WANTED

IRON STEEL & ENGINEERING PRODUCTIONS. General manager, with experience and connection, offers services as dept. manager, buyer, or general manager. Apply to Mr. J. H. Smith, 10, Pall Mall, London, W. 1.

LEATHER TRADE

MADE IN ENGLAND. High school education, domestic science qualifications (diploma) and experience in the leather trade. Apply to Mr. J. H. Smith, 10, Pall Mall, London, W. 1.

ADVERTISER

ADVERTISER with small capital and 21 years' experience, desires active partnership in a business. Apply to Mr. J. H. Smith, 10, Pall Mall, London, W. 1.

ADVERTISER

ADVERTISER with small capital and 21 years' experience, desires active partnership in a business. Apply to Mr. J. H. Smith, 10, Pall Mall, London, W. 1.

ADVERTISER

ADVERTISER with small capital and 21 years' experience, desires active partnership in a business. Apply to Mr. J. H. Smith, 10, Pall Mall, London, W. 1.

ADVERTISER

ADVERTISER with small capital and 21 years' experience, desires active partnership in a business. Apply to Mr. J. H. Smith, 10, Pall Mall, London, W. 1.

ADVERTISER

ADVERTISER with small capital and 21 years' experience, desires active partnership in a business. Apply to Mr. J. H. Smith, 10, Pall Mall, London, W. 1.

ADVERTISER

ADVERTISER with small capital and 21 years' experience, desires active partnership in a business. Apply to Mr. J. H. Smith, 10, Pall Mall, London, W. 1.

ADVERTISER

ADVERTISER with small capital and 21 years' experience, desires active partnership in a business. Apply to Mr. J. H. Smith, 10, Pall Mall, London, W. 1.

ADVERTISER

ADVERTISER with small capital and 21 years' experience, desires active partnership in a business. Apply to Mr. J. H. Smith, 10, Pall Mall, London, W. 1.

ADVERTISER

ADVERTISER with small capital and 21 years' experience, desires active partnership in a business. Apply to Mr. J. H. Smith, 10, Pall Mall, London, W. 1.

ADVERTISER

ADVERTISER with small capital and 21 years' experience, desires active partnership in a business. Apply to Mr. J. H. Smith, 10, Pall Mall, London, W. 1.

ADVERTISER

ADVERTISER with small capital and 21 years' experience, desires active partnership in a business. Apply to Mr. J. H. Smith, 10, Pall Mall, London, W. 1.

ADVERTISER

ADVERTISER with small capital and 21 years' experience, desires active partnership in a business. Apply to Mr. J. H. Smith, 10, Pall Mall, London, W. 1.

Classified Advertisements

United Kingdom Advertising

ENGLAND

Bath

FORT, HATT & BILLINGS. Estate Agency, Auctions, Removals. 3 BURNSTREET, BATH. Telephone No. 1488.

THE ORANGE LUNCH & TEA ROOMS

24 Pallant Street, Bath, Somerset. Telephone No. 1505.

SPECIAL LUNCHES, 1/6

Orders for every kind of cake promptly attended to.

POST VACANT

FOURTEEN MILES N. W. OF LONDON.—Wanted, domestic help for work of small house, 2 miles or 2 1/2 miles, or mother and daughter; fond of children; Christian Scientist preferred. Box K-453, The Christian Science Monitor, 2 Adelphi Terrace, London, W. C. 2.

ADVERTISER

ADVERTISER with small capital and 21 years' experience, desires active partnership in a business. Apply to Mr. J. H. Smith, 10, Pall Mall, London, W. 1.

ADVERTISER

ADVERTISER with small capital and 21 years' experience, desires active partnership in a business. Apply to Mr. J. H. Smith, 10, Pall Mall, London, W. 1.

ADVERTISER

ADVERTISER with small capital and 21 years' experience, desires active partnership in a business. Apply to Mr. J. H. Smith, 10, Pall Mall, London, W. 1.

ADVERTISER

ADVERTISER with small capital and 21 years' experience, desires active partnership in a business. Apply to Mr. J. H. Smith, 10, Pall Mall, London, W. 1.

ADVERTISER

ADVERTISER with small capital and 21 years' experience, desires active partnership in a business. Apply to Mr. J. H. Smith, 10, Pall Mall, London, W. 1.

ADVERTISER

ADVERTISER with small capital and 21 years' experience, desires active partnership in a business. Apply to Mr. J. H. Smith, 10, Pall Mall, London, W. 1.

ADVERTISER

ADVERTISER with small capital and 21 years' experience, desires active partnership in a business. Apply to Mr. J. H. Smith, 10, Pall Mall, London, W. 1.

ADVERTISER

ADVERTISER with small capital and 21 years' experience, desires active partnership in a business. Apply to Mr. J. H. Smith, 10, Pall Mall, London, W. 1.

ADVERTISER

ADVERTISER with small capital and 21 years' experience, desires active partnership in a business. Apply to Mr. J. H. Smith, 10, Pall Mall, London, W. 1.

ADVERTISER

ADVERTISER with small capital and 21 years' experience, desires active partnership in a business. Apply to Mr. J. H. Smith, 10, Pall Mall, London, W. 1.

ADVERTISER

ADVERTISER with small capital and 21 years' experience, desires active partnership in a business. Apply to Mr. J. H. Smith, 10, Pall Mall, London, W. 1.

ADVERTISER

ADVERTISER with small capital and 21 years' experience, desires active partnership in a business. Apply to Mr. J. H. Smith, 10, Pall Mall, London, W. 1.

UNITED KINGDOM ADVERTISEMENTS BY CITIES AND TOWNS

ENGLAND	ENGLAND	ENGLAND	ENGLAND	ENGLAND	ENGLAND	ENGLAND	ENGLAND	IRELAND
Cheltenham GOODMAN & CO. THE BACON SHOP 418 High Street, Cheltenham Tel. 344 FINEST WILTSHIRE BACON A full range of products POOLE POTTERY SPECIAL TERRAZZO GLASS BOWLS FOR FLOWERS Cut Glass, China & Bone China Ware. S. H. NIXON, Prominent, Cheltenham HEAVY PURE SILK STOCKINGS 5/11 per pair Art silk stockings with a wool lining 4/11 per pair INVERCROFTHROP, West Lothian, Scotland W. VALE & CO. 55/4 Widdowburn Street High Class Grocers & Provision Merchants SPECIALITIES: Crystallized and Bone Glass	Leeds MOTOR SERVICE AUTOMOBILE ENGINEERS & AGENTS FRANCIS E. COX 21, 23, 25, 27, 29, 31, 33, 35, 37, 39, 41, 43, 45, 47, 49, 51, 53, 55, 57, 59, 61, 63, 65, 67, 69, 71, 73, 75, 77, 79, 81, 83, 85, 87, 89, 91, 93, 95, 97, 99, 101, 103, 105, 107, 109, 111, 113, 115, 117, 119, 121, 123, 125, 127, 129, 131, 133, 135, 137, 139, 141, 143, 145, 147, 149, 151, 153, 155, 157, 159, 161, 163, 165, 167, 169, 171, 173, 175, 177, 179, 181, 183, 185, 187, 189, 191, 193, 195, 197, 199, 201, 203, 205, 207, 209, 211, 213, 215, 217, 219, 221, 223, 225, 227, 229, 231, 233, 235, 237, 239, 241, 243, 245, 247, 249, 251, 253, 255, 257, 259, 261, 263, 265, 267, 269, 271, 273, 275, 277, 279, 281, 283, 285, 287, 289, 291, 293, 295, 297, 299, 301, 303, 305, 307, 309, 311, 313, 315, 317, 319, 321, 323, 325, 327, 329, 331, 333, 335, 337, 339, 341, 343, 345, 347, 349, 351, 353, 355, 357, 359, 361, 363, 365, 367, 369, 371, 373, 375, 377, 379, 381, 383, 385, 387, 389, 391, 393, 395, 397, 399, 401, 403, 405, 407, 409, 411, 413, 415, 417, 419, 421, 423, 425, 427, 429, 431, 433, 435, 437, 439, 441, 443, 445, 447, 449, 451, 453, 455, 457, 459, 461, 463, 465, 467, 469, 471, 473, 475, 477, 479, 481, 483, 485, 487, 489, 491, 493, 495, 497, 499, 501, 503, 505, 507, 509, 511, 513, 515, 517, 519, 521, 523, 525, 527, 529, 531, 533, 535, 537, 539, 541, 543, 545, 547, 549, 551, 553, 555, 557, 559, 561, 563, 565, 567, 569, 571, 573, 575, 577, 579, 581, 583, 585, 587, 589, 591, 593, 595, 597, 599, 601, 603, 605, 607, 609, 611, 613, 615, 617, 619, 621, 623, 625, 627, 629, 631, 633, 635, 637, 639, 641, 643, 645, 647, 649, 651, 653, 655, 657, 659, 661, 663, 665, 667, 669, 671, 673, 675, 677, 679, 681, 683, 685, 687, 689, 691, 693, 695, 697, 699, 701, 703, 705, 707, 709, 711, 713, 715, 717, 719, 721, 723, 725, 727, 729, 731, 733, 735, 737, 739, 741, 743, 745, 747, 749, 751, 753, 755, 757, 759, 761, 763, 765, 767, 769, 771, 773, 775, 777, 779, 781, 783, 785, 787, 789, 791, 793, 795, 797, 799, 801, 803, 805, 807, 809, 811, 813, 815, 817, 819, 821, 823, 825, 827, 829, 831, 833, 835, 837, 839, 841, 843, 845, 847, 849, 851, 853, 855, 857, 859, 861, 863, 865, 867, 869, 871, 873, 875, 877, 879, 881, 883, 885, 887, 889, 891, 893, 895, 897, 899, 901, 903, 905, 907, 909, 911, 913, 915, 917, 919, 921, 923, 925, 927, 929, 931, 933, 935, 937, 939, 941, 943, 945, 947, 949, 951, 953, 955, 957, 959, 961, 963, 965, 967, 969, 971, 973, 975, 977, 979, 981, 983, 985, 987, 989, 991, 993, 995, 997, 999, 1001, 1003, 1005, 1007, 1009, 1011, 1013, 1015, 1017, 1019, 1021, 1023, 1025, 1027, 1029, 1031, 1033, 1035, 1037, 1039, 1041, 1043, 1045, 1047, 1049, 1051, 1053, 1055, 1057, 1059, 1061, 1063, 1065, 1067, 1069, 1071, 1073, 1075, 1077, 1079, 1081, 1083, 1085, 1087, 1089, 1091, 1093, 1095, 1097, 1099, 1101, 1103, 1105, 1107, 1109, 1111, 1113, 1115, 1117, 1119, 1121, 1123, 1125, 1127, 1129, 1131, 1133, 1135, 1137, 1139, 1141, 1143, 1145, 1147, 1149, 1151, 1153, 1155, 1157, 1159, 1161, 1163, 1165, 1167, 1169, 1171, 1173, 1175, 1177, 1179, 1181, 1183, 1185, 1187, 1189, 1191, 1193, 1195, 1197, 1199, 1201, 1203, 1205, 1207, 1209, 1211, 1213, 1215, 1217, 1219, 1221, 1223, 1225, 1227, 1229, 1231, 1233, 1235, 1237, 1239, 1241, 1243, 1245, 1247, 1249, 1251, 1253, 1255, 1257, 1259, 1261, 1263, 1265, 1267, 1269, 1271, 1273, 1275, 1277, 1279, 1281, 1283, 1285, 1287, 1289, 1291, 1293, 1295, 1297, 1299, 1301, 1303, 1305, 1307, 1309, 1311, 1313, 1315, 1317, 1319, 1321, 1323, 1325, 1327, 1329, 1331, 1333, 1335, 1337, 1339, 1341, 1343, 1345, 1347, 1349, 1351, 1353, 1355, 1357, 1359, 1361, 1363, 1365, 1367, 1369, 1371, 1373, 1375, 1377, 1379, 1381, 1383, 1385, 1387, 1389, 1391, 1393, 1395, 1397, 1399, 1401, 1403, 1405, 1407, 1409, 1411, 1413, 1415, 1417, 1419, 1421, 1423, 1425, 1427, 1429, 1431, 1433, 1435, 1437, 1439, 1441, 1443, 1445, 1447, 1449, 1451, 1453, 1455, 1457, 1459, 1461, 1463, 1465, 1467, 1469, 1471, 1473, 1475, 1477, 1479, 1481, 1483, 1485, 1487, 1489, 1491, 1493, 1495, 1497, 1499, 1501, 1503, 1505, 1507, 1509, 1511, 1513, 1515, 1517, 1519, 1521, 1523, 1525, 1527, 1529, 1531, 1533, 1535, 1537, 1539, 1541, 1543, 1545, 1547, 1549, 1551, 1553, 1555, 1557, 1559, 1561, 1563, 1565, 1567, 1569, 1571, 1573, 1575, 1577, 1579, 1581, 1583, 1585, 1587, 1589, 1591, 1593, 1595, 1597, 1599, 1601, 1603, 1605, 1607, 1609, 1611, 1613, 1615, 1617, 1619, 1621, 1623, 1625, 1627, 1629, 1631, 1633, 1635, 1637, 1639, 1641, 1643, 1645, 1647, 1649, 1651, 1653, 1655, 1657, 1659, 1661, 1663, 1665, 1667, 1669, 1671, 1673, 1675, 1677, 1679, 1681, 1683, 1685, 1687, 1689, 1691, 1693, 1695, 1697, 1699, 1701, 1703, 1705, 1707, 1709, 1711, 1713, 1715, 1717, 1719, 1721, 1723, 1725, 1727, 1729, 1731, 1733, 1735, 1737, 1739, 1741, 1743, 1745, 1747, 1749, 1751, 1753, 1755, 1757, 1759, 1761, 1763, 1765, 1767, 1769, 1771, 1773, 1775, 1777, 1779, 1781, 1783, 1785, 1787, 1789, 1791, 1793, 1795, 1797, 1799, 1801, 1803, 1805, 1807, 1809, 1811, 1813, 1815, 1817, 1819, 1821, 1823, 1825, 1827, 1829, 1831, 1833, 1835, 1837, 1839, 1841, 1843, 1845, 1847, 1849, 1851, 1853, 1855, 1857, 1859, 1861, 1863, 1865, 1867, 1869, 1871, 1873, 1875, 1877, 1879, 1881, 1883, 1885, 1887, 1889, 1891, 1893, 1895, 1897, 1899, 1901, 1903, 1905, 1907, 1909, 1911, 1913, 1915, 1917, 1919, 1921, 1923, 1925, 1927, 1929, 1931, 1933, 1935, 1937, 1939, 1941, 1943, 1945, 1947, 1949, 1951, 1953, 1955, 1957, 1959, 1961, 1963, 1965, 1967, 1969, 1971, 1973, 1975, 1977, 1979, 1981, 1983, 1985, 1987, 1989, 1991, 1993, 1995, 1997, 1999, 2001, 2003, 2005, 2007, 2009, 2011, 2013, 2015, 2017, 2019, 2021, 2023, 2025, 2027, 2029, 2031, 2033, 2035, 2037, 2039, 2041, 2043, 2045, 2047, 2049, 2051, 2053, 2055, 2057, 2059, 2061, 2063, 2065, 2067, 2069, 2071, 2073, 2075, 2077, 2079, 2081, 2083, 2085, 2087, 2089, 2091, 2093, 2095, 2097, 2099, 2101, 2103, 2105, 2107, 2109, 2111, 2113, 2115, 2117, 2119, 2121, 2123, 2125, 2127, 2129, 2131, 2133, 2135, 2137, 2139, 2141, 2143, 2145, 2147, 2149, 2151, 2153, 2155, 2157, 2159, 2161, 2163, 2165, 2167, 2169, 2171, 2173, 2175, 2177, 2179, 2181, 2183, 2185, 2187, 2189, 2191, 2193, 2195, 2197, 2199, 2201, 2203, 2205, 2207, 2209, 2211, 2213, 2215, 2217, 2219, 2221, 2223, 2225, 2227, 2229, 2231, 2233, 2235, 2237, 2239, 2241, 2243, 2245, 2247, 2249, 2251, 2253, 2255, 2257, 2259, 2261, 2263, 2265, 2267, 2269, 2271, 2273, 2275, 2277, 2279, 2281, 2283, 2285, 2287, 2289, 2291, 2293, 2295, 2297, 2299, 2301, 2303, 2305, 2307, 2309, 2311, 2313, 2315, 2317, 2319, 2321, 2323, 2325, 2327, 2329, 2331, 2333, 2335, 2337, 2339, 2341, 2343, 2345, 2347, 2349, 2351, 2353, 2355, 2357, 2359, 2361, 2363, 2365, 2367, 2369, 2371, 2373, 2375, 2377, 2379, 2381, 2383, 2385, 2387, 2389, 2391, 2393, 2395, 2397, 2399, 2401, 2403, 2405, 2407, 2409, 2411, 2413, 2415, 2417, 2419, 2421, 2423, 2425, 2427, 2429, 2431, 2433, 2435, 2437, 2439, 2441, 2443, 2445, 2447, 2449, 2451, 2453, 2455, 2457, 2459, 2461, 2463, 2465, 2467, 2469, 2471, 2473, 2475, 2477, 2479, 2481, 2483, 2485, 2487, 2489, 2491, 2493, 2495, 2497, 2499, 2501, 2503, 2505, 2507, 2509, 2511, 2513, 2515, 2517, 2519, 2521, 2523, 2525, 2527, 2529, 2531, 2533, 2535, 2537, 2539, 2541, 2543, 2545, 2547, 2549, 2551, 2553, 2555, 2557, 2559, 2561, 2563, 2565, 2567, 2569, 2571, 2573, 2575, 2577, 2579, 2581, 2583, 2585, 2587, 2589, 2591, 2593, 2595, 2597, 2599, 2601, 2603, 2605, 2607, 2609, 2611, 2613, 2615, 2617, 2619, 2621, 2623, 2625, 2627, 2629, 2631, 2633, 2635, 2637, 2639, 2641, 2643, 2645, 2647, 2649, 2651, 2653, 2655, 2657, 2659, 2661, 2663, 2665, 2667, 2669, 2671, 2673, 2675, 2677, 2679, 2681, 2683, 2685, 2687, 2689, 2691, 2693, 2695, 2697, 2699, 2701, 2703, 2705, 2707, 2709, 2711, 2713, 2715, 2717, 2719, 2721, 2723, 2725, 2727, 2729, 2731, 2733, 2735, 2737, 2739, 2741, 2743, 2745, 2747, 2749, 2751, 2753, 2755, 2757, 2759, 2761, 2763, 2765, 2767, 2769, 2771, 2773, 2775, 2777, 2779, 2781, 2783, 2785, 2787, 2789, 2791, 2793, 2795, 2797, 2799, 2801, 2803, 2805, 2807, 2809, 2811, 2813, 2815, 2817, 2819, 2821, 2823, 2825, 2827, 2829, 2831, 2833, 2835, 2837, 2839, 2841, 2843, 2845, 2847, 2849, 2851, 2853, 2855, 2857, 2859, 2861, 2863, 2865, 2867, 2869, 2871, 2873, 2875, 2877, 2879, 2881, 2883, 2885, 2887, 2889, 2891, 2893, 2895, 2897, 2899, 2901, 2903, 2905, 2907, 2909, 2911, 2913, 2915, 2917, 2919, 2921, 2923, 2925, 2927, 2929, 2931, 2933, 2935, 2937, 2939, 2941, 2943, 2945, 2947, 2949, 2951, 2953, 2955, 2957, 2959, 2961, 2963, 2965, 2967, 2969, 2971, 2973, 2975, 2977, 2979, 2981, 2983, 2985, 2987, 2989, 2991, 2993, 2995, 2997, 2999, 3001, 3003, 3005, 3007, 3009, 3011, 3013, 3015, 3017, 3019, 3021, 3023, 3025, 3027, 3029, 3031, 3033, 3035, 3037, 3039, 3041, 3043, 3045, 3047, 3049, 3051, 3053, 3055, 3057, 3059, 3061, 3063, 3065, 3067, 3069, 3071, 3073, 3075, 3077, 3079, 3081, 3083, 3085, 3087, 3089, 3091, 3093, 3095, 3097, 3099, 3101, 3103, 3105, 3107, 3109, 3111, 3113, 3115, 3117, 3119, 3121, 3123, 3125, 3127, 3129, 3131, 3133, 3135, 3137, 3139, 3141, 3143, 3145, 3147, 3149, 3151, 3153, 3155, 3157, 3159, 3161, 3163, 3165, 3167, 3169, 3171, 3173, 3175, 3177, 3179, 3181, 3183, 3185, 3187, 3189, 3191, 3193, 3195, 3197, 3199, 3201, 3203, 3205, 3207, 3209, 3211, 3213, 3215, 3217, 3219, 3221, 3223, 3225, 3227, 3229, 3231, 3233, 3235, 3237, 3239, 3241, 3243, 3245, 3247, 3249, 3251, 3253, 3255, 3257, 3259, 3261, 3263, 3265, 3267, 3269, 3271, 3273, 3275, 3277, 3279, 3281, 3283, 3285, 3287, 3289, 3291, 3293, 3295, 3297, 3299, 3301, 3303, 3305, 3307, 3309, 3311, 3313, 3315, 3317, 3319, 3321, 3323, 3325, 3327, 3329, 3331, 3333, 3335, 3337, 3339, 3341, 3343, 3345, 3347, 3349, 3351, 3353, 3355, 3357, 3359, 3361, 3363, 3365, 3367, 3369, 3371, 3373, 3375, 3377, 3379, 3381, 3383, 3385, 3387, 3389, 3391, 3393, 3395, 3397, 3399, 3401, 3403, 3405, 3407, 3409, 3411, 3413, 3415, 3417, 3419, 3421, 3423, 3425, 3427, 3429, 3431, 3433, 3435, 3437, 3439, 3441, 3443, 3445, 3447, 3449, 3451, 3453, 3455, 3457, 3459, 3461, 3463, 3465, 3467, 3469, 3471, 3473, 3475, 3477, 3479, 3481, 3483, 3485, 3487, 3489, 3491, 3493, 3495, 3497, 3499, 3501, 3503, 3505, 3507, 3509, 3511, 3513, 3515, 3517, 3519, 3521, 3523, 3525, 3527, 3529, 3531, 3533, 3535, 3537, 3539, 3541, 3543, 3545, 3547, 3549, 3551, 3553, 3555, 3557, 3559, 3561, 3563, 3565, 3567, 3569, 3571, 3573, 3575, 3577, 3579, 3581, 3583, 3585, 3587, 3589, 3591, 3593, 3595, 3597, 3599, 3601, 3603, 3605, 3607, 3609, 3611, 3613, 3615, 3617, 3619, 3621, 3623, 3625, 3627, 3629, 3631, 3633, 3635, 3637, 3639, 3641, 3643, 3645, 3647, 3649, 3651, 3653, 3655, 3657, 3659, 3661, 3663, 3665, 3667, 3669, 3671, 3673, 3675, 3677, 3679, 3681, 3683, 3685, 3687, 3689, 3691, 3693, 3695, 3697, 3699, 3701, 3703, 3705, 3707, 3709, 3711, 3713, 3715, 3717, 3719, 3721, 3723, 3725, 3727, 3729, 3731, 3733, 3735, 3737, 3739, 3741, 3743, 3745, 3747, 3749, 3751, 3753, 3755, 3757, 3759, 3761, 3763, 3765, 3767, 3769, 3771, 3773, 3775, 3777, 3779, 3781, 3783, 3785, 3787, 3789, 3791, 3793, 3795, 3797, 3799, 3801, 3803, 3805, 3807, 3809, 3811, 3813, 3815, 3817, 3819, 3821, 3823, 3825, 3827, 3829, 3831, 3833, 3835, 3837, 3839, 3841, 3843, 3845, 3847, 3849, 3851, 3853, 3855, 3857, 3859, 3861, 3863, 3865, 3867, 3869, 3871, 3873, 3875, 3877, 3879, 3881, 3883, 3885, 3887, 3889, 3891, 3893, 3895, 3897, 3899, 3901, 3903, 3905, 3907, 3909, 3911, 3913, 3915, 3917, 3919, 3921, 3923, 3925, 3927, 3929, 3931, 3933, 3935, 3937, 3939, 3941, 3943, 3945, 3947, 3949, 3951, 3953, 3955, 3957, 3959, 3961, 3963, 3965, 3967, 3969, 3971, 3973, 3975, 3977, 3979, 3981, 3983, 3985, 3987, 3989, 3991, 3993, 3995, 3997, 3999, 4001, 4003, 4005, 4007, 4009, 4011, 4013, 4015, 4017, 4019, 4021, 4023, 4025, 4027, 4029, 4031, 4033, 4035, 4037, 4039, 4041, 4043, 4045, 4047, 4049, 4051, 4053, 4055, 4057, 4059, 4061, 4063, 4065, 4067, 4069, 4071, 4073, 4075, 4077, 4079, 4081, 4083, 4085, 4087, 4089, 4091, 4093, 4095, 4097, 4099, 4101, 4103, 4105, 4107, 4109, 4111, 4113, 4115, 4117, 4119, 41							

JEWCELEBRATE CITY'S FREEDOM

Jerusalem Delivered Seven Years Ago by British Under Lord Allenby

JERUSALEM, Jan. 16 (Special Correspondence)—That Jerusalem is on the way to rapidly becoming a modern city of importance was the belief voiced by the High Commissioner, Sir Herbert Samuel, in declaring open Jerusalem's newest spacious avenue and naming it King George V.

The opening ceremony took place Dec. 9, coinciding with the celebration that day of the seventh anniversary of the deliverance of Jerusalem by the British forces under Lord Allenby. A varicolored crowd, estimated to have numbered 10,000 persons, lined both sides of the avenue and the streets surrounding it, and cheered the Moslem Mayor, Ragheb Bey Nashashibi, the Christian Governor, Sir Ronald Storrs, and the High Commissioner, Sir Herbert Samuel.

An Adequate Water Supply After paying tribute to the energy and devotion of the Mayor and the District Governor, Sir Herbert Samuel mentioned the fact that Jerusalem has been provided for the first time in many centuries with an adequate water supply. He said:

Furnished with that essential convenience, and endowed with the improvements insured by the town plan, and by the new streets opened in so many directions, we may be sure that the development of Jerusalem will be rapid. If the country remains peaceful, and its economic growth proceeds, we may anticipate that the capital city will soon number 100,000 inhabitants, and that its growth will continue beyond that figure.

While we are careful to maintain unchanged the ancient characteristics of the city within the walls, modern Jerusalem is being transformed into a town more worthy to be the capital of a progressive state and a center to which pilgrims and travelers from all countries of the world repair.

Building Activities

Addressing the High Commissioner, the Mayor of Jerusalem, in opening the exercises, said in part as follows:

The building activities outside the city walls commenced some 60 years ago and increased year by year until these buildings, among which are some of huge dimensions, have become the landmarks of the city as those inside the city walls; but what marked their appearance and the appearance of the city is that, in the construction of roads, the engineers did not follow a properly planned system.

This matter was neglected for a long period until 1920, when work on the construction and opening of roads commenced properly. The members of the Municipal Council and myself have been prompted to this by the necessity of widening the roads in order that they may conform with the requirements of this city, its social and religious position, and the increase of traffic and population.

SUNSET STORIES

The Fruit in the Window

A FINE pyramid of nice red apples stood in the center of a grocery store window looking out on one of Philadelphia's wintry streets. A bunch of bananas hung just above it. On one side of it was a pyramid of oranges and on the other a pyramid of grapefruit. The corner hung several long clusters of beautiful grapes. Here and there was a prickly pineapple, around them all was border of lemons, and on each corner a mound of dates and figs.

"This is quite an interesting crowd," said a lemon, looking about slyly. "I reckon we are meeting here from all over the world."

"That's right," agreed an orange promptly, "though I never thought about it before. I came from the South myself."

"A long train ride from California brought us here," said a grapefruit. "We took a boat trip first and then the train," said one of the pineapples. "We grow on the ground in a land where it is always summer."

"We came from Jamaica," announced a bunch of bananas. "And we are from Spain," chimed in the Malaga grapes. "We were all packed in ground cork and had a great trip."

"We came from Syria in rush baskets," said one of the figs. "But the apples said not a word."

"What's all this?" laughed a coconut, rolling in good-naturedly. "Who in the world are you?" demanded several of the fruits together.

"Greetings from the West Indies!" sang out the jolly fellow. "You're no stranger to me," smiled one of the dates, "for we both belong to the palm family. Welcome!"

"We're traveled hundreds of miles, all of us," said the apples forlornly. "We are just plain ordinary apples."

"Really?" inquired the coconut with interest. "Yes."

Ancient Fork Is Sold to Aid South African Colonization

Special from Monitor Bureau London
Special Correspondence
THE Victoria and Albert Museum has recently acquired a very interesting old English silver two-prong fork, which is pronounced by experts to be the earliest known.

The earliest examples of the fork as an implement for eating, for the traveler Coryat wrote in 1611 with some scorn of how he had seen the Italians using a fork to help themselves from the dish. He obviously looked on the use as a dinky custom only suitable for dandies who were afraid of soiling their fingers.

Curiously enough, and almost coincident with the coming to light of the fork there has been found at the famous Haddon Hall in Derbyshire a silver spoon with the same hall marks and crests. It may be described as the fork's own sister. It was found when repairs were being made to the floor of the great nursery.

It is impossible to overlook the fact that the drinking of whisky in Scotland is decreasing, while the output and profits from the distilleries are increasing. The surplus stocks must, therefore, go abroad, not only to the United States, but all over the world. A whisky broker recently stated that he did not care if he never got another home order, as he could keep going on foreign trade. It is, however, only the distilleries that take the risk of "rum-running." That it is not uniformly profitable is shown by the fact that one Edinburgh firm, known for its bootlegging activities, has gone bankrupt.

Wholesale whisky dealers, too, are constantly reluctant to take on new customers for their mature and the inference is that higher prices are obtained in the foreign markets. An Edinburgh publican stated that he could always get the blends he wanted from the houses with which he had been in the habit of dealing, but he doubted if a new customer would.

Another statement made by the American press was that, although only mature stock could be sold in Britain, small distilleries were springing up to make whisky which was sent to America after having aged only a few weeks. From reliable sources it is learned that the last statement is without foundation. The tendency in the distilling industry just now is to form large combines, and not a single case of a small distillery having been opened can be found. At the present moment there are three large combines, and it is even hinted that these might be amalgamated.

Wholesale whisky dealers, too, are constantly reluctant to take on new customers for their mature and the inference is that higher prices are obtained in the foreign markets. An Edinburgh publican stated that he could always get the blends he wanted from the houses with which he had been in the habit of dealing, but he doubted if a new customer would.

Another statement made by the American press was that, although only mature stock could be sold in Britain, small distilleries were springing up to make whisky which was sent to America after having aged only a few weeks. From reliable sources it is learned that the last statement is without foundation. The tendency in the distilling industry just now is to form large combines, and not a single case of a small distillery having been opened can be found. At the present moment there are three large combines, and it is even hinted that these might be amalgamated.

Wholesale whisky dealers, too, are constantly reluctant to take on new customers for their mature and the inference is that higher prices are obtained in the foreign markets. An Edinburgh publican stated that he could always get the blends he wanted from the houses with which he had been in the habit of dealing, but he doubted if a new customer would.

Another statement made by the American press was that, although only mature stock could be sold in Britain, small distilleries were springing up to make whisky which was sent to America after having aged only a few weeks. From reliable sources it is learned that the last statement is without foundation. The tendency in the distilling industry just now is to form large combines, and not a single case of a small distillery having been opened can be found. At the present moment there are three large combines, and it is even hinted that these might be amalgamated.

HOBBART MAY BECOME WHALING PORT ANEW

HOBBART, Tas., Jan. 10 (Special Correspondence)—It is likely that Hobart may again become a whaling port of considerable importance, just as it was half a century ago. The first intimation that an effort is being made to have the Imperial Government define a British whaling area in the Antarctic regions almost given by the Premier.

It appears that there has been a deal in dealing with the matter in England, but the Premier is none the less hopeful that at an early date such action will be taken as will tend to render whaling in the frozen south much more attractive than it has been. Members of many expeditions have returned bearing striking stories of the abundance of whales in these waters. "It is known," said the Premier, "that whales literally swarm the waters which lie in the same latitude as Hobart. If the Imperial Government takes the desired action, and the whaling industry is re-established, Hobart would be the natural base from which activities would be conducted."

The following game is from the match at Holland defeated France 6-4-3-5.

White: 1. K-K4, 2. P-K4, 3. P-K4, 4. P-K4, 5. P-K4, 6. P-K4, 7. P-K4, 8. P-K4, 9. P-K4, 10. P-K4, 11. P-K4, 12. P-K4, 13. P-K4, 14. P-K4, 15. P-K4, 16. P-K4, 17. P-K4, 18. P-K4, 19. P-K4, 20. P-K4, 21. P-K4, 22. P-K4, 23. P-K4, 24. P-K4, 25. P-K4, 26. P-K4, 27. P-K4, 28. P-K4, 29. P-K4, 30. P-K4, 31. P-K4, 32. P-K4, 33. P-K4, 34. P-K4, 35. P-K4, 36. P-K4, 37. P-K4, 38. P-K4, 39. P-K4, 40. P-K4, 41. P-K4, 42. P-K4, 43. P-K4, 44. P-K4, 45. P-K4, 46. P-K4, 47. P-K4, 48. P-K4, 49. P-K4, 50. P-K4, 51. P-K4, 52. P-K4, 53. P-K4, 54. P-K4, 55. P-K4, 56. P-K4, 57. P-K4, 58. P-K4, 59. P-K4, 60. P-K4, 61. P-K4, 62. P-K4, 63. P-K4, 64. P-K4, 65. P-K4, 66. P-K4, 67. P-K4, 68. P-K4, 69. P-K4, 70. P-K4, 71. P-K4, 72. P-K4, 73. P-K4, 74. P-K4, 75. P-K4, 76. P-K4, 77. P-K4, 78. P-K4, 79. P-K4, 80. P-K4, 81. P-K4, 82. P-K4, 83. P-K4, 84. P-K4, 85. P-K4, 86. P-K4, 87. P-K4, 88. P-K4, 89. P-K4, 90. P-K4, 91. P-K4, 92. P-K4, 93. P-K4, 94. P-K4, 95. P-K4, 96. P-K4, 97. P-K4, 98. P-K4, 99. P-K4, 100. P-K4, 101. P-K4, 102. P-K4, 103. P-K4, 104. P-K4, 105. P-K4, 106. P-K4, 107. P-K4, 108. P-K4, 109. P-K4, 110. P-K4, 111. P-K4, 112. P-K4, 113. P-K4, 114. P-K4, 115. P-K4, 116. P-K4, 117. P-K4, 118. P-K4, 119. P-K4, 120. P-K4, 121. P-K4, 122. P-K4, 123. P-K4, 124. P-K4, 125. P-K4, 126. P-K4, 127. P-K4, 128. P-K4, 129. P-K4, 130. P-K4, 131. P-K4, 132. P-K4, 133. P-K4, 134. P-K4, 135. P-K4, 136. P-K4, 137. P-K4, 138. P-K4, 139. P-K4, 140. P-K4, 141. P-K4, 142. P-K4, 143. P-K4, 144. P-K4, 145. P-K4, 146. P-K4, 147. P-K4, 148. P-K4, 149. P-K4, 150. P-K4, 151. P-K4, 152. P-K4, 153. P-K4, 154. P-K4, 155. P-K4, 156. P-K4, 157. P-K4, 158. P-K4, 159. P-K4, 160. P-K4, 161. P-K4, 162. P-K4, 163. P-K4, 164. P-K4, 165. P-K4, 166. P-K4, 167. P-K4, 168. P-K4, 169. P-K4, 170. P-K4, 171. P-K4, 172. P-K4, 173. P-K4, 174. P-K4, 175. P-K4, 176. P-K4, 177. P-K4, 178. P-K4, 179. P-K4, 180. P-K4, 181. P-K4, 182. P-K4, 183. P-K4, 184. P-K4, 185. P-K4, 186. P-K4, 187. P-K4, 188. P-K4, 189. P-K4, 190. P-K4, 191. P-K4, 192. P-K4, 193. P-K4, 194. P-K4, 195. P-K4, 196. P-K4, 197. P-K4, 198. P-K4, 199. P-K4, 200. P-K4, 201. P-K4, 202. P-K4, 203. P-K4, 204. P-K4, 205. P-K4, 206. P-K4, 207. P-K4, 208. P-K4, 209. P-K4, 210. P-K4, 211. P-K4, 212. P-K4, 213. P-K4, 214. P-K4, 215. P-K4, 216. P-K4, 217. P-K4, 218. P-K4, 219. P-K4, 220. P-K4, 221. P-K4, 222. P-K4, 223. P-K4, 224. P-K4, 225. P-K4, 226. P-K4, 227. P-K4, 228. P-K4, 229. P-K4, 230. P-K4, 231. P-K4, 232. P-K4, 233. P-K4, 234. P-K4, 235. P-K4, 236. P-K4, 237. P-K4, 238. P-K4, 239. P-K4, 240. P-K4, 241. P-K4, 242. P-K4, 243. P-K4, 244. P-K4, 245. P-K4, 246. P-K4, 247. P-K4, 248. P-K4, 249. P-K4, 250. P-K4, 251. P-K4, 252. P-K4, 253. P-K4, 254. P-K4, 255. P-K4, 256. P-K4, 257. P-K4, 258. P-K4, 259. P-K4, 260. P-K4, 261. P-K4, 262. P-K4, 263. P-K4, 264. P-K4, 265. P-K4, 266. P-K4, 267. P-K4, 268. P-K4, 269. P-K4, 270. P-K4, 271. P-K4, 272. P-K4, 273. P-K4, 274. P-K4, 275. P-K4, 276. P-K4, 277. P-K4, 278. P-K4, 279. P-K4, 280. P-K4, 281. P-K4, 282. P-K4, 283. P-K4, 284. P-K4, 285. P-K4, 286. P-K4, 287. P-K4, 288. P-K4, 289. P-K4, 290. P-K4, 291. P-K4, 292. P-K4, 293. P-K4, 294. P-K4, 295. P-K4, 296. P-K4, 297. P-K4, 298. P-K4, 299. P-K4, 300. P-K4, 301. P-K4, 302. P-K4, 303. P-K4, 304. P-K4, 305. P-K4, 306. P-K4, 307. P-K4, 308. P-K4, 309. P-K4, 310. P-K4, 311. P-K4, 312. P-K4, 313. P-K4, 314. P-K4, 315. P-K4, 316. P-K4, 317. P-K4, 318. P-K4, 319. P-K4, 320. P-K4, 321. P-K4, 322. P-K4, 323. P-K4, 324. P-K4, 325. P-K4, 326. P-K4, 327. P-K4, 328. P-K4, 329. P-K4, 330. P-K4, 331. P-K4, 332. P-K4, 333. P-K4, 334. P-K4, 335. P-K4, 336. P-K4, 337. P-K4, 338. P-K4, 339. P-K4, 340. P-K4, 341. P-K4, 342. P-K4, 343. P-K4, 344. P-K4, 345. P-K4, 346. P-K4, 347. P-K4, 348. P-K4, 349. P-K4, 350. P-K4, 351. P-K4, 352. P-K4, 353. P-K4, 354. P-K4, 355. P-K4, 356. P-K4, 357. P-K4, 358. P-K4, 359. P-K4, 360. P-K4, 361. P-K4, 362. P-K4, 363. P-K4, 364. P-K4, 365. P-K4, 366. P-K4, 367. P-K4, 368. P-K4, 369. P-K4, 370. P-K4, 371. P-K4, 372. P-K4, 373. P-K4, 374. P-K4, 375. P-K4, 376. P-K4, 377. P-K4, 378. P-K4, 379. P-K4, 380. P-K4, 381. P-K4, 382. P-K4, 383. P-K4, 384. P-K4, 385. P-K4, 386. P-K4, 387. P-K4, 388. P-K4, 389. P-K4, 390. P-K4, 391. P-K4, 392. P-K4, 393. P-K4, 394. P-K4, 395. P-K4, 396. P-K4, 397. P-K4, 398. P-K4, 399. P-K4, 400. P-K4, 401. P-K4, 402. P-K4, 403. P-K4, 404. P-K4, 405. P-K4, 406. P-K4, 407. P-K4, 408. P-K4, 409. P-K4, 410. P-K4, 411. P-K4, 412. P-K4, 413. P-K4, 414. P-K4, 415. P-K4, 416. P-K4, 417. P-K4, 418. P-K4, 419. P-K4, 420. P-K4, 421. P-K4, 422. P-K4, 423. P-K4, 424. P-K4, 425. P-K4, 426. P-K4, 427. P-K4, 428. P-K4, 429. P-K4, 430. P-K4, 431. P-K4, 432. P-K4, 433. P-K4, 434. P-K4, 435. P-K4, 436. P-K4, 437. P-K4, 438. P-K4, 439. P-K4, 440. P-K4, 441. P-K4, 442. P-K4, 443. P-K4, 444. P-K4, 445. P-K4, 446. P-K4, 447. P-K4, 448. P-K4, 449. P-K4, 450. P-K4, 451. P-K4, 452. P-K4, 453. P-K4, 454. P-K4, 455. P-K4, 456. P-K4, 457. P-K4, 458. P-K4, 459. P-K4, 460. P-K4, 461. P-K4, 462. P-K4, 463. P-K4, 464. P-K4, 465. P-K4, 466. P-K4, 467. P-K4, 468. P-K4, 469. P-K4, 470. P-K4, 471. P-K4, 472. P-K4, 473. P-K4, 474. P-K4, 475. P-K4, 476. P-K4, 477. P-K4, 478. P-K4, 479. P-K4, 480. P-K4, 481. P-K4, 482. P-K4, 483. P-K4, 484. P-K4, 485. P-K4, 486. P-K4, 487. P-K4, 488. P-K4, 489. P-K4, 490. P-K4, 491. P-K4, 492. P-K4, 493. P-K4, 494. P-K4, 495. P-K4, 496. P-K4, 497. P-K4, 498. P-K4, 499. P-K4, 500. P-K4, 501. P-K4, 502. P-K4, 503. P-K4, 504. P-K4, 505. P-K4, 506. P-K4, 507. P-K4, 508. P-K4, 509. P-K4, 510. P-K4, 511. P-K4, 512. P-K4, 513. P-K4, 514. P-K4, 515. P-K4, 516. P-K4, 517. P-K4, 518. P-K4, 519. P-K4, 520. P-K4, 521. P-K4, 522. P-K4, 523. P-K4, 524. P-K4, 525. P-K4, 526. P-K4, 527. P-K4, 528. P-K4, 529. P-K4, 530. P-K4, 531. P-K4, 532. P-K4, 533. P-K4, 534. P-K4, 535. P-K4, 536. P-K4, 537. P-K4, 538. P-K4, 539. P-K4, 540. P-K4, 541. P-K4, 542. P-K4, 543. P-K4, 544. P-K4, 545. P-K4, 546. P-K4, 547. P-K4, 548. P-K4, 549. P-K4, 550. P-K4, 551. P-K4, 552. P-K4, 553. P-K4, 554. P-K4, 555. P-K4, 556. P-K4, 557. P-K4, 558. P-K4, 559. P-K4, 560. P-K4, 561. P-K4, 562. P-K4, 563. P-K4, 564. P-K4, 565. P-K4, 566. P-K4, 567. P-K4, 568. P-K4, 569. P-K4, 570. P-K4, 571. P-K4, 572. P-K4, 573. P-K4, 574. P-K4, 575. P-K4, 576. P-K4, 577. P-K4, 578. P-K4, 579. P-K4, 580. P-K4, 581. P-K4, 582. P-K4, 583. P-K4, 584. P-K4, 585. P-K4, 586. P-K4, 587. P-K4, 588. P-K4, 589. P-K4, 590. P-K4, 591. P-K4, 592. P-K4, 593. P-K4, 594. P-K4, 595. P-K4, 596. P-K4, 597. P-K4, 598. P-K4, 599. P-K4, 600. P-K4, 601. P-K4, 602. P-K4, 603. P-K4, 604. P-K4, 605. P-K4, 606. P-K4, 607. P-K4, 608. P-K4, 609. P-K4, 610. P-K4, 611. P-K4, 612. P-K4, 613. P-K4, 614. P-K4, 615. P-K4, 616. P-K4, 617. P-K4, 618. P-K4, 619. P-K4, 620. P-K4, 621. P-K4, 622. P-K4, 623. P-K4, 624. P-K4, 625. P-K4, 626. P-K4, 627. P-K4, 628. P-K4, 629. P-K4, 630. P-K4, 631. P-K4, 632. P-K4, 633. P-K4, 634. P-K4, 635. P-K4, 636. P-K4, 637. P-K4, 638. P-K4, 639. P-K4, 640. P-K4, 641. P-K4, 642. P-K4, 643. P-K4, 644. P-K4, 645. P-K4, 646. P-K4, 647. P-K4, 648. P-K4, 649. P-K4, 650. P-K4, 651. P-K4, 652. P-K4, 653. P-K4, 654. P-K4, 655. P-K4, 656. P-K4, 657. P-K4, 658. P-K4, 659. P-K4, 660. P-K4, 661. P-K4, 662. P-K4, 663. P-K4, 664. P-K4, 665. P-K4, 666. P-K4, 667. P-K4, 668. P-K4, 669. P-K4, 670. P-K4, 671. P-K4, 672. P-K4, 673. P-K4, 674. P-K4, 675. P-K4, 676. P-K4, 677. P-K4, 678. P-K4, 679. P-K4, 680. P-K4, 681. P-K4, 682. P-K4, 683. P-K4, 684. P-K4, 685. P-K4, 686. P-K4, 687. P-K4, 688. P-K4, 689. P-K4, 690. P-K4, 691. P-K4, 692. P-K4, 693. P-K4, 694. P-K4, 695. P-K4, 696. P-K4, 697. P-K4, 698. P-K4, 699. P-K4, 700. P-K4, 701. P-K4, 702. P-K4, 703. P-K4, 704. P-K4, 705. P-K4, 706. P-K4, 707. P-K4, 708. P-K4, 709. P-K4, 710. P-K4, 711. P-K4, 712. P-K4, 713. P-K4, 714. P-K4, 715. P-K4, 716. P-K4, 717. P-K4, 718. P-K4, 719. P-K4, 720. P-K4, 721. P-K4, 722. P-K4, 723. P-K4, 724. P-K4, 725. P-K4, 726. P-K4, 727. P-K4, 728. P-K4, 729. P-K4, 730. P-K4, 731. P-K4, 732. P-K4, 733. P-K4, 734. P-K4, 735. P-K4, 736. P-K4, 737. P-K4, 738. P-K4, 739. P-K4, 740. P-K4, 741. P-K4, 742. P-K4, 743. P-K4, 744. P-K4, 745. P-K4, 746. P-K4, 747. P-K4, 748. P-K4, 749. P-K4, 750. P-K4, 751. P-K4, 752. P-K4, 753. P-K4, 754. P-K4, 755. P-K4, 756. P-K4, 757. P-K4, 758. P-K4, 759. P-K4, 760. P-K4, 761. P-K4, 762. P-K4, 763. P-K4, 764. P-K4, 765. P-K4, 766. P-K4, 767. P-K4, 768. P-K4, 769. P-K4, 770. P-K4, 771. P-K4, 772. P-K4, 773. P-K4, 774. P-K4, 775. P-K4, 776. P-K4, 777. P-K4, 778. P-K4, 779. P-K4, 780. P-K4, 781. P-K4, 782. P-K4, 783. P-K4, 784. P-K4, 785. P-K4, 786. P-K4, 787. P-K4, 788. P-K4, 789. P-K4, 790. P-K4, 791. P-K4, 792. P-K4, 793. P-K4, 794. P-K4, 795. P-K4, 796. P-K4, 797. P-K4, 798. P-K4, 799. P-K4, 800. P-K4, 801. P-K4, 802. P-K4, 803. P-K4, 804. P-K4, 805. P-K4, 806. P-K4, 807. P-K4, 808. P-K4, 809. P-K4, 810. P-K4, 811. P-K4, 812. P-K4, 813. P-K4, 814. P-K4, 815. P-K4, 816. P-K4, 817. P-K4, 818. P-K4, 819. P-K4, 820. P-K4, 821. P-K4, 822. P-K4, 823. P-K4, 824. P-K4, 825. P-K4, 826. P-K4, 827. P-K4, 828. P-K4, 829. P-K4, 830. P-K4, 831. P-K4, 832. P-K4, 833. P-K4, 834. P-K4, 835. P-K4, 836. P-K4, 837. P-K4, 838. P-K4, 839. P-K4, 840. P-K4, 841. P-K4, 842. P-K4, 843. P-K4, 844. P-K4, 845. P-K4, 846. P-K4, 847. P-K4, 848. P-K4, 849. P-K4, 850. P-K4, 851. P-K4, 852. P-K4, 853. P-K4, 854. P-K4, 855. P-K4, 856. P-K4, 857. P-K4, 858. P-K4, 859. P-K4, 860. P-K4, 861. P-K4, 862. P-K4, 863. P-K4, 864. P-K4, 865. P-K4, 866. P-K4, 867. P-K4, 868. P-K4, 869. P-K4, 870. P-K4, 871. P-K4, 872. P-K4, 873. P-K4, 874. P-K4, 875. P-K4, 876. P-K4, 877. P-K4, 878. P-K4, 879. P-K4, 880. P-K4, 881. P-K4, 882. P-K4, 883. P-K4, 884. P-K4, 885. P-K4, 886. P-K4, 887. P-K4, 888. P-K4, 889. P-K4, 890. P-K4, 891. P-K4, 892. P-K4, 893. P-K4, 894. P-K4, 895. P-K4, 896. P-K4, 897. P-K4, 898. P-K4, 899. P-K4, 900. P-K4, 901. P-K4, 902. P-K4, 903. P-K4, 904. P-K4, 905. P-K4, 906. P-K4, 907. P-K4, 908. P-K4, 909. P-K4, 910. P-K4, 911. P-K4, 912. P-K4, 913. P-K4, 914. P-K4, 915. P-K4, 916. P-K4, 917. P-K4, 918. P-K4, 919. P-K4, 920. P-K4, 921. P-K4, 922. P-K4, 923. P-K4, 924. P-K4, 925. P-K4, 926. P-K4, 927. P-K4, 928. P-K4, 929. P-K4, 930. P-K4, 931. P-K4, 932. P-K4, 933. P-K4, 934. P-K4, 935. P-K4, 936. P-K4, 937. P-K4, 938. P-K4, 939. P-K4, 940. P-K4, 941. P-K4, 942. P-K4, 943. P-K4, 944. P-K4, 945. P-K4, 946. P-K4, 947. P-K4, 948. P-K4, 949. P-K4, 950. P-K4, 951. P-K4, 952. P-K4, 953. P-K4, 954. P-K4, 955. P-K4, 956. P-K4, 957. P-K4, 958. P-K4, 959. P-K4, 960. P-K4, 961. P-K4, 962. P-K4, 963. P-K4, 964. P-K4, 965. P-K4, 966. P-K4, 967. P-K4, 968. P-K4, 969. P-K4, 970. P-K4, 971. P-K4, 972. P-K4, 973. P-K4, 974. P-K4, 975. P-K4, 976. P-K4, 977. P-K4, 978. P-K4, 979. P-K4, 980. P-K4, 981. P-K4, 982. P-K4, 983. P-K4, 984. P-K4, 985. P-K4, 986. P-K4, 987. P-K4, 988. P-K4, 989. P-K4, 990. P-K4, 991. P-K4, 992. P-K4, 993. P-K4, 994. P-K4, 995. P-K4, 996. P-K4, 997. P-K4, 998. P-K4, 999. P-K

ADVERTISEMENTS BY STATES AND CITIES

NEW JERSEY

Paterson

(Continued)

TURPAN
2 PANTS
SUITS
\$25 to \$35
122 MARKET ST.
PATERSON, N. J.

Alexander Hamilton
BOOK SHOP
35 1/2 Hamilton St. Phone BR. 4874
Books and Cards

BURN OIL!!

THE MODERN FUEL
NEW JERSEY OIL BURNING EQUIPMENT
COMPANY
49 PARK AVE. PATERSON, N. J.

CHARLES SCHOFFEL
DIAMONDS, WATCHES, JEWELRY &
SILVERWARE
Repairing & Specialty
68 Broadway Paterson, N. J.

INSURANCE REAL ESTATE
R. WILLIAMS BORDEN & CO.
Room 225, Hamilton Building
Phone Lambert 1836-W

Summit

A. W. BRYDON
Plumbing, Heating
and Metal Work
Telephone 1227
5 Dorchester Street, Summit, N. J.

Union Hill

TRIANGLE DRESSMAKING SCHOOL
for the home dressmaker
TRIMMING - SUPPLIES
HEMSTITCHING
DISTINCTIVE LAMPS AND SHADES
375 New York Ave., Near 4th St.
Union Hill, N. J.

Westfield

WM. DEAN SANFORD
COAL - REAL ESTATE - INSURANCE
Westfield - Cranford - Elizabeth
Phone Cranford 46

NEW YORK

Albany

MUHLFELDER'S
55 NO. PEARL ST. ALBANY, N. Y.

Albany

The Quarterly
Stocktaking Sale
Wednesday, Thursday, Friday, Saturday
February 11th to 14th
DRASTIC REDUCTIONS IN
ALL DEPARTMENTS

Men's Cashmere Hose
Fancy Heather Fancy Figured
Mixtures Mixtures
45c 79c
3 Pairs 1.25 3 Pairs 2.25

Steebel Brothers
ALBANY, NEW YORK

BANKING BY MAIL
A SPECIALTY
Present rate of interest
4 1/2%

National Savings Bank
70-72 State St., Albany, N. Y.

Cantilever Shoe
BROAD 2-10 WIDGES 4444-E
EXPERT FITTING
CANTILEVER SHOE SHOP, INC.
15-17 No. Pearl Street, Albany, N. Y.

Spring Calls for
Plain and Striped Grounds
\$2.25 to \$3.25
Per Yard
SAMPLES ON REQUEST
Perkins Silk Shop
STATE STREET

Boyce & Milwain
68-68 STATE ST.

20% Discount
Men's Suits
and Overcoats

HERZOG, McLAUGHLIN & VERNON
Antiarctic OVAL Bituminous
Direct mine shipments from affiliated
companies
Our Combustion Engineer will analyze your
requirements and suggest the proper fuel at
no cost or obligation.
5-9 Plaza, 2nd Bldg. Terminal St.
38th 1976, all Dept. West 184-764

COAL
Mason's Building Supplies
JOHN T. D. BLACKBURN
320 Water St. ALBANY, N. Y. Main 304

FRANK M. WAINWRIGHT
TRADING
Furnishings of Value
Incense, Bazaar of Gifts
200 State Street TEL. Main 307

NEW YORK

Albany

Spring Hats
Arrive!
millinery
Very
Specially
Priced
Grace & Merritt
21 N. Pearl Street, Albany, N. Y.

Albany Hardware
& Iron Co.
33-43 STATE STREET
Auto Supplies
Sporting Goods
Builders' Hardware
Tools, Cutlery
Household Furnishings
QUALITY AT
CONSISTENT
PRICES

TOWLE STERLING SILVER
MARY CHILTON
"The Albany Largest Pen Dealers"
J. & T. COUSINS
WATCH FOR OUR NEW
SPRING SHOES
That Are Coming In Daily
3-11 North Pearl St., Albany, N. Y.

COTRELL & LEONARD
412 BROADWAY, ALBANY
Women's Coats and Dresses
Men's and Women's Fur Coats
Men's and Women's Footwear
Luggage and Umbrellas
DIAMONDS, SILVERWARE
The Wall Mark Jeweler
FREDERICK P. D. JENNINGS
115 North Pearl St., Albany, N. Y.

EAT AT VERNON'S
EXCELLENT LUNCHEONS
Table and Counter Service
Everything new and up-to-date
111 North Pearl St.
Tel. Main 7127-3900

THE HILL RESTAURANT & LUNCH
212 Hudson Avenue
Phone Main 314-2
Regular Dinner 40 cents, served from 11 a. m.
to 9 p. m. Special Chicken Dinner Sundays,
60 cents. Lunches put up to take out.

VALENTINES
THORPE-ENGRAVER, INC.
28 State St., Albany, N. Y.
WEDDING INVITATIONS
ROSWELL P. FLOWER
Retail dealer in
ANTHRA-CYCLE - BICYCLES
44 NORTH ST., ALBANY, N. Y. Main 2220

It is Made of Rubber We Have It
Rubber Footwear for the entire family
ALLING RUBBER CO.
401 Broadway, Albany, N. Y.

WANTED
Apartment or small flat; 2 adults; references.
ROOM 21, UNION STATION
E. A. BEAUMONT, Inc.
STATION SHOES FOR MEN AND WOMEN
71 STATE STREET
G. C. REARDON, INC.
Furniture of Character
407 Broadway Albany, N. Y.

ALBANY MILLING COMPANY
Crushed Stone, Cement and Building Material
8-9 Plaza, 2nd Bldg. Terminal St.
Main 3770 all Dept. West 184-764

HARVEY'S GARAGE
Miller, Tires, Battery Gas and Oil
Storage Accessories Washing
351 Hudson Ave., Albany, N. Y. Tel. Main 4084

ALICE K. HAMMERSLOUGH
TEACHER IN THE ART OF SINGING
Studio: 186 Lancaster St. Tel. Main 6210-R

THE GREEN PARROT
Chapel Street, Near Capitol Theatre
Open 11:30 to 9 o'clock
SEA FOOD
With the tang and zest from the fishing
boats to you.
FRANK D. DAVIS FISH CO.
12 Pine St. Main 4108 Albany, N. Y.

FAVORS VALENTINES
MRS. LEAKES SHOP
75 Maiden Lane

Bronxville
THE CUSTER ARMS
671 Palmer Ave. Tel. 2440
Club Breakfast 7:30-9 Lunch 12-2
Sunday-Dinner 1-3 Supper 6-7
Special arrangements for private parties
Orders taken for Cakes, Salads & Sandwiches
We wish to express appreciation for the
patronage of our Bronxville friends.
ENGLISH & LEGGAT
CARPENTERS AND BUILDERS
404 Highland Ave. Tel. Oakland 7003
MT. VERNON, N. Y.

SARA H. FRY
HAIR DRESSER
Permanent Wave, Marcel Wave, Hair Cutting
Artistic Hair Dressing
10 STUDIO ARCADE Bvillie 3103
Pondfield Road, Near Station.
Radio Sets, ELECTRICAL, Repairs made to
and Supplies. REPAIRS All Types of Radio
HAIR RADIO & ELECTRIC SHOP
54 East Ave. Tel. 2414, Bronxville, N. Y.
DOLLY AND DORIS TEA ROOM AND
CAKE SHOP
Daily Luncheon and Dinner
Sunday Supper
Bronxville 8172 20 Studio Arcade

M. KALIN, TAILOR AND FURRIER
CLEANING, DYEING AND PRESSING
Gleason Avenue Bronxville, N. Y.

MISS WILLIAMS
Gift Shop
59 Pondfield Road Bronxville, N. Y.

THE LILLY BEAUTY SHOP
MANICURING - HAIRDRESSING
WAXING
Decorate 1155 40 Bogues Ave.

East Elmhurst
WEINBERG'S MARKET
High Grade Meats, Poultry and Poultry
Antelope, 1155, 1155, 1155, 1155
Telephone, 1155, 1155, 1155, 1155

THE BAUST BAKERY
BIRTHDAY AND WEDDING CAKES
A SPECIALTY
205 So. Fourth Ave. Oak 9074

MISS MARIE SCHIEFER
PERMANENT WAVING SHAMPOOING
MANICURING
12 East First St. Tel. Oakland 9999

EGGERT & AGINS
JEWELRY
Fine Watch Repairing Jewelry Remodeled
17 So. 4th Ave. Phone Oakland 9161

EDNA-LEE PICKETT
Teacher of Piano and Theory
STUDIO: MASONIC TEMPLE
Rm. 1001 Hillview 1124-M

THE BAUST BAKERY
BIRTHDAY AND WEDDING CAKES
A SPECIALTY
205 So. Fourth Ave. Oak 9074

NEW YORK

Far Rockaway

WATKIN W. JONES, Inc.
Real Estate and Insurance Agency
1919 Mott Avenue Tel. Far Rock. 17

Fort Edward

FRED A. DAVIS
Insurance and Real Estate
Crane Building, Fort Edward, N. Y.

Cedarhurst, L. I.

M. RICKMANN
GROUPEES-DELEGATES
Central Ave., Cedarhurst, L. I. Tel. Oak. 0404-4071

Hempstead, L. I.

February
Clearance
Sale
at
Wolfson's
Dresses, Coats, Millinery, Hosiery
Underwear
GREAT REDUCTION IN PRICE
78 South Main Street 22 Main Street
Freeport, L. I. Hempstead, L. I.

Berkley Shoe

"Better Shoes for Women and Men"
FOR MEN
BERKLEY-JUST-WRIGHT
ARCH PRESERVER SHOES
20 Main St., Hempstead, L. I.

Jamaica, L. I.

E. V. Brand & Son, Inc.
Real Estate and Insurance
103-18 Jamaica Ave. Phone Jamaica 2888
"Where Service and Courtesy Meet"

Woodmere, L. I.

MRS. B. R. MATTHEWS
REAL ESTATE
3 Irving Place Tel. Cedarhurst 3220

Mount Vernon

GEORGE HOWARD, Inc.
GOOD HARDWARE
HOUSE FURNISHINGS
SPORTING GOODS
46 SO. 4TH AVENUE
PHONE: OAK 7067-7068

ATTRACTIVE three and four-room apart-
ments now vacant in Mount Vernon Court.
Mount Vernon's newest high class apartment
building - few minutes to main station, school,
shopping, etc. Select families only. Reason-
able rent. Apply
R. R. RAGETTE, Realtor
16-18 E. 1st St., Mount Vernon, N. Y.

BON TON DAIRY
Butter and Eggs
157 So. Fourth Ave. Tel. Oak. 9031
Hotels and Restaurants Supplied
PEOPLE'S MARKET
A. Schaefer, Prop. Meats, Poultry, Poultry
and Sea Food, 2 So. Fifth Ave., Near First
St., Mount Vernon, N. Y.
FitzGibbon's Storage Warehouse
Local and Long Distance Moving
Packing, Crating and Shipping
46 South Fifth Ave. Phone Oakland 8577

McCAW'S LINEN STORE
Telephone Oak. 6123 19 So. 4th Ave.

WALTER F. OZMON
Furniture Contractor
9 East Second Street, Mount Vernon, N. Y.
Phone Oakland 6805
Box, Phone Hillview 170-W

MRS. PAULINE B. SCHAFFNER
REAL ESTATE
Attractive, well-built houses for sale; fur-
nished or unfurnished homes for rent.
212 Hawthorne Terrace Phone H. C. 5865

ACME PAINTING CO.
Hedley Svaldsen, Prop.
227 So. Fifth Ave. Tel. Oak. 8162

THE LITTLE FOLKS SHOP
Infants', Children's and Misses' Wear
Specializing in the Baby, Misses' Holiday
9 South Fourth Ave. Tel. Oakland 5409

The Mount Vernon Trust Company
MOUNT VERNON, N. Y.
Resources Over \$14,000,000
We invite your Banking Business
CHARLES J. SCHOEN
INSURANCE
F. A. MURRAY AGENCY, Mt. Vernon, N. Y.
Tel. Oak. 9437 & 8

N. J. SCHAFFNER
Linen Dyeing and Cleaning Est.
Goods Called for and Delivered. Quick Service.
Phone Hillview 2000, 23 Prospect Ave.
MT. VERNON, N. Y.

Phone Oakland 9122
PROSPECT MARKET
W. F. SCHAFFNER, Prop.
Choice Meats, POULTRY & PROVISIONS
33 Prospect Ave.
Phone Oakland 9175 360 East 8th St.

PHILIP MILLER
TAILOR
Mount Vernon, New York

MME. E. BLAND
For Style, Quality, Service in
Clothes, Suits and Gowns
22 So. 4th Avenue

MISS MARIE SCHIEFER
PERMANENT WAVING SHAMPOOING
MANICURING
12 East First St. Tel. Oakland 9999

EGGERT & AGINS
JEWELRY
Fine Watch Repairing Jewelry Remodeled
17 So. 4th Ave. Phone Oakland 9161

EDNA-LEE PICKETT
Teacher of Piano and Theory
STUDIO: MASONIC TEMPLE
Rm. 1001 Hillview 1124-M

THE BAUST BAKERY
BIRTHDAY AND WEDDING CAKES
A SPECIALTY
205 So. Fourth Ave. Oak 9074

NEW YORK

Mount Vernon

(Continued)

February Clearance
SALE
"Best shoe values in town"
\$5.75 to \$6.75
Formerly to \$12.00
A. J. Rice Co.
Phone Oak 9225
MT. VERNON, N. Y.

KAPLAN'S MARKET
A. KAPLAN, Prop.
53 South Fourth Ave., Mt. Vernon, N. Y.
Branches:
471 No. 5th Ave., Mt. Vernon
70 Pondfield Road, Bronxville
T. T. BRUCKMAN, Gen. Manager
Yard and Dock Tel. Oak. 7047

THE HERMEDE CO.
High-grade Furniture House
145 South Fourth Avenue
MOUNT VERNON, N. Y.
Telephone HILLCREST 3318
Charge Accounts Opened

COAL
URBAN COAL & SUPPLY CO., Inc.
COAL THAT IS ALL COAL
T. T. BRUCKMAN, Gen. Manager
Yard and Dock Tel. Oak. 7047

New Rochelle
JAMES H. TATCHELSON
HARPER Method of Shampooing
Tatichelson is not expecting
104 North Ave. New Rochelle, N. Y.
M. & A. LIBERMAN
HARDWARE - TOOLS - PAINTS
HOUSE FURNISHINGS - BUILDERS' HARDWARE
601 Main Street Tel. 530

New York City
WATSON & CO.
Est. 1837
DIAMONDS - WATCHES
JEWELRY
12 MAIDEN LANE Cortlandt 2802

MAYELN
HAIRDRESSING ESTABLISHMENT
Permanent Waving by The Nestle Lanoil
Process. Harper Avenue 12 Cortlandt
On Park Francis
MAY C. BUSICK
2478 Broadway (2nd Fl.) Tel. Riverside 2919

Studebaker
CARS
Broadway at 108th Street
PLEASE SEE MR. LANNAMANN
Residence Bay 7072 Wada 5414

QUALITY PRINTING
A. F. ROTH PRESS
167 East 57th Street Lenox 4258
MIMEOGRAPHING, TYPING, ADDRESSING
LOCAL WORK
ALSO FOR RENT - Dress room, mail privileges
and private office adjoining
USHER & MILUM
205 Fifth Avenue Murray Hill 7013-2811

HYGRADE EMPLOYMENT SERVICE
AGENCY
250 West 125th Street
Specializing in experienced colored couples
for city and country; first-class butlers, cooks
and housekeepers; references certified. Call
Morningside 7555.

HAUCK BROS.
PRINTING
MULTIGRAPHING - MAILING
68 FULTON STREET BREKMAN 7600

PAULINE'S KIDNIE SHOP
SPECIALIZING IN INFANTS' AND CHILDREN'S
WEAR
2 East 125th Street New York City
CREAMER ADVERTISING AGENCY
Advertisements collected for any paper; main
office rates. Madison, N. Y. 205 5th Ave.
(125th) Margaret W. Creamer, Prop.

FANCY MEATS AND POULTRY
BENNO SELLIG
1085 3rd Ave., near 94th St. Lenox 8307

Addressing - Mailing. Careful attention at orders
BUSINESS SPECIALISTS CO.
507 Fifth Ave., Room 404, Murray Hill 3421

PLUMBING & HEATING
NICHOLAS FEHLINGER
131 Spruce St. Bookman 1831

CARDS - PICTURES - FRAMING
UNIQUE DIFFERENT
THE MOTT SHOP
141 Cedar Street Rector 3710

New York City - The Bronx
Save Carfare, Postage, Time and Money by
Depositing in the
FORDHAM SAVINGS BANK
2480 GRAND CONCOURSE
First South of Fordham Road
Open Monday and Friday Evenings, 7 to 9
"Fordham's Friendly Bank"

Joseph's
MEN'S SMART
HABERDASHERY AND HATS
NORTHWEST CORNER
FORDHAM RD. & CROTONA ST., BRONX
Telephone BRONX 7885

Edith & Curry
BEAUTY SHOPPE
PERMANENT WAVING HAIR CUTTING
STYLING, WAXING, HAIR CUTTING, ETC.
2516 Grand Concourse Tel. Raymond 8047
Near Fordham Road

EVANDER ART SHOP
CHAS. J. SCHWAGE, Prop.
Pictures and Picture Framing
2456 Jerome Avenue near Fordham Road

THE QUALITY SHOPPE
Men's Furnishings and Hats
H. F. SCHWIDING
44 East 107th St. at Jerome Ave. Sub. Station
Telephone BRONX 8147

THE BOB AND BETTY SHOP
We specialize in Infants', Children's, and
Misses' Wear
221 East Fordham Road Tel. Kellog 10454

CORSETS
GLOVES
THE FLORENCE SHOP
2 West Fordham Road, Near Jerome Ave.
HOBART

Richmond Hill
TOLLEY'S
Cantilever Shoes
For Men and Women
(REX SHOE CO.)
112-114 Jamaica Ave.

ICE SERVICE CO., INC.
(Incorporated)
Jamaica Ave. & 121st St. Tel. Virginia 8800

COAL AND ICE DELIVERED
Anywhere in this vicinity
Ice delivered all over Greater New York

NEW YORK

Richmond Hill

(Continued)

HENRY BAHRENDURG, INC.
Rich Hill 4200-4201
115-19 Jamaica Ave., near 118th St.
QUALITY MEATS

Schenectady

SCHENECTADY
CLOTHING CO.
313-315 State Street
Sam Anley, Prop. Sam Jr. Treas.

CORTLEY CLOTHES
KUPPENHEIMER CLOTHES
SEPARATE SECTION FOR MEN
JUST WRIGHT SHOES
FURNISHINGS
Furniture
Rugs and Draperies

H. S. BARNEY COMPANY
"Schenectady's Greatest Store"
OFFICE SUPPLIES AND
PICTURE FRAMING
at "The City's Greeting Card Centre"
JOHNSON'S GIFT SHOP
107 Jay Street (next to Mendenhall Market)

THE WALLACE CO.
Always Reliable
Everything for personal wear and
for the Home
417 STATE STREET Phone 2760

Telephone 7111
OLD FIELDS - HOWE - FIRESTONE
THE QUALITY TIRE SHOP
QUALITY AND PRICE
IN NEW CITY'S CENTER
FINE LINENS, EMBROIDERIES, GIFT WARE
Designing and Stamping
YE VANITIE TREASURE SHOPPE
A distinctive place to shop.
G. E. VAN VORST CO., INC.
PLUMBING, HEATING, ROOFING AND
HARDWARE
47 Mohawk Ave. South Phone 7311

GEORGE ZELLER
WALL PAPER AND PAINT
1083 State Street Phone 4092

THE PLAZA LUNCH
GOOD THINGS TO EAT
814 State Street
Next Door to Schenectady Trust
Walter S. Wood Coal Co.
COAL AND WOOD
Phone 2309 Down Town Office - 2 Lorraine Block
YE COPPER KETTLE CANDIES
MADE BY COBRA L. HARBARDEN
IN NEW CITY'S CENTER
278 State Street Phone 94

SAFETY FIRST AGENCY
Insurance and Real Estate
120 Wall Street Phone 220

RINDFLEISCH
CLEANER AND DYER
118 Jay St., Schenectady Phone connection

HOLTZMAN'S
QUALITY CLOTHES - SINCE 1871
230 State St. Phone 3485

Syracuse

HYGELA ICE SCRANTON COAL
EDWARD RICE, INC.
GENERAL OFFICES
121 E. Water Street
SCRANTON COAL HYGELA ICE

MUNCY'S MARKET
High Grade Meats
Fancy Fruits and Groceries
114 WEST JEFFERSON

BRAMER & HUDSON
JEWELERS
First-class watch and clock repairing
215 So. Warren St. Up one flight
GENERAL INSURANCE
Surety Bonds
R. A. VANDERMEULEN
607-8 Keith Bldg. Telephone 3-0323

DUNHAM & HOLMES
Millinery - Hosiery
Toilet Requisites
447 E. SALINA STREET

ARTHUR B. FROST
Onondaga Jeweler
ONONDAGA HOTEL BUILDING
806 SOUTH WARREN STREET

HARPER SYSTEM
OF HAIRDRESSING
GRACE BUTT FLORA WOODMAN:ER
Clark Mktg. Bldg. Phone 2-2775

HENRY KECK
Stained Glass for Churches and
Residences.
206 W. GENESEE ST.

BAKED GOODS DELICATESSSEN
MOTHER'S CUPBOARD, INC.
"MOTHER'S CUPBOARD MAYONNAISE"
OUR SPECIALTY
117 W. Jefferson St. 208 E. Genesee St.

McCormack's Boot Shop
INC.
FOR MEN AND WOMEN
200 E. Fayette St.
Buy Rugs in a Rug Store
If it is for the floor we have it.
JOHN J. HAND
Tel. 2-1002 329 So. Warren St.

Sunflower Restaurant
204 E. ONONDAGA STREET
Near Court House Circle
E. R. QUINNAN'S
FLORIST
Flowers for all occasions
"One store call" - 400 South Warren St.
Telephone Warren 0000 - 5000 Syracuse, N. Y.

WHEN YOU THINK OF
FLOWERS
THINK OF
BULTMANN
151 JAMES ST.

E. M. MEATYARD CO., INC.
FANCY GROCERIES, MEATS, FRUIT AND
VEGETABLES
Phone: Warren 211, 211, 211, 1023
210 So. Warren St. Opp. Post Office
STRAUCH, N. Y.

Harriett's
HANDMADE CANDY
228 So. Warren Street
WILLIAM H. HALL
PENNSYLVANIA OIL AND GASOLINE
1111 Dickinson Street
Branch Warehouse, 203 E. St., Utica, N. Y.

THE CHRISTIAN SCIENCE MONITOR

BOSTON, TUESDAY, FEBRUARY 10, 1923

"First the blade, then the ear, then the full grain in the ear"

PUBLISHED BY THE CHRISTIAN SCIENCE PUBLISHING SOCIETY

EDITORIALS

The International Opium Conference at Geneva is still in session and there are optimists who predict that before its adjournment it will adopt certain of the policies urged so strenuously by the American delegates.

Results of the Opium Conference

Why not have done this before? The American withdrawal was no hasty action taken in a moment of pique. It had been foreshadowed, if not precisely threatened, for weeks. Presumably, the delegates were all informed as to the limitations imposed upon the Americans by the Act of Congress authorizing their participation in the conference. That act recounted the circumstances which led to the League of Nations becoming the agency for the enforcement of the Hague Opium Convention and went on to declare that:

Whereas, As the result of conferences in January, May and September of 1922, between the representatives of the United States and governments represented by the League of Nations, the latter governments agreed that the United States' construction of the Hague Opium Convention, as provided in Public Resolution numbered 96, Sixty-Seventh Congress, approved March 2, 1922, represented the objects which the treaty was intended to accomplish, and that any other construction would render the treaty ineffective and of no practical value; accordingly, it was decided:

1. If the purpose of the Hague Opium Convention is to be achieved according to its spirit and true intent, it must be recognized that the use of opium products for other than medical and scientific purposes is an abuse and not legitimate.

2. In order to prevent the abuse of these products, it is necessary to exercise the control of the production of raw opium in such a manner that there will be no surplus available for nonmedical and nonscientific purposes.

The conference had been in session nearly three months when Representative Porter, chairman of the American delegation, despairing of obtaining any acquiescence in the American viewpoint, withdrew and left Geneva. The day following, Alfred Soe, Chinese Minister at Washington, and chief of that Nation's delegation, followed the American example, citing similar reasons for his withdrawal. It is significant that the conference has thus been despairingly abandoned by the two nations which suffer most from the evil of narcotic drugs. The nations which, either themselves or in their dependencies, produce those drugs, remain at Geneva and control the conference.

Criticism is already expressed of the American withdrawal before the conference had actually declared precisely how far it was willing to go. But it is quite apparent from the text of the Act of Congress that Mr. Porter was subject to strict limitations of authority. Himself a very distinguished member of Congress, being chairman of the House Committee on Foreign Affairs, he was able to understand the precise distance he might go in the direction of conciliation and surrender. Convinced after three months of patient negotiation that nothing approaching the American position would be accepted, he withdrew. No other action was open to him. If the act should shock those representatives still remaining into adopting a program partially in accord with the American contentions, the withdrawal will have accomplished more than continuance in conference promised to do.

Up to the moment of the American withdrawal, it had been impossible to secure a ratification of the fundamental proposition that opium production should be limited strictly to what is needed—or what the medical profession thinks is needed—for medical and other scientific purposes. Nations interested in the production of the drug, such as India, Persia and Turkey, protest against the acceptance of this proposition as an unwarrantable invasion of their domestic rights and liberties. The curious proposition was put forward by one or two of these governments that they might consider the abandonment of poppy culture if the United States would make them large loans with which to finance the establishment of some new agricultural industry, as, for example, the cultivation of the sugar beet.

The British delegates opposed any immediate action, for either the restriction of the production of opium or the prohibition of opium smoking in India, on the ground that such regulation would be impracticable of enforcement. Between the insistence of the Americans that it is impossible to prevent narcotic drugs from being smuggled into the United States, and the equally positive declaration of the opium-producing countries that limitation of production to medical and scientific demands is equally impossible, the whole project for correcting the narcotic drug evil by international agreement bids fair to fail.

Nevertheless, the conference has not been futile. It has impressed upon the consciousness of the world the magnitude and gravity of the narcotic drug problem. It has shown the nations willing to reach an international agreement on the subject, though still divided as to the fundamentals of such agreement. Above all, it has brought into new and world-wide discussion the question of the moral right of any nation to encourage and protect within its borders an industry the product of which destroys the health, saps the manhood and overthrows the intellect of its users in other lands. It has raised again the question, put steadily by the "Rum Row" of liquor ships off the New Jersey coast, whether moral questions are limited by national borders.

Associations for the definition and maintenance of ethical codes are becoming increasingly numerous, in all the varied professions and businesses. It is a salutary tendency of the times, to be welcomed and commended. Some of these organizations, as for example the American Society of Newspaper Editors, already in existence for several years, are as yet only in their beginning stages, and their potential benefits are not yet fully realized. But a right start has been made!

Organizing for Co-operation

News is now received of such a mutual effort by representatives of American colleges and their governing boards, faculties, and related bodies, who assembled at Northampton, Mass., last week to formulate policies with respect to the academic freedom of teachers.

Here is an important field indeed, properly comparable with that of newspaper publication in the vital character of the issues for good or ill which may proceed from wise and just self-regulation, or the lack of it. The daily newspaper is recognized by editors as a quasi-public utility which, while maintaining the liberty of the press, is not licensed to pursue any other policy than to serve faithfully the whole community. So the university and college, as fountains of learning where no influence shall be allowed to restrict teachers in the conscientious exposition of their subjects, must maintain certain self-imposed prohibitions.

"A university or college should not place any restraint upon a teacher's freedom in investigation," the report of the policies adopted reads, "or upon his exposition of his own subject in the classroom, in public lectures or in published articles, except in denominational institutions where specific limitations have been accepted in advance by the teacher." This cardinal policy alone is well worth the utmost effort necessary to secure its official recognition and universal observance. Yet it must in fairness be qualified in certain respects to prevent its abuse, for no teacher can expect to enjoy an advantageous post in a reputable institution and not be amenable to appropriate limitations as dictated by the combined judgment of his fraternity and of experienced executive officers.

The advantages of organization and agreement, however, are equally obvious in regulating all these collateral details. Elected representatives to official conferences can adequately present the views of the different parties concerned, and in impersonal discussion can formulate and adopt an ideal policy applicable to any prevalent situation. When published as the official dictum of an authorized conference, its respect and enforcement similarly become impersonal and regular, to the mutual advantage and satisfaction of all.

The ethical motive underlying these representative associations is the surest guarantee of their permanence and fruitfulness. Cannot their scope be further extended with equally good results? All the important details of working conditions, compensation, and promotion deserve to be considered and decided in the same manner and from the same standpoint—that of equity and the general welfare. Association for these purposes may well be conceived in a spirit of co-operation, not necessarily in that of group self-defense or class antagonism. In that direction lies the shortest and surest road to harmonious progress and abundant success.

Concurrently with the introduction of a resolution in Congress proposing an inquiry by the Federal Trade Commission into the prices of bread and wheat, comes the announcement that during the last year, and particularly within recent months, the mean level of living costs in the United States has advanced perceptibly. Rumors have been current for several days that there is to be a sharp advance in the price of bread sold by the large bakery concerns. Housewives who keep an appraising eye on the family budget and upon the prices of staple commodities at the grocery and market, have realized for some months that the steady trend of quotations has been upward. The recent advance in the price of gasoline has convinced nearly everyone else that there is some basis to this claim.

Those who buy bread will be told that the higher price is charged because of the greater cost of wheat and wheat flour. But probably there will not be forthcoming an explanation as to why it is that the prices asked for several years, and which were established during the war, at the time wheat reached about the high point now quoted, were never perceptibly shaded even when the price of wheat on the farm was so low that it could not be grown profitably. And it is just there that the whole trouble begins. Prices of most commodities, once advanced to a new high level, are seldom lowered. Voluntary concessions by distributors and dealers are made grudgingly, if at all. As a matter of fact they are seldom made. But let a new emergency arise which causes an advance in raw material, in labor, or in transportation, and the added cost is immediately passed on to the public.

It is true that shortly before the election in November last the price of gasoline was materially reduced. At the same time there was a marked advance in the market price for most of the surplus crops which the farmers had for sale. It was a happy combination of events, and one which, it may be presumed, had some influence in swinging the so-called wheat states of the west away from the belief that unless some radical political change was wrought in Washington the ruin of the farmers was foreordained. It is interesting to note, however, that the price of wheat has continued to advance, and that the price of gasoline was not raised until several weeks after the election.

There is the reasonable and pertinent inquiry as to why, under economic conditions now prevailing, there should be, along the whole line, an advance in living costs. Taxes are being lowered, generally speaking. Overhead costs of production and distribution are no higher than a year ago, if indeed they are as high. Rents continue high, but the tendency is downward rather than upward. The small store keeper will insist, if interrogated, that the fault is not his. Usually his account books verify this claim. But the fault unquestionably lies somewhere along the line of distribution. If the responsibility is not individual, then it is collective. The inclination is to believe that the system itself is at fault. There are too many who are endeavoring to make a living profit by handling small stocks and catering to a limited neighborhood trade. Behind them are too many wholesalers and jobbers who, it has been charged, arbitrarily limit the volume of perishable commodities handled, preferring, wherever possible, to make their percentage of

The Advance in Living Costs

profit on minimum rather than maximum bulk. Until the people of the United States are ready to undertake the solution of this economic problem, which must be found, sooner or later, in some plan of co-operative buying and selling, they probably will be faced, just as they are faced today, by steady but almost imperceptible advances in living costs. The law of supply and demand seems to have little bearing upon the problem as it is here presented.

Now the promise is made that an expedition carrying the American flag, and assured the protection of the Peruvian Government, will explore the ancient city of Cuzco, the capital of the Incas, and other lost cities, where, according to tradition, there lies buried untold wealth, the pure gold used in profusion by the most progressive of the original Indian races. Interest in this search has been aroused by a scholarly individual whose name is Inco Tito Cusi Ticcapato, or in Spanish, Alberto Valenzuela Rosell, who claims the distinction of having descended directly from the race which established in Peru, centuries before the coming of the Spaniards, a magnificent civilization. He professes to have learned, by some process or tradition as yet undisclosed, the secret which will unlock the fabled treasure houses where the wealth of his remote forbears is buried.

One of those most interested in the proposed explorations is Mrs. Fanny Bandler, who is anxious to continue the studies of remnants of the Inca civilization so long pursued by her husband, Amos F. Bandler, a famous archaeologist. It is in the pursuit of this study, rather than in the search for buried treasure, that Mrs. Bandler, who will head the expedition, will devote her attention. Her Inca guide, however, makes no secret of the fact that he will search for gold. Just why he should, by virtue of a remote and perhaps a somewhat hazy inheritance, possess knowledge that has been withheld for centuries from other students and investigators, does not appear. It remains for him to make good his claim that he does hold this age-old secret.

More than mere tradition, however, establishes the fact that the members of this ancient tribe were the possessors of great wealth. Fact and legend combine to convince students of the history of that early period that rich gold mines lie practically undeveloped in the vicinity of the buried capital city. But it may be that the picture painted by this swarthy son of the south has been sketched in too vivid colors. "Gold to the Incas," he is quoted as saying, "was as the clay of which you make pottery is to your people. All things were of gold. The Inca houses were covered on the inside with gold. Thin sheets of gold were in the Inca wallpaper. All table utensils, spoons, forks, cups—these were gold, too. Because the gold was in the ground, it was everywhere." Then comes the interesting information, circumstantially verified by writers and students of Inca history and traditions, that those people made no use of gold as money, because money was unknown to them. As Mr. Rosell, as he is called, expresses it, "My people did not have money. They had everything for their needs. They had farms and they helped one another. Everyone had all that was needed, houses, food, clothing. So they had no use for gold as money."

Those of every succeeding generation look back upon the civilization of all preceding generations and pronounce it crude. Such comparisons may sometimes prove disturbing and disillusioning. There remain in the vast areas over which the Inca people held dominion for centuries the remnants of buildings which could not have been planned and erected by any save those who had attained an excellence that, for want of a better name, must be called civilization. Their social and educational structure was untouched by European influences. They knew nothing, perhaps, of what are denominated today as socialism, or democracy, or culture. Perhaps they had not gained, however, in all their development, a right concept of man, his origin, and his destiny. It may be that this picturesque student who claims to have descended from that ancient race has gained some perception of what possibly was withheld from his forbears. If he has not, it must remain for some less sympathetic commentator, a member of an alien race, to write the sequel to the somewhat vague record left by the vanished Inca tribesmen.

Editorial Notes

At a time when reports are prevalent that the differences of opinion which have been aroused at the International Opium Conference at Geneva have rendered the parley a failure, it is encouraging to learn that views to the contrary are held by one whose opinion is of considerable weight. Such a man is Dr. Charles H. Brent, bishop of the Episcopal diocese of Western New York, who recently returned from Geneva, where he was a member of the American delegation. In an address in Rochester, N. Y., the other day he said in part:

In the first place, the conference has created a public opinion that could not have been aroused by any other means. It has focused the attention of the world on the subject of drug control.

You can be assured that there is going to be no cessation of effort to bring about an international regulation of the opium traffic. I have absolutely no doubt that what we hope to do at present will, eventually, be done.

Mr. Porter has done a magnificent piece of work at the Geneva Conference.

One cannot avoid a thrill on reading the recent statement of W. J. Showalter of the National Geographic Society of Washington, D. C., that conservative natural scientists believe that the people of America will be able to "see in" as well as "listen in" on the inauguration of the successor of President Coolidge in 1929. He was discussing the results of the recent eclipse radio tests, and said in part: "Vacuum tubes can now take the infinitesimal bit of energy these light waves possess after spanning a continent—a bit of energy no greater than a billionth of that expended by a fly in crawling up a window pane—and 'stepping them up' and amplifying them, make them capable of producing a room-filling sound." And after such a description, does the possibility of radio movies seem so impossibly remote?

A Descendant of the Incas

The Diary of a Political Pilgrim

By A LONDON CORRESPONDENT

Opium, as a drug, is supposed to have a soothing effect. Opium, as a political question, seems to be able to arouse a most intense bitterness and excitement between both individuals and nations, or at least the nations of the international opium conference now sitting at Geneva would so indicate. This violence of feeling is one of the principal obstacles to effective suppression of the evil.

It is largely due, however, to partial ignorance about the facts and about the real attitude of other nations concerning the problem. It may conduce, therefore, both to unity in action and to a more temperate discussion if this week I attempt to state the view of the more responsible anti-opium people in England.

First of all, they say, it is necessary to recognize what the opium evil really is. It takes three forms. There is opium eating, a very ancient practice, especially in the Orient. Opium eating is generally regarded here as being rather less harmful than liquor drinking, and is in great measure regarded as medicinal in lands where modern medicine is unorganized or unknown. Then there is opium smoking, a vice which has rather more serious evil effects than the alcohol habit.

Finally there is addition to the drugs derived from opium, such as morphine and heroin. This latter habit is simply calamitous in its consequences and results in the destruction of both moral sense and physical health. This, the greatest opium evil, is a Western invention, apparently specially serious in the United States.

The elimination of the opium evil must necessarily, it appears, be gradual and can be effected only through a double process—on the one side the education of public opinion in all countries, and on the other the effective control of the production and traffic in opium by the governments of the world. The two go hand in hand, for without the support of public opinion, governments cannot enforce control and without control public opinion is ineffective.

Education along these lines is going on actively everywhere. There are anti-opium societies in practically all countries. The Chinese progressives, in particular, have long conducted a courageous campaign against the smoking evil, the particular vice of their country, a campaign which at one time for awhile was almost completely successful.

Public controversy, however, at the moment centers about the problem of government control. The fundamental American proposition, that the only way of controlling the evil, and especially of preventing the manufacture of the deleterious derivative drugs, is to limit the production of raw opium to what is demanded for medicinal and scientific purposes, is now shared by all responsible authorities. The whole difficulty turns on the problem of giving effect to it.

An initial cause of friction is the inevitable difference of view which arises between the non-opium producing countries which desire the suppression of the opium evil but have no direct responsibility for the execution of anti-opium decrees, and the opium-producing countries which also desire suppression but are faced with the practical problems of enforcement.

The practical difficulties are very great. There is first the resistance of long ingrained habits. A minority or even a majority may favor suppression, but, as all prohibition countries have found, there is a very wide difference between legislation and effective enforcement, and this is doubly true where pressure for reform is coming from public opinion outside rather than from public opinion within.

Then there is the fact that opium does appear to meet a human need today. In India, for instance, opium is still looked upon by the untouchable masses as a curative agent and as an alleviator of pain. To attempt to prohibit its use before an effective alternative has been made available and the people taught its use, would simply be cruel.

Then there is the difficulty of smuggling. Prepared opium, and especially the derivative drugs, are extraordinarily difficult to smuggle, because of their small bulk. The gradual suppression of production in one country will be ineffective unless the production is also diminishing in neighboring lands. The officials in the Straits Settlements, for instance, affirm that they have reduced the consumption of opium locally by between 30 and 40 per cent, but that to try and force its further reduction at present would do more harm than good because it would make worth while the opening up of illicit channels from

The World's Great Capitals: The Week in Berlin

Berlin, Feb. 10
The financial scandals in Berlin continue and another politician has apparently become involved. The latest victim of the Barnat bank affair is Dr. Anton Hoffe, a member of the Roman Catholic Party. He was Minister of Posts under the Marx régime and yesterday he resigned his seat in the Reichstag. It will be recalled that Gustav Bahr, a member of the German Democratic Party, and at one time Chancellor of Germany, took a similar step a couple of days ago. Dr. Hoffe, a few days ago, resigned his seat in the Reichstag temporarily, on certain rumors becoming current, and he has now made his resignation permanent.

In all Berlin shops, big and little, stocktaking sales are much in evidence during the middle of January. The public, eager for bargains, through the department stores and stand two deep before the windows. The Berliners have grown critical and are less inclined than they were formerly to be deluded into purchasing rubbish. The more circumspect shopkeepers are aware of this and act accordingly; others, less wise, all their windows with goods of poor quality, made to catch the unwary eye, and label them at exorbitant prices. On the whole, prices are still higher than in any other city in Europe, this particularly applying to textiles and some articles of food. The store owners, nevertheless, are expressing satisfaction at the results of the sales.

The popular daily newspaper known, ironically, as "B.Z." (Berliner Zeitung) is again giving a great impetus to aviation by arranging a circular competitive flight for 1925. The same paper started this type of competition before the war and offered the first prize. The main object of the 1925 undertaking is to provide an incentive for the building of small, practical airplanes of 40 to 80 horsepower, suitable for overland flight. The Boker prize is, however, also for a plane of 80 to 120 horsepower; the Richthoven prize is specially offered to

China through which far more opium would enter than is at present the case through the regulated channels.

Finally there is the revenue problem. The Indian Government has declared that revenue considerations do not influence its policy in dealing with opium. But the Singapore administration derives some 40 per cent of its income from opium duties. And Persia, which also is largely dependent on opium taxes, has announced that it can only take vigorous action against the poppy, if the United States and other countries which most desire the suppression of its growth in their own interests, will help to bear the cost by loans or subsidies, with which to create alternative crops.

The world opium problem today revolves around two central facts. The first is the situation in China. Unfortunately political anarchy has, for the moment, largely undone the splendid effort of the earlier years of the century. The production of the poppy in China today, often actively encouraged for revenue purposes by the tuchuns, is a menace to the whole world. It is estimated that more than two-thirds of the world supply of raw opium is produced in China, and it is believed that the amount is still increasing. There is every reason to believe that the better elements in China will gradually reassert their power and that opium production will once more be steadily repressed. But Chinese production dominates the world problem today.

The second fact is that the great bulk of the opium from which the drug derivatives are made is grown in Persia, Turkey, and the Balkans, the poppy there grown having a high narcotic content.

Looking at the problem from the purely British end, opinion here is mystified by the vehemence of the attack made in America on India. India hardly enters into the international drug problem at all, for the reason that Indian opium is hardly ever used for the production of the derivative drugs, the most crying evil, because its narcotic content is too low.

Further, whatever may have been the record of the British Government in India in the days of the opium war nearly a century ago, its record of late has been exceptionally good among opium producing countries. Its measures for the suppression of opium smoking in Burma have been successful as those of the United States in the Philippines. It exercises a strict and efficient control over the whole traffic in opium in India. And it exports opium only to other governments and on their own requisition, and that export constitutes only a tiny fraction of the whole international trade.

The Indian question is mainly an internal question, that of how quickly, in co-operation with the legislatures, it can reduce the consumption of opium among the Indian people.

A much more real complaint can be made against the British in Singapore and the Straits Settlements and Hong Kong. These areas do not produce opium, but there comes a reason for thinking that the local administrations might do more to discourage consumption than they do. The reply which they give that their difficulties are due to the recrudescence of opium production in their next door neighbor, China, has validity, but not, perhaps, as much as they think.

It is a case where British progressive opinion welcomes the declaration made by Lord Cecil at Geneva that the British Government will undertake to suppress opium smoking throughout the Eastern territories under its control within fifteen years of the date when the situation in neighboring producing countries makes it possible to deal with the smuggling evil.

Looking at the problem as a whole what are the chief impediments to success? First, there are the active agents in the propagation of the evil, the people who profit by the traffic and are in active collusion with liquor bootleggers, white slave traffickers, and similar profiteers from vice. Secondly, there are the governments which make promises which they cannot or do not intend to fulfill. Thirdly, there is bureaucratic resistance, the excessive caution of those who see the difficulties so clearly that they come to believe that they cannot be overcome. And fourthly, there is the confusion raised by the anti-opium fanatics, both here and abroad, who refuse to recognize the difficulties at all and advocate the complete abolition of opium, while those who are intent on accomplishing the next practicable step.

Among the signs of improved times is the dissolution, with the new year, of the organization known as the Wucherpolizei, literally, the police against the suppression of unwholesome trading. This institution was a necessity after the war, particularly during the inflation period, when the profiteer flourished and Germany's finances were chaotic. The stabilization of the mark has rendered the activities of the Wucherpolizei superfluous, and its breaking up, which has been gradually taking place for some months past, is greeted in the business world with gratification as another symptom of Germany's return to normal conditions.

Two interesting travelers, Bapasola and Bhungara, spent a couple of days here not long since. They are Parsi noncommissioned officers of the Second Pioneer Regiment in Bombay, and are on a bicycling tour round the world. They are members of a sporting club in Bombay, which they left on Oct. 15. Since then they have covered 20,000 kilometers, passing through the Persian and Arabian deserts to Egypt, thence through Italy, Switzerland and Austria to Budapest, Prague and Berlin. The average distance daily covered was 100 kilometers, the maximum distance over 200. The travelers, who appear none the worse for their adventures, which have been very numerous, go next to Holland, Belgium and England, and thence by ship to America, and finally return home via Japan and China.

Letters to the Editor

Brief communications are welcomed, but the editor must remain sole judge of their suitability, and he does not undertake to hold himself or this newspaper responsible for the facts or opinions presented. Anonymous letters are destroyed unread.

An American Ambassador to the League?

To the Editor of The Christian Science Monitor:

Recent discussions at the International opium conference in Geneva have opened up anew the problem of adjusting the official relations of the United States and the League of Nations. The necessity of arranging for the co-operation of the United States and the Council of the League in the appointment of the central board of control to supervise international traffic in narcotics has raised the question of the United States being represented permanently at Geneva by an observer or ambassador.

Such an official would have, in relation to the League of Nations, somewhat the same status as the American observer with the Reparations Commission. He would follow the action of various League commissions in matters of interest to the United States and might, in certain circumstances, act in co-operation with such bodies. It appears that an accredited representative could do this without entailing any responsibilities or obligations on the United States in the political questions handled by the League. In event of American adherence to the Permanent Court of International Justice, this plan would provide a convenient modus operandi for the election of judges. At present the judges are chosen by the Council and the Assembly, and an American representative could sit with those bodies for purposes of election without in any way entangling his country in their legislative activities.

Even more immediate needs for some permanent official representing the United States at Geneva—whether he be called a representative, observer or ambassador—continue to appear. Scarcely a month passes that Geneva does not witness an international conference in which the United States is deeply interested. On many of the commissions Americans have co-operated unofficially, but effectively. In certain cases, however, it has been necessary for the United States Government to designate temporary representatives, and they have had to act without the authority or *savoir faire* a resident official would possess.

Geneva may not be the capital of a superstate in the political sense, but it is already the center of extremely important nonpolitical international co-operative endeavors and the depository of world statistics. Prime ministers and premiers find it worth while to sojourn beside the blue waters of Lac Lemman, can the United States continue to deny to Geneva the importance of a fourth-rate capital? In Teheran, in Managua, in Abadan there are United States missions; at Geneva, Anchorage, and Seattle there are the Stars and Stripes. Canada is a member of the League, with a delegate to the Assembly, yet it has appointed a permanent representative who is at present acting for it in the opium conference. May it not well be that the United States is ready for a similar step, not only as an aid to more effective international co-operation, but as a protection for its own interests?

D. R.
Boston, Mass.